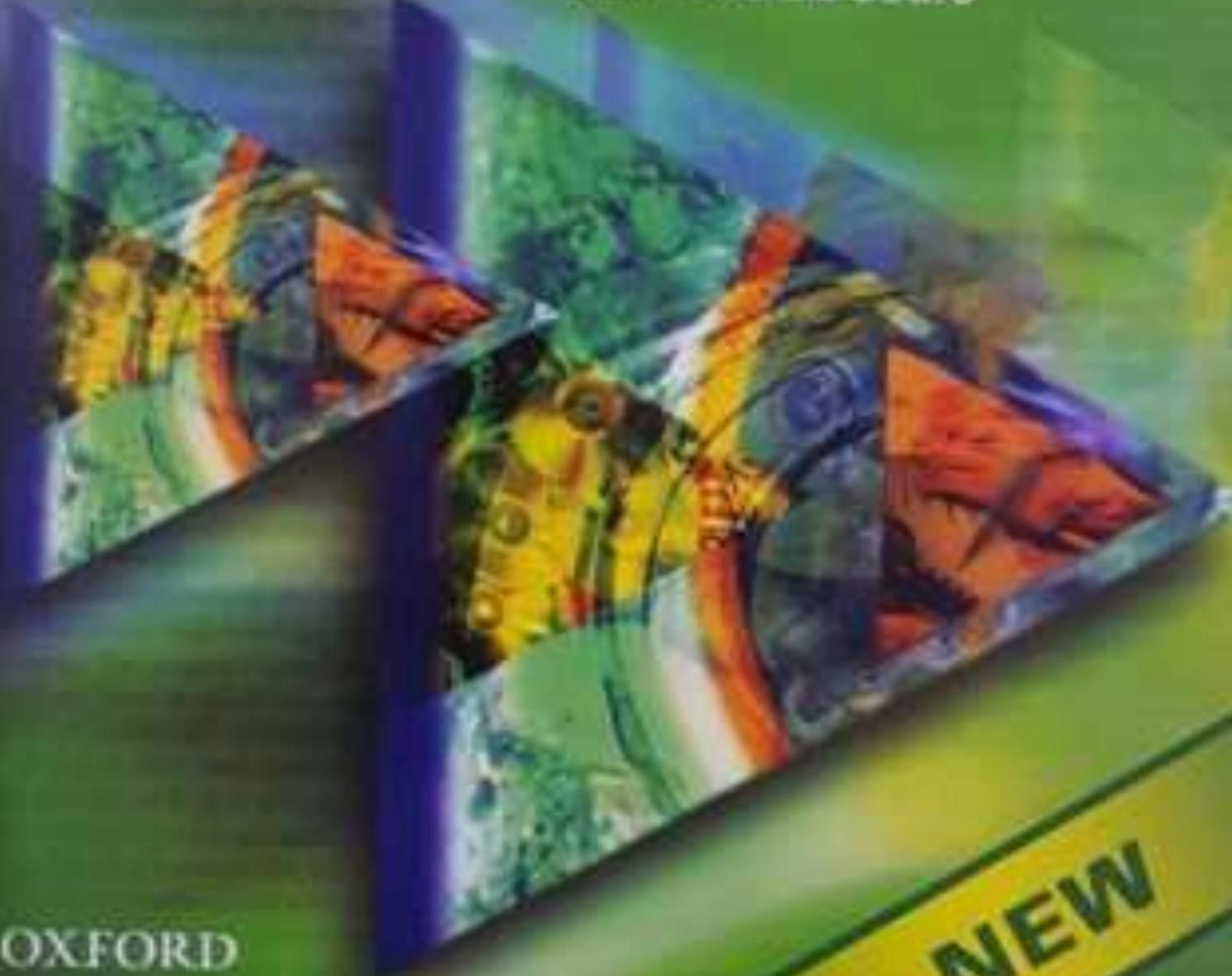


Beginner Student's Book

# New Headway Plus

John and Liz Soars



OXFORD

NEW

# 1

# Hello!

an/'tʃu:lə, ap/'ju:t / This is ... • How are you? • Good morning!  
What's this in English? • Numbers 1–10 • Phrases

## LET'S LEARN

1 Listen. Say your name.



## WHAT'S YOUR NAME?

am/'ænə, mæj/your'

1 Listen and learn.

Paula Hello! I'm Paula. What's **your** name?  
Ahmed My name's Ahmed.  
Paula Hello, Ahmed.

2 Listen and repeat.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

I'm a ...  
... name is ...  
What's ...? What's ...?

3 Stand up and practice.

Hello, I'm ...  
What's your name?

My name's ...



# INTRODUCTIONS

This is ...

1 Read and listen.



Ben Hello, this is Ahmed.  
Ahmed, this is Ben.

Ahmed Hello, Ben.  
Ben Hello, Ahmed.

Nice to meet you

1 Read and listen.



Judy Hello. My name's Judy Kilmer.  
Robert Hello. I'm Robert Smith.  
Nice to meet you.  
Judy And you?

1 Listen and repeat.

4 Practise in pairs. Say your first names and surnames.

A Hello. My name's \_\_\_\_\_.

B Hello. I'm \_\_\_\_\_.  
Nice to meet you.

C And you?

5 Listen to the English names.

Jonathan Robert James Henry Scott

Lucy Maria Anna Louise Katherine Sarah

Choose a name. Stand up and say hello.

1 Listen and repeat.

2 Practise in groups of three.



# HOW ARE YOU?

1 Read and listen.



- A: Pablo Hi, Ben. How are you?  
Ben Fine, thanks. Pablo And you?  
Pablo I'm OK, thanks.

- B: Ben Hello, Alfred. How are you?  
Alfred Very well, thank you. How are you?  
Ben Fine.

2 Listen and repeat.

3 Answer your teacher.

A: Hi, ... How are you?

Ben, thanks.

Fine, thanks. And you?

4 Stand up and practice.

Very well, thank you.

Hi, thanks.

## GRAMMAR SPOT

How are you?

You ...

How ... and?

This ... who?

See Grammar Reference (12-13 p.11)

4 Complete the conversations.



A: Hello, ...认识 Anna.  
... your teacher.

B: ... Me.



A: Max, ... is Carla.

B: Hi, Carla.

C: Hello, Max. ... in next  
year.



A: Hi, Edie ... are you?

B: Fine, thanks, David.  
And ... ?

A: ... well, thanks.

5 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.



# VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

What's this in English?

1 Write the words.



a book



a laptop



a TV



a phone



a bus

a book

a camera

a car

a photograph

a computer

a bag

a burger

a television

a phone

a sandwich

a bus

a house



a car



a sandwich



a burger



a camera



a bus



a bag



a house

2 Listen and repeat the words.

3 Listen and repeat.

## GRAMMAR SPOT

is / are

What's this in English?

It's a photograph.

Work with a partner. Point to a picture. Ask and answer questions.

4 Go to things in the room. Ask your teacher.

What's this in English?

It's a



# 2 Your world

Countries • he/she/they his/her • Where's he from?  
Famous/city/beautiful • Numbers 11–20

Find your country on the map on page 18. Hat these countries on the map.

Australia Brazil Spain China England France Italy Hungary Japan Korea Spain South Africa

## 1 Listen and repeat.

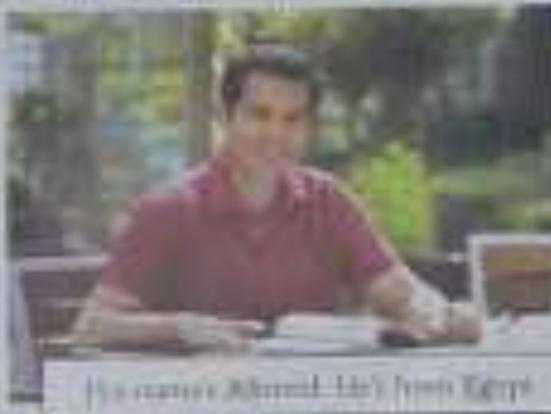
### SHE'S FROM JAPAN

he/she, his/her

## 1 Listen and listen.



## 1 Read, listen, and repeat.



## 1 Listen and repeat.

### 2 Where are you from? / I'm from ...

Where are you from?

I'm from ...

Where ...?

## GRAMMAR SPOT

He's / She's

He's / She's

B-B Grammar Reference 11–12 p12

# QUESTIONS

Where's he from?

- 1 Complete the sentences about the people.

He... name's **Karen**.  
He's from the United States.



She... name's **Laura**.  
She's



She... name's **Karen**.  
She's



She... name's **Taylor**.  
She's



**D** Listen and check. Repeat the sentence.

name's **Emily**. She's

**C** Listen and repeat the sentence.

name's **James**. He's

**B** Listen and repeat the sentence.

name's **Tony**. He's

**A** Listen and repeat the sentence.

name's **Hayley**. She's

114 Listen and check. Repeat the sentence.

115 Listen and repeat the questions.

What's his name?

Where's he from?

What's her name?

Where's she from?

1 Ask and answer questions about the people in the photographs.

What's his name?

His name's **Kevin**.

Where's he from?

He's from the United States.

## GRAMMAR SPOT

1 Where's...? Where is...?

2 Complete the questions with a verb.

Where \_\_\_\_\_ the United States?

Where

Where \_\_\_\_\_ the United States?

►►► Grammar Reference 1.1 p12

## PRACTICE

### Cities and countries

- 1 Where are the cities? Ask and answer.

Where's Barcelona?

It's in Spain.

Barcelona

São Paulo

Beijing

Sydney

Moscow

Damascus

Cairo

Budapest

Los Angeles

London



- 2 Listen and check.

- 3 Work with a partner.

Student A: Look at the photo on this page.

Student B: Look at the photo on p. 40.

Ask questions and write the answers.

What's his/her name?

Where is he/she from?



### Talking about you

- 4 Ask about the students in the class.

What's his name?

His name is Eason.

Where is he from?

He is from China.  
Shaanxi.



The man's name  
is Li from Shandong.



## Questions and answers

4 Listen and complete the conversation. Practise it.



Rosie: Hello, I'm Rosie. What's your name?

Bruno: My name is Bruno.

R: Hello, Bruno. Where are you from?

B: I'm from Brazil. You're from São Paulo?

R: Yes! I'm from São Paulo, too!

B: Oh, nice to meet you, Rosie!

5 Listen and write the questions.

1 Claudio: Name Akemi

2 James: Name Paul

3 Emma and Sam: Name

6 Match the questions and answers.

1 Q: Where are you from?

A: Hi, I'm French.

2 Q: What's her name?

A: Her name is Akemi.

3 Q: What's his name?

A: He's in Canada.

4 Q: Where's her friend?

A: She's from Japan.

5 Q: What's the adjective?

A: Fine, thanks.

6 Q: How are you?

A: Her name's Tatiana.

7 Q: Who's Marcell?

A: It's a computer.

8 Listen and check.

Work with a partner. Take turns to answer the questions and give the answers. Practise them.

### Check it

9 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

My name is ...

My name is ...

My name is ...

My name is ...

What's my name?

What's my name?

What's his name?

What's his name?

What's her name? Name:

What's her name? Name:

What's his name? Name:

What's his name? Name:

# READING AND SPEAKING

Where are they from?

1 Read and listen.



This is a photograph of Claude and Holly Dene from Montreal in Canada. They are on holiday in New York City. Holly is from Canada and Claude is from France. They are married. Holly is a teacher. Her school is in the centre of Montreal. Claude is a doctor. His hospital is in the north of Montreal, too.

2 Complete the sentences.

- 1 Holly is from \_\_\_\_\_ in Canada.
- 2 She's a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 Her \_\_\_\_\_ is in the centre of Montreal.
- 4 Claude is from \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 He's a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 His hospital is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of Montreal.
- 7 They're \_\_\_\_\_ in New York.
- 8 They are \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Write questions with What...? and Where...? about Claude and Holly. Ask a partner.

What \_\_\_\_\_?      Where ...?       
Where ...?      Where ...?

## GRAMMAR SPOT

### Who/Whom

We \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.

He \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor.

They \_\_\_\_\_ from Canada.

Grammar Reference 24 p.121

4 Listen to Claude and Holly. Complete the conversations.

- C Oh, no! Look at the weather!  
H Ugh! It's rainy.

- H Wow! Look at me!

It's rainy!

- C My umbrella is ... here!

- C What's the building?

- H It's the Empire State Building!

It's ...

- C What's here in Central Park?

- H It's ...



Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## numbers 11-30

1 Say the numbers 1-10 round the class.

1 Listen, read, and repeat.

**11**

**12**

eleven

**13**

thirteen

**14**

fourteen

**15**

fifteen

**16**

**17**

sixteen

**18**

seventeen

**19**

eighteen

**20**

nineteen

twenty

Say the numbers 1-10 round the class.

3 Name the numbers your teacher says. Say the numbers over teacher's voice.

4 Match the numbers.

**21**

twenty-five

**22**

twenty-seven

**23**

twenty-one

**24**

twenty-eight

**25**

twenty-two

**26**

twenty-four

**27**

twenty-nine

**28**

twenty-three

**29**

thirty

**30**

twenty-six

4 Listen and repeat. Say the numbers 1-10 round the class.

5 Listen and tick (✓) the numbers you hear.

1 22 12 ✓ 10 20

2 27 15 16 14

3 21 29 19 9

4 11 7 17 27

5 23 3 13 30

6 Work with a partner.

Student A Write five numbers. Say them to your partner.

Student B Write the missing numbers 14-28.

7 Look at the pictures. How old is he/she?

I think she's about 10 months.

How old do you think I am?



8 Listen and find out.

## 3

## All about you

jobs • am/is/are/are • Negatives and questions • Personal information • Social expressions

1 Match the jobs and the pictures.

a doctor a nurse a teacher a mother a shop assistant  
a bus driver a businessman a police officer a builder



1 a Teacher



2 a Doctor



3 a Police Officer



4 a Bus Driver



5 a Businessman



6 a Shop Assistant



7 a Nurse



8 a Shop Assistant



9 a Teacher

**LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

**READ** Read the questions and answers. Listen and repeat.

What's his job? He's a teacher.



What's her job? She's a doctor.

Look at the pictures. Ask and answer questions with a partner.

1 What's your job? Ask and answer.

What's your job?

I'm a student.

I'm a shop assistant.

## HE ISN'T A STUDENT

Negatives – he isn't

1 Look and read.



Student? Teacher?



He isn't a student. He's a teacher.



Nurse? Doctor?



She isn't a nurse. She's a doctor.

**LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

2 Look at pictures 1–9 again. Make more negative and positive sentences.

He/She isn't a ... He/She is a ...

## GRAMMAR SPOT

He's a teacher.

b + s

She isn't a nurse.

not + s / es

# PERSONAL INFORMATION

## Questions and answers

- Look at the photo and read Kiran's profile.

**friendspace**

Kiran Patel

Surname:	Patel
First name:	Kiran
Country:	England
Address:	29, Victoria Road, Birmingham
Phone number:	07700 955031
Age:	20
Job:	Student
Married:	No

Kiran's Photos

- Complete the questions and answers.

- What's his surname? Patel.
- What's his first name? Kiran.
- Where's he from? England.
- What's his address? 29, Victoria Road, Birmingham.
- What's his phone number? 07700 955031.
- How old is he? He's 20.
- What's his job? He's a student.
- Is he married? No, he isn't.

**1.14** Listen and check. Practise the questions and answers.

- 1.15** Read and listen. Then listen and repeat.

- Is Kiran from Japan?  Yes, he isn't.  
Is he from China?  No, he isn't.  
Is he from England?  Yes, he is.

- Ask and answer questions about Kiran.

- Is he from London? Liverpool? Birmingham?
- Is he 16? 18? 20?
- Is he a teacher? a doctor? a student?
- Is he married?

- Complete the sentences.

- Kiran isn't from Japan.  
He's from England.
- His phone number is 07700 955031.  
It is 07700 955031.
- He is 18. He isn't 20.
- He isn't married.

## 5 STUDENTS WALK FOR CHARITY

Negatives – I'm not, they aren't, we aren't

- 1 Look at the pictures. Who are the people?
- 2 Listen and complete the questions.
- 3 Listen again and check. Practise the conversations.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

#### 1 Negative

I'm not from Scotland. The boy – I am not.  
They aren't from Ireland. They aren't – They are not.  
We aren't worried. We aren't – We are not.

#### 2 Short answers

Are you from Scotland? Yes, I am./No, I am not.  
Are they from Ireland? Yes, they are./No, they aren't.  
Are you worried? Yes, we are./No, we aren't.

▶▶▶ Grammar Reference 33 p124

### 3 Answer the questions.

- 1 Are Paul and Donny brothers?
- 2 Are they from Scotland?
- 3 Are the other boys from Ireland?
- 4 Is it a difficult walk?
- 5 Are the boys worried?

▶▶▶ Listen and check. Practise the questions and answers.

### 4 Practise the interview in groups of three.

### Talking about you

#### 5 Ask and answer the questions about you.

Are you from Scotland?

No.

Are you from Ireland?

Yes.

Are you a student?



- I Hi! Are ... me ... the boys from the National University?
- P Yeah! Yes, we are.
- I Great! And ... Donny McNabb?
- P No, I'm not. I'm Paul McNabb. This is Donny. He's my brother.
- I Ah, yes, sorry! Hi, Donny. You're a student from Scotland, right?
- D Well, yes, I am a student, but I'm not from Scotland.
- I Oh, where ... from?
- P We're from here – Ireland.
- I ... the other boys from Ireland too?
- D No, they aren't. They're all from different countries.
- I Oh! Interesting! And ... all students?
- D Yes, they are. We're all ...
- P Yeah, we're all students at the National University of Ireland, in Galway.
- I Interesting! Now, this walk is difficult. Twelve mountains! 'Bens' in three days! Are you worried?
- D No, it's very difficult, but we aren't worried!
- I OK boys! Nice to meet you. Good luck to you all!
- All Thank you very much.

## The 12 'Bens' Charity Walk

## PRACTICE

### Is he a businessman?

1 Look at the pictures of Tarek and Grace. Where are they?

2 Listen to the conversations. Complete the chart.

First name	Tarek	Grace
Surname	Olivieri	Dow
Country	Libya	
City/Town		
Phone number		212 636 9875
Age	42	
Job		Cashier assistant
Married?		

3 Listen again and check.

4 Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- Is Tarek from Tripoli?  
Yes, he is.
- Is Grace from Dubai?  
No, she isn't.
- Is he a businessman?  
Yes, he is.
- Is he 42?  
Yes, he is.
- Is he married?  
No, he isn't.
- Is Grace a nurse?  
Yes, she is.
- Is she the till?  
Yes, she is.
- Is she married?  
Yes, she is.

5 Talk about Tarek and Grace.

Tarek is from Tripoli. His surname is ...

Grace is from ...



### Talking about you

6 Complete the questions.

- 1 What's your first name?
- 2                    surname?
- 3                    you from?
- 4                    phone number?
- 5 How old                ?
- 6                    job?
- 7                    married?

In groups, ask and answer the questions.

### Writing

8 Write about another student. Read it aloud.

Her name's ... She's from Jordan ... Her phone number is ...

### Check it

7 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1  She's name's Nora.  
 Her name's Nora.
- 2  Her job is teacher.  
 She's a teacher.
- 3  His phone number is 798542.  
 His phone number is 798542.
- 4  I'm not a doctor.  
 I amn't a doctor.
- 5  They aren't from Italy.  
 They're no from Italy.
- 6  She is no married.  
 She isn't married.

## READING AND LISTENING

### The charity walk

1 Look at the picture and read. Where are the boys?

## HELLO! WE'RE ON A MOUNTAIN!

The boys are all students on a charity walk in Ireland. They are from different countries. Paul and Denny McNab are from Ireland, they are brothers. Bo Olson is from Sweden. Ronan Wilson is from Australia and Keith Massey is from England.

Now they are on Benbulben, a mountain in Ireland. They're on the phone to a newspaper journalist.

Journalist: Hi, guys, where are you?

Boys: Hi, we're on Benbulben. It's beautiful!

Journalist: And how are you?

Boys: We're all fine! It's fantastic here!

Journalist: Are you tired?

Boys: No, we aren't. We're very happy and excited.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

We're on a mountain. *WE ARE* - *WE ARE*

We aren't tired. *WE AREN'T* - *WE ARE NOT*

►► Grammar Reference 1.3 p24



### 2 Answer the questions.

- 1 Are all the boys students?
- 2 Are they all brothers?
- 3 Are they all from Ireland?
- 4 Where are they now?
- 5 Are they happy?

### 3 Read about the boys again. Correct the information.

- 1 The boys are on holiday.

They wasn't on holiday! They're on a charity walk!

- 2 They're in Scotland.

- 3 Bo is from Australia.

- 4 Keith is from Sweden.

- 5 They're on the phone to a friend.

- 6 They're very tired.

**LISTEN** Listen and check. Practise the answers.

### Interview on a mountain

4 **LISTEN** Listen to the complete interview and underline the correct answer.

- 1 They are/aren't their first walk for charity.
- 2 The money isn't/is for an animal charity.
- 3 The boys are/aren't at the same university.
- 4 Ronan is 18/22.
- 5 Bo and Keith are both 18/19.
- 6 Denny and Paul are/aren't both 20.

### Roleplay

5 Work in groups. Go to tapescript 3.10 on page 118. Practise the interview.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## Social expressions (1)

1 **LISTEN** Listen and look at the pictures.



OK sorry

- A I'm sorry.  
B That's \_\_\_\_\_



Please, please

- C A coffee.  
D That's all.  
E \_\_\_\_\_ very much.



Excuse a lot over there

- F G \_\_\_\_\_ well.  
Where's the station?  
H In \_\_\_\_\_  
I Thanks.



kind very much OK

- J G Thank you. \_\_\_\_\_  
That's very. \_\_\_\_\_  
H That's \_\_\_\_\_



don't understand sorry

- K L Quite busy. \_\_\_\_\_  
I Do. \_\_\_\_\_ I \_\_\_\_\_



don't know Excuse

- M N \_\_\_\_\_ said.  
Where's the town centre?  
O I'm sorry. I \_\_\_\_\_

2 Complete the conversations with the words in the boxes.

**LISTEN** Listen again and check.

3 Work with a partner. Learn the conversations. Stand up! Act the conversations.

# 4 Family and friends

our/their • Possessive's • The family • has/have • The alphabet

## STARTER

- 1 Complete the chart.

I	you	he	she	we	they
my				our	their

- 3 Talk about things in the classroom.

This is my book.

This is our class.

This is her bag.

## MY FAMILY

### Possessive 's

- 1 Read and listen.

#### Annie's family



## ANNIE TAYLOR

This is Annie Taylor. She's married, and this is her family. Their house is in London. She's a doctor. Annie's hospital is in the centre of town.

Jim is Annie's husband. He's a bank manager. Jim's office is in the centre of town, too.

"Our children are Emma and Vince. Emma is 15. She's at Camden High School. Vince is 19. He's at the University of Westminster. We're all happy in London."



## GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 She's married. She's a doctor. *She is*  
 2 This is her family.  
 This is Annie's family. *She is the family of Annie*
- 3 His *Jim's* office      her *Emma's* school.

►► Grammar Reference 4.3–4.3 p124

### 2 Answer the questions.

- 1 Is Annie married? *Yes, she is.*  
 2 Where's their house? \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 What's Annie's job? \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 Where's her hospital? \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 What's Jim's job? \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 Are their children both at school? \_\_\_\_\_

►► Listen, check, and practise.

Annie's hospital



## Who are they?

3 ►► Listen and repeat.



mother daughter sister wife

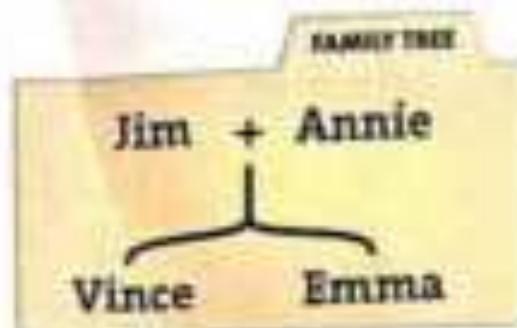


father son brother husband



parents children

### 4 Look at the family tree.



►► Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 Annie is Jim's wife.  
 2 Jim is Annie's husband.  
 3 Emma is Annie and Jim's daughter.  
 4 Vince is their son.  
 5 Annie is Vince's mother.  
 6 Jim is Emma's father.  
 7 Emma is Vince's sister.  
 8 Vince is Emma's brother.  
 9 Annie and Jim are Emma and Vince's parents.  
 10 Emma and Vince are Jim and Annie's children.

►► Listen again and check.

### 5 Ask and answer questions with a partner.

Who's Vince?

He's Emma's brother.

He's Jim's son.

### 6 ►► Listen to the five people. Who are they?

1 Annie

Came on. Email Tim for school

2 \_\_\_\_\_

3 \_\_\_\_\_

4 \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_

# PRACTICE

## An American family

- 1 **TAB** Listen to Michela Sacchi from Chicago.  
Complete the information about her family.

	Name	Age	Job
Michela's brother	Maurizio		
Michela's mother			
Michela's father			



- 2 Complete the sentences.

- 1 Maurizio is Michela's brother.
- 2 Her            name is Maria.
- 3 "What's          job?" "He's a businessman."
- 4 "Where's          house?" "It's in Chicago."

- 3 Write the names of people in your family.

John/Gina...

Ask and answer questions with a partner.

Who's John/Gina?  
He's/She's my brother/sister...  
  
How old is he/she?  
He's/She's ...  
  
What's his/her job?  
He's/She's a ...

my/our/your ...

- 4 Complete the sentences with my, our, your, ...
- 1 "What's your name?"  
"He        name's Anais."
- 2 "What are        names?"  
"Our names are Emma and Vince."
- 3 Jean-Paul and André are students.  
       school is in Paris.
- 4 "My sister's married."  
"What's        husband's name?"
- 5 "My brother's office is in New York."  
"What's        job?"
- 6 "We're in        English class."
- 7 "Mom and Dad are in Rome."  
"What's the name of        hotel?"

**TAB** Listen and check.

## ANNIE'S BROTHER

has/have

- 1 **1,4,5** Look at the pictures. Read and listen to Paddy. Who are the people?
- 2 Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)?
- 1  Paddy's hotel is in England.  
It isn't in England. It's in Ireland.
  - 2  His wife has a job in a hospital.
  - 3  Annie is Paddy's wife.
  - 4  Their hotel is very big.
  - 5  Paddy and Shona have three children.
  - 6  All their sons are at university.
  - 7  Jim and Annie have a son and a daughter.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

Complete the forms of the verb have.

- I  have We   
You  They   
He  has  
She

►► Grammar Reference 4.4 p114



Paddy McNab  
and his family

"We're from Ireland. I have a small hotel in the town of Galway. My wife's name is Shona, and she has a job in town. She's a nurse. We have three sons. Paul, Donny, and Connor. We have an apartment in the hotel. Our son Paul and Donny are students at the National University of Ireland, here in Galway. Our son Connor is only 13. He's still at school. My sister, Annie, and her husband, Jim, have a big house in London. They have two children, a son and a daughter. Jim has a very good job."

- 1 **1,4,5** Listen and complete the sentences.  
Practise them.

- 1  There  a small hotel  in the city of Galway.
- 2  There  in town.
- 3  There  three sons.
- 4  There  an apartment  the hotel.
- 5  There  houses in London.

- 6 Write sentences about your family.  
Tell the class.

We have a house in the centre of town.

I have two sisters.

My mother has a brother.

My father has a sister.

My brother has a brother.

My sister has a brother.

My brother has a sister.

My sister has a sister.

My brother has a brother.

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&lt;

## PRACTICE

### has/have

1 Complete the sentences. Use has or have.

- 1 I **have** two brothers and a sister.
- 2 My parents **have** a house in the country.
- 3 My wife **has** a Japanese car.
- 4 My sister and I **have** a cat.
- 5 You **have** a very nice family.
- 6 Our school **has** fifteen classrooms.
- 7 We **have** English classes in the evening.

2 Talk about your school.

**Our school is fantastic!**

**We have six classrooms.**

**We have ten students in our class.**

### Questions and answers

3 Match the questions and answers.

- |   |                               |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> How is your daughter? | e Smith.                      |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> What's your sister's job?        | f He's a student from Madrid. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> How old are your children?       | g It's in the centre of town. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Who is Pedro?                    | h She's very well, thank you. |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Where's your office?             | i They're ten and thirteen.   |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> What's your surname?             | j She's a nurse.              |

**1.4.3** Listen, check, and practise.

### Check it

4 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1  Maryam's children are married.  
 Maryam's children are married.
- 2  What's your daughter's name?  
 What's your daughter's name?
- 3  What's her job?  
 What's her job?
- 4  They're from Germany.  
 They're from Germany.
- 5  Their parents have a house in Paris.  
 Their parents have a house in Paris.
- 6  My brother have a good job.  
 My brother has a good job.
- 7  We have a lovely teacher.  
 We have a lovely teacher.

## READING AND WRITING

### My best friend

1 Read about Antonia. Check the new words in your dictionary.

2 Match the photos with a part of the text. Who are the people in the photos?

## My friend Antonia

- a My best friend's name is Antonia - Toni for short. She's very beautiful and she's really funny. She's 18, and she's a student at university in London. She has a lot of friends and a great flatmate. Her name is Valerie, she's 19 and she's also at university.
- b Toni is from the north of England. Her parents have a house in a village near Manchester. Her father is an accountant, and her mother has a part-time job in a bank.
- c She has a brother and a sister. Their names are Mark and Alison. Mark is 16 and Alison is 14. They're both at school.
- d Toni has a lot of clothes. Her favourite designer is Anna Sui, and her favourite shop is Top Shop. She likes shopping. She and Alison like shopping a lot. She also likes football. She and her brother, Mark, are big Manchester United fans.

*When we're together, we have a really good time.*



**3 Underline the correct information.**

- 1 Tim is ... a student / a nurse / funny / beautiful / married.
- 2 Tim has ... two sisters / a brother / a husband / a flatmate / a lot of clothes.
- 3 Valerie is ... Tim's brother / Tim's partner / great / an actress.
- 4 Mark is ... Tim's brother / Tim's partner / a Manchester United fan / at school.
- 5 Tim's parents have ... a house / an apartment / one daughter / three children.
- 6 Tim likes ... Top Shop / shopping / Marshall / Valises.

**4 Listen to the people. Who are they?**

1 Tim

Look at these shoes, Alison! They're fantastic!

2 \_\_\_\_\_

3 \_\_\_\_\_

4 \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_

6 \_\_\_\_\_

7 \_\_\_\_\_

8 \_\_\_\_\_

**5 Work with a partner. Talk about Tim.**

Tim's a student. He's very ...

**Writing**

- 6 Write about a good friend – his/her family, job, favourite shop and sport, ...**

My friend's name is ...

Her/His parents ... She/He's ...

Her/His favourite ... She/He has ...

She/He likes ...

Read it to a partner.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## The alphabet

**Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff**

**Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm**

**Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss**

**Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz**

- 1 Look at the letters of the alphabet.

**LISTEN** Listen. Practise them.

- 2 **LISTEN** Listen and practise the groups of letters.

/æ/ a b j k	/əʊ/ o
/ɪ/ b d e g p t r	/ɔ:/ qu w
/e/ f l m n s z	/ʊ/ ʌ
/ʌ/ i y	

How do you spell...?

- 3 **LISTEN** Listen to people spell their first name (Ann) and their surname (Taylor). Write the names.

1 ANN TAYLOR  
2 \_\_\_\_\_  
3 \_\_\_\_\_

- 4 Practise spelling your name with a partner.

**How do you spell your first name?**

**A-N-N-A**

**How do you spell your surname?**

**S-O-W-H-I-N-E**

- 5 Work with a partner. Ask and answer *How do you spell...?* with words from the text about Antonia on p28.

**How do you spell 'friend'?**

**F-R-I-E-N-D**

- 6 Put the letters in the correct order. What's the country?

**NEFACB**

**FRANCE**

**ADYLI**

**BNLAIED**

**NAPAI**

**LASARUTAI**

**AYREI**

**GANEILDN**

- 7 Read the letters aloud. What are they?

**DVD**

**UK**

**KSA**

**BBC**

**US**

**PC**

**WWW**

**UAE**

**TV**

**LISTEN** Listen and check.

On the phone

1 Listen to two short conversations and look at the business cards.

#### Conclusion

- A: Good morning. Lesson International.
  - B: Hello. The Manager, please.
  - A: Certainly. And your name is?
  - B: Hamad Al-Habhi.
  - A: How do you spell your surname?
  - B: H - A - M - A - D - A - L - H - A - B - H - I.
  - A: Thank you. I'm connecting you.

#### **• Photo Story Review**

Good morning Mr. Bertling. My name

### **Construction 2**

- B** Good afternoon. The King School of English,  
**M** Hanoi. Can you give me some information about  
your school, please?

**B** Of course. Your name is?

**M** Mayumi Matsuda.

**B** M-e-y-u-mi ... Sorry, how do you spell your surname?

**M** M - O - R - I - O - K - A.

**B** Thank you. What's your email address?

**M** It's [morioka@redmantis.vn](mailto:morioka@redmantis.vn)

**B** I'll email you some information today.

**M** Thank you very much. Goodbye.

3 **Task** Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 What company is he/she phoning?
  - 2 What does he/she want?
  - 3 How do you spell his/her surname?
  - 4 What's his/her email address?

Practice the conversation.

### *Final adhesion*

- ### 1. Writing down our small influences

- 1. [ ]** Enter and complete the email address.

1. pass \_\_\_\_\_ @outlook.net  
2. Family \_\_\_\_\_  
3. Paul \_\_\_\_\_ manolio \_\_\_\_\_

What's your email address? Tell a friend.



Navigation

- 8 Write your business card.  
Have conversations with a partner.  
Phone the bank / a hotel / a sports centre ...

1234567890  
1234567890  
1234567890  
1234567890  
1234567890

## 5

## The way I live

Sports/Food/Drinks • Present Simple - I/you/we/they • a/an  
Language and numbers • Numbers and pron

## LEARNER

T names the words and pictures.

football	volleyball	ping-pong	cards	Chinese food	coffee	juice	sandwich
new	old	interesting	boring	delicious	coffee	tasty	bad

## SPORTS



## FOOD



## DRINKS



1 Listen and repeat.

2 Tick (✓) the things you like. ○ Cross (✗) the things you don't like. ☺

## THINGS I LIKE

## Present Simple

1 Listen and repeat.

☺ I like ice-cream.



☺ I like football.



Say three things you like from pictures 1-15.

I like swimming, pizza, and juice.

## SUGGESTIONS

1 **LISTEN AND REPEAT.**

(1) I don't like beans.



(2) I don't like coffee.



4 Say three things you don't like from pictures 1-15 on p32.

I don't like oranges, coffee, or tea.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

**Positive** I like... / we like...

**Negative** I don't like... / we don't like...

5 **LISTEN TO HARVEY. CLASSMATE BIA KENNEDY.**

**HARVEY**



### SHOULD

I like... a lot. I like \_\_\_\_\_ and  
but I don't like \_\_\_\_\_ and I don't like \_\_\_\_\_  
very much.

### HOW AND DRINK

I like... and \_\_\_\_\_ And I like \_\_\_\_\_ food  
a lot. But I don't like \_\_\_\_\_ food and I don't  
like \_\_\_\_\_ I like \_\_\_\_\_ and I love \_\_\_\_\_

Questions: I, you, we, they

6 **LISTEN AND REPEAT.**

Do you like football? Yes, I do.

Do you like tennis? No, I don't.

7 Work with a partner. Ask and answer about sports, food, and drinks.

Do you like football?

Yes, I do.

Do you like beans?

No, I don't; but I like carrots.

8 **LISTEN. Harvey has a new album, Eva. Listen to them.**

What do they like? (L) What don't they like? (D)

What do they say? Write the adjectives.



exciting  
delicious  
great  
fantastic  
awful



### HARVEY/EVA

- |             |   |   |           |
|-------------|---|---|-----------|
| 1 pizza     | — | — | delicious |
| 2 ice cream | — | — | —         |
| 3 tea       | — | — | —         |
| 4 skiing    | — | — | —         |
| 5 football  | — | — | —         |

9 Talk about Harvey and Eva with a partner. What do they like?

They like pizza and ...

### GRAMMAR SPOT

**Positive** I/We/You/They like football

**Question** What do you/we/they like?

Do you/we/they like ...?

**Short answer** Yes, I/we/they do.

No, I/we/they don't.

►► Grammar Reference 5 & p25

## PRACTICE

### Reading and speaking

1. Look at the picture. What's Cotton's job?

### 1.11 Best and Worst in the West

**COLIN BRODIE FROM DUNDEE**

'Hello' My name's Colin Boulton. I come from Dundee in Scotland, but now I live and work in London. I have a very small flat near the centre. I live there with two friends. I'm a waiter and I'm also a student. I work part-time in an Italian restaurant. I eat Italian food and I drink Italian wine after dinner. I speak two languages - Spanish and French, but I don't speak Italian. And I don't play sports. I want to be an engineer.



1 **Q&A** Listen to the conversation with Colin.

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Questions	Colin's answers
1 Where do you live now?	I <u>live</u> ... from Scotland from Dublin.
2 Do you live in Ireland?	No, I <u>don't</u> ... I <u>live</u> ... and <u>work</u> in London.
3 Do you live with friends?	No, I <u>do</u> ... I <u>live</u> with two friends.
4 Where do you work?	I <u>work</u> ... in a Italian restaurant.
5 Do you like Italian food?	Yes, I <u>like</u> ... I <u>eat</u> it a lot.
6 Do you drink Italian coffee?	Yes, I <u>drink</u> ... coffee, but I <u>never</u> drink tea. I <u>like</u> it.
7 Do you like your job?	No, I <u>hate</u> ... I <u>hate</u> it.
8 Do you speak Italian?	No, I <u>don't</u> ... I <u>speak</u> Spanish and French, but I <u>can't</u> understand Italian.

**11.10** Listen again and check. Practise the questions.

### **3. About ~~new~~ the new ~~new~~ new**

• 1000 QUESTIONS

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100

••• Gamma Radiation (3.2 pCi/l)

### **Technical**

4. 100 m² = 10000 cm² = 1000000 mm²

A	B
have	Lithuanian food
live	south
work	in a flat
come	two brothers
eat	in a bar
dress	from Japan
Play	to be a millionaire
smoke	coffee
read	Arabic

A black and white photograph of a man from the waist up. He has short, light-colored hair and is smiling. He is wearing a light-colored button-down shirt and a dark tie. He is holding a small, light-colored dog in his left arm. The background is slightly blurred, showing what appears to be an indoor setting with shelves or bookshelves.

## Listening and speaking

5  Listen to these conversations.

Where is Colin? What says this from?

1. Roy: Colin, say your name.

2. I work here on Fridays.

3. Do you need to go out?

4. Do you have a lot?

5. I like your friend the bear.

6. Do you want to go out to your brother?

Look at  on p114. Practise the conversations in groups of three.

### Talking about you

6 Work with a partner. Complete the questions, then ask and answer them about you.

1. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you come from?

2. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ in a house or a flat?

3. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you work?

4. \_\_\_\_\_ you like your work?

5. How many languages \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_?

6. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ somewhere today?

7. What \_\_\_\_\_ do you like?

8. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ to be a millionaire?

### Check it

7 Tick off the correct sentence.

1.  Give me to Abu Dhabi!

Do you live in Abu Dhabi?

2.  Where do you come from?

Where you come from?

3.  Do you speak Arabic?

Are you speak Arabic?

4.  I don't speak Chinese.

I can speak Chinese.

5.  Do you like football? "Yes, I like."

Do you like football? "Yes, I do."

6.  He's a engineer.

He's an engineer.

# VOCABULARY AND PRONUNCIATION

## Languages and nationalities

- 1 Match the countries and nationalities.

England	Japanese
Germany	French
Italy	English
Mexico	American
Spain	Chinese
Japan	Italian
Portugal	Spanish
China	Mexican
France	German
the United States	Portuguese
Ireland	South African



D



E



- 2 Listen and repeat.

- 3 What nationality are the people in the pictures? Do you think?

I think they're Italian.

Well, I think they're French.

- 4 Match the countries and the languages to make the sentences.

In Portugal they speak Portuguese.

Portugal	German
Canada	Italian
France	Japanese
Germany	Portuguese
Italy	Spanish
Japan	English
Mexico	Turkish
Ukira	French
Turkey	Russian
Russia	Arabic

- 5 Listen and check.

- 6 Ask and answer questions with a partner.

What language do they speak in Portugal?

Portuguese.

## ADJECTIVE + NOUN

1 What is at Michael's in Brazil?



4 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

5 Write sentences about you. Use the verbs have, eat, and drink.

I don't have a bag, but I don't drink French wine.

7 Write questions, ask and answer with a partner.

Do you have an American car?

No, I don't.

No, I don't. I have a German car.

Do you drink Mexican tea?

No, I'm...

No, I don't.  
I don't drink tea.  
I can't like it.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

1 Adjectives come before the noun  
a **playmate** / **Chinese**  
**French** wine, not **orange** juice

2 We don't add -e to the adjective  
**Special** things, not **Special** things  
Most jeans, not **jeans**

► See Grammar Reference 3.3 p122

# LISTENING AND SPEAKING

## At a dinner party

- 1 Plastic and Trevor are at a dinner party in London.

**LISTEN** Listen to the conversation.  
Task (c) what Trevor says.

- 1  I work in London.
- 2  I don't work in London.
- 3  I live in London.
- 4  I don't live in London.
- 5  I'm a doctor.
- 6  I'm an engineer.
- 7  I speak English very well.
- 8  I don't speak English very well.
- 9  I like Italy.
- 10  I don't like Italy.
- 11  I know Naples very well.
- 12  I don't know Naples.
- 13  I like France very much.
- 14  I like England very much, too.
- 15  I speak French and Italian.
- 16  I don't speak Italian.

- 2 Look at **LISTEN** on p.13. Practise the conversation with a partner.



### Roleplay

- 3 You are at a dinner party. Work with a partner. What are the questions?

- Who's that? ...
- Where ...?
- ... you have a house or a flat?
- What ... job?
- Where ... work?
- How many languages ... speak?
- What sports ... you like?

- 4 Think of a new identity. Make notes to answer the questions in exercise 3.

- 5 Find out about other people at the dinner party.

JAMES BOND  
In Rio, Beijing, and London...  
Three very big apartments...  
A spy... All over the world...  
SIX - French,  
Skiing, ...



# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

How much is it?

1 Count from 1-100 round the class.

2 Listen and repeat.

10 ten    20 twenty    30 thirty    40 forty    50 fifty    60 sixty  
70 seventy    80 eighty    90 ninety    100 one hundred

Count in 100s as lots round the class.

3 Work with a partner.

Student A:  
Write some numbers.  
Use them in your questions.

ninety-six ...  
forty-five ...

Student B:  
Write the numbers you hear.  
32 - 46

4 Listen and listen to the prices. Practise them.

80p    97p    £1.75

58p    89p

78p    ninety-five p

£3 one pound

£10 twenty pounds

£7.50    twenty-five pounds

£1.60    one pound sixty

£3.45    three pounds forty-five

£22.00    twenty-two pounds eighty

5 Say the prices.

80p    97p    £1.75    67p    £2.50    £1.30    £1.80    £40.75    £26.99    \$28    \$50    £100

6 Listen and check.

7 Listen and tick (✓) the prices you hear.



2 1.90p  1.90p

3 0p  100

4 3000p  300p

5 1000p  100p



8 Ask and answer questions about the pictures with a partner.

How much is the cheese sandwich?

£2.99

## 6

# Every day

The time • Present Simple – he/she • always/sometimes/never  
 Words that go together • Days of the week

**STARTER**

- 1 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat. Write the times.



It's nine o'clock.



It's nine thirty.



It's nine forty-five.



It's ten o'clock.



It's ten thirty.



It's ten forty-five.



It's eleven o'clock.



It's eleven thirty.



It's eleven forty-five.



It's twelve o'clock.

- 2 **LISTEN** Listen to the conversation.

- A What time is it, please?
- B It's nine o'clock.
- C Thank you very much.

Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the time.



# WHAT TIME DO YOU GET UP?

Present Simple - I / you

I Listen to Lucy talking about her schedule.  
Complete the notes.



1 I get up at 6:00 / 7:45



2 I have breakfast at 7:30 / 8:00



3 I go to school at 8:00 / 8:45



4 I have lunch at 10:15 / 11:45



5 I have school at 1:30 / 4:45



6 I get home at 4:30 / 4:45



7 I go to bed at 10:00 / 11:30

1.1 Listen again. Practise the sentences.

2 Work with a partner. Talk about your day.

I get up at 7:30. I have breakfast at ...

3 7.44 Listen and repeat the questions.

What time do you get up?

What time do you have breakfast?

7

4 Work with another partner.  
Ask and answer questions about your day.

What time do you go to work?

I go to work at 8:30.

## ELLIOT'S DAY

Present Simple - he / she  
always / sometimes / never

- 1 Read about Elliot Madden and look at the pictures. Are his days busy?
  - 2 Read the sentences about his life. Then answer.
- 1 He gets up at 6:30 AM.
- 2 He has breakfast at
- 3 His son, James, is   and the family work together.
- 4 He has a long journey and a hard day at the office at
- 5 He always works late. He leaves work at
- 6 He comes home from work at 7:00 PM.   He has dinner at home at 7:30 PM.
- 7 He never goes out in the evening. He works all night because
- 8 He always goes to bed at   He watches television at bed.

**LISTEN** Listen to Elliot.

### WORKBOOK SPOT

- 1 Complete the verbs in sentences 1-4.

gets up  has

drives the last vehicle

**LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

- 2 Look at the verbs.

comes  goes  has

drives  arrives  leaves

Read about situations and cover in 1-4.

**LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

**WB** Grammar Reference 8.3-8.7 p128

### Pronunciation

- 3 **LISTEN** Listen to the pronunciation of *s* at the end of the verbs. Practise the verbs.

she	he	it
gets up	has	comes
wants	see	goes
eats	green	does

# A DAY IN THE LIFE OF ELLIOT MADDEN



6:00 AM

6:30 AM

1:00 PM

5:00 PM

6:30 PM - 11:15 PM

9:15 PM

9:30 PM - 11:15 PM

**ELIOT** lives in New York. He's 33, and a computer millionaire. He's the director of [www.eliot.com](http://www.eliot.com), a shopping site on the Internet. This is a typical day for him.



6:00 AM



7:15 AM



8:00 PM

## Questions and negatives

- 4 Read the questions. Complete the answers.

1 What time does he get up?

He gets up at 6:00.

2 When does he go to bed?

He goes to bed at 10:00.

3 Does he go to work by bus?

No, he doesn't.

4 Does he have lunch in a restaurant?

No, he doesn't.

5 Does he go out in the evening?

No, he doesn't.

**LISTEN AND CHECK** Practise the questions and answers.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

**Positive:** He gets up at 6:00.

He has breakfast at 6:45.

**Negative:** He doesn't have lunch.

He doesn't go to bed late. doesn't = does not

**Question:** What time does he have breakfast?

Does he work late? Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.

**B-8 Grammar Reference 6.4 p122**

- 6 Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about Eliot's day.

1 What does he do in the morning?

**What does he have for breakfast?**

2 Does he go to work by bus?

**Does he have time for**

3 What does he have for lunch?

4 Does he work late?

5 Does he eat in a restaurant?

6 What does he do in the evening?

**LISTEN AND CHECK**

- 7 Write negative sentences.

1 live in London He doesn't live in London

2 drive to work

He doesn't drive to work

3 work in a bank

He doesn't work in a bank

- 8 Complete the chart in the Present Simple.

	Positive	Negative	Question
I	work	don't work	Do I work?
You	work	don't work	Do you work?
We	work	don't work	Do we work?
You	work	don't work	Do you work?

## PRACTICE

## Lois' day

8. Lois Maddox has a busy day. Her day is different each day. Listen. What does she do?

Read and complete the text with the words.

wakes gets (s) up drives	eats has (s) phone	goes meets plays	goes comes to work
--------------------------------	-----------------------	------------------------	-----------------------

# Lois Maddox

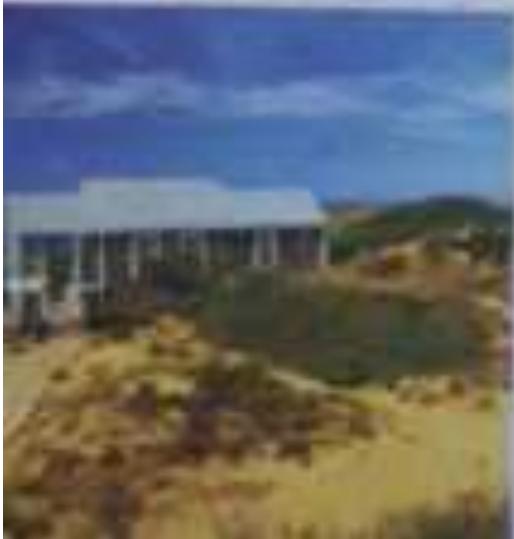
The seaside artist fills her day with work, walks, and friends.

Lois Maddox is 25 and she's an artist. She (1) lives in a small house by the sea in Cape Cod, Massachusetts. She always (2) gets up at ten o'clock in the morning. She (3) eats a big breakfast — coffee, eggs, and toast — before she (4) goes to the beach.

When she (5) comes home, she (6) works in her studio until seven o'clock in the evening. She never (7) eats lunch, but she always (8) has a big dinner and she often (9) invites friends.

After dinner, she usually (10) paints the walls or (11) draws sketches. Sometimes she (12) invites her brother, Elliot, to have (13) fun. They (14) go to bed very late, at one or two o'clock in the morning.

160 Listen and check.



3. Ask these questions about Liza or Elliot. Write Yes or No.
1. She's a millionaire.
  2. She's an actress.
  3. She goes to the sea.
  4. She gets up very early.
5. She doesn't eat much.
  6. She doesn't cook.
  7. She cooks for friends.
  8. She uses computers.

Practise the sentences.

4. **LISTEN** Listen and complete the phone conversation between Liza and her brother Elliot.

Liza: Hi, Elliot, how are you?

Elliot: I'm fine, thanks. How are you?

I: It's nice to hear from you. You and your girlfriend

g: I know but I don't work.

I: I love my work. But I relax ...

g: I don't really know about that. You play all day?

I: No, but I sleep in the ... The ... stop!

g: That's not true. They live in New York, right?

I: Not exactly! She's OK. You know Elliot, Aunt Nancy often ... about you.

g: Really? I like Aunt Nancy.

I: Well, we're ... for now. I want to make ... the new and Aunt Nancy's.

g: Good idea! What about next ... ? Next Sunday?

I: Yes, great! ... write Aunt Nancy of the weekend.

g: Great, see you ... Sunday. Have a good week!

- LISTEN** Listen again and check. Practise the conversation with a partner.

### Negatives and pronunciation

1. Correct the sentences about Liza and Elliot.

1. She lives in a flat.

The doesn't live in a flat. She lives in a house!

2. He gets up at ten o'clock.

3. She's a businesswoman.

4. He goes to work by bus.

5. She watches television in the evening.

- LISTEN** Listen and check. Notice the **irregular past tense**. Practise with a partner.

### Talking about you

6. Work with a partner. Make the names of two people in your family. Ask and answer questions about them.

Sonya

What's she?

She's my ...

Jim

What's he?

He's my ...

- Who is ...?
- How old is ...?
- What's ... job?
- Where does ... live?
- Where does ... work?
- What time does she/he ...?
- Does she/he have ...?

### Check it

7. Complete the questions and answers with an, aren't, does or doesn't.

1. ... you like red clothes?

Yes, I ...

2. ... she work in London?

No, she ...

3. Where ... he work?

In a bank

4. ... you go to work by bus?

No, I ...

5. ... she go to bed early?

No, she ...

6. ... they have a pet?

No, they ...

7. ... he speak German?

No, he ...

8. ... they live in Kuwait?

No, they ...

## VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

### Words that go together

- 1 Match a word in A with words in B.  
 Listen and check.

A	B
get up	dinner
go	early
listen to	TV
watch	in an office
read	the letter
work	to find time

A	B
get	breakfast
make	coffee
eat	coffee
have	coffee
drink	coffee
stay	late

- 2 Look at the questionnaire. Listen and repeat the questions.

# lifestyle questionnaire

Do you ...?

always usually sometimes never

- 1 get up early
- 2 have a big breakfast
- 3 walk to school/work
- 4 go to school/work by bus
- 5 watch TV in the evening
- 6 go shopping at the weekend
- 7 eat in restaurants
- 8 drink coffee
- 9 go to bed late



- 3 Ask a partner the questions and complete the questionnaire. Tick ('✓') the correct boxes.

Do you ...?

No, really

No, sometimes

Yes, never

- 4 Tell the class about your and your partner's answers.

Anna usually gets up early. I never get up early.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## Days of the week

- 1 **1.10** Listen and write the days in the correct order on the calendar.

Wednesday Monday Friday Tuesday  
Thursday Sunday Saturday

- 1.11** Listen again and repeat.

- 2 Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 What day is it today?
- 2 What day is it tomorrow?
- 3 What days do you go to school/work?
- 4 What days are the weekends?
- 5 What days do you like?
- 6 What days don't you like?

- 3 Write the correct preposition in the boxes.

on      in      at

nine o'clock

ten thirty

twelve fifteen

the weekend

Sunday

Monday

Saturday evening

Thursday morning

Friday afternoon

the morning

the afternoon

the evening

- 4 Write the correct preposition. Then ask and answer the questions with your partner.

Do you have English lessons...?

1 at nine o'clock

Do you have English lessons at nine o'clock?

Yes, we do.

No, we don't.

2 on Sunday

3 in the evening

4 on Monday morning

5 on the weekend

When do you have English lessons?

We have English lessons ...



### Talking about you

- 5 Complete the questions. Ask and answer them with your partner.

Do you ... ?

- have a shower in the morning/evening
- get up early on Sunday morning
- go to work/school on Saturday
- eat in restaurants on the weekend
- watch TV in the afternoon
- stay at home on Friday evening

## 7

# My favourites

Question words = me/him/us/them + this/that

Adjectives = Can I ...?

## 1 What's your favourite...?

food drink sport book  
TV programme day of the week town/city

## 2 Ask and answer with a partner.

What's your favourite food?

Please, I like it.

## I LOVE IT!

Question words = me/him/us/them

## 3 Who is Gina Macy? Look at the picture.

4 Listen Read and listen to Cindy's website. Who or what is her *passion*?

→ love → idea → purpose → goal

## 5 Find the question word that completes the questions to Cindy.

1 What's... do you like?

2 ... are you married to?

3 ... does your husband do?

4 ... are you in business again?

5 ... are the children in the photo?

6 ... old are they?

7 ... countries do you live every year?

8 ... do you work as hard? Because ...

9 ... do you do in your free time?

## 6 Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

Where do you live?

I live in France, in Paris.

7 Listen and complete.



## The famous international violinist answers your questions

**3 DEARS** from 10-year-old, Helen 23 in ANDI  
Dear Andre, but you don't live in the US.  
So where do you live?

**CLARA** Hi! I'm 11 but in France; in Paris. A lot of my  
work is here. Paris is my favorite city. I love it here  
**GRANDMA SINGAPORE**

Dear Grandpa, I know you are married. Who are you  
married to? What does your husband do?

**CLARA** I'm married to a Frenchman, Julian Casals. He's  
a pianist. We often work with me. I really like working  
with him. We're very happy.

### 4 MARISSA from BRISBANE, AUSTRALIA

Dear Andre, I know the place where you play here at the Opera  
House. What is your favorite instrument? When are you  
on tour again?

**CLARA** I think you'd know. Paganini, the Italian  
virtuoso, is my favorite. I'm going to Sydney with  
my wife and children.

### 5 LUCAS from KIRKBY LAKES, ENGLAND

Like your website? Who are the children in the photo?  
They are beautiful. How old are they?

**CLARA** The girls are our daughters Sophie (6), and  
Lucia (4). The baby is our son, Harrison. He's ten  
months. I adore them all.

### 6 JULIA from KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

You do a lot of concerts. How many concerts do you do  
every year? Who does your children? Why do you work  
so hard?

**CLARA** I usually do about six concerts a year.  
Mostly around Christmas I have one month. But I love my family  
too. We have a hobby for our children. We go with  
them, we have a hobby for our children. We go with them.

### 7 MELISSA from DUBLIN, IRELAND

Hi Clara, what's your favorite day of the week? What  
do you and Julian do in your spare time?

**CLARA** Saturday is my favorite day. We all go to the  
local pizza restaurant to eat. Our daughter has piano  
lessons because I'm a pianist too.

**8** Complete the sentence with the words from  
Clara's website.

1. Paris is me favorite city.  
How it love.

2. She is a pianist. Her other music with me and  
I really like working with me. Why very  
happy.

3. The girls are me daughters and Sophie  
is me son. I adored me all.

4. We have a hobby for me children. We go with  
them.

5. Saturday is me favorite day.

**9** Connect the information about Clara and Roland.

#### CLARA'S Hobbies & Hobbies

She is a violinist. She lives in New York City. She loves to draw. Her hobbies when in  
England for a concert. She is married to an  
American. They have two daughters. Please to  
have happy day.

**CLARA** I have a child. And a dog again.

#### CLARA'S SPIT

1. Matching question word with answer

Where?	New
What?	Violin
Who?	Daughter
Why?	Music
When?	Now

2. Complete sentence

Subject	me	you	he	she	it	we	they
Singer	me	you	he	she	it	we	they
Pianist	me	you	he	she	it	we	they

See answers below pages 71–72 ATB



# THIS IS MY FAVOURITE ...

this and that

1. Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with this or that.



- A: This is very beautiful.  
B: That's nice.  
C: Are you here?



- C: What's that? \_\_\_\_\_?  
D: The guy in the hat? That's the host!



- E: What's \_\_\_\_\_?  
F: It's my new MP3 player.  
G: Wow! It's great!



- H: What's this?  
I: It's a  
J: An internet player.



- K: What's that?  
L: It's a painting.  
M: How is it? It's fantastic!



- N: Is \_\_\_\_\_ your phone?  
O: Yes, it is. Thanks!



- P: This is \_\_\_\_\_ that.  
Q: The window.  
R: No, that isn't mine.



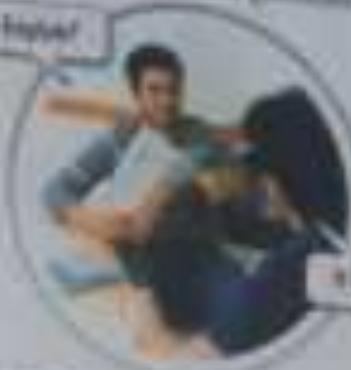
- S: This is \_\_\_\_\_ Thomas.  
T: Thomas is brown.  
U: Thomas is a dog.



- V: \_\_\_\_\_ is for me.  
W: A present? For what? Why?  
X: I'm going to my wife.

**1.1.2** Listen and check.

1. Ask the other students 'A' & 'B' three questions about things in THIS & THAT.
- What's this in English?



I: It's a guitar.

What's that in English?



It's a cat.

►► Grammar Reference 11-12

## PRACTICE

### You there!

1 Complete the questions with 'I', 'you', 'she'.

**1) Does Maria ...?**  
She likes ...

**2) Do you like ...?**  
I like ...

**3) Do you like ...?**  
I don't like ...

2 Listen and repeat. Match your teacher's English.

Teacher ... English

I ... like ... very much

I ... like ... very much

3 Listen and check.

### What do you like?

4 Ask and answer questions with a partner. Use adjectives.

hated, like, television, too crazy, like, loves  
mobile phone, Google, computer games, just say things

Do you like ...?

No, I ... it.

Do you ...?

Yes, I ... it.

### Questions and answers

5 Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

- 1) Where do you live in London? ... It's in the centre of London.
- 2) What colour does she wear? ... She wears ...
- 3) What's her hobby? ... She ...
- 4) Who's famous? ... ... is famous.
- 5) What's your hobby? ... I ...
- 6) What's your colour? ... I ...

- ... like ... because ...  
 ... love ...  
 ... always ...  
 ... like ...  
 ... hate ...  
 ... hate ...

6 Match the questions and answers.

- 1) How do you come to school? ...
- 2) What do you have for breakfast? ...
- 3) Who's your favourite teacher? ...
- 4) Where does your father work? ...
- 5) Why do you want to learn English? ...
- 6) How much money do you have in your ...
- 7) What time do lessons start at your school? ...
- 8) How many languages does your mother speak? ...

- 4) They start at nine o'clock.
- 5) In an office in the centre of town.
- 6) By bus.
- 7) Not a lot. About £10.
- 8) I don't have a driver's licence. I like a lot.
- 9) Seven.
- 10) Because it's an international language.
- 11) Tea and coffee.

7 Listen and check. Practise the questions.

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about you.

### Check in

8 Tick off the correct answers.

- 1) What do you do at the weekend? ...
- 2) What do you do at the weekend? ...
- 3) Who's your best friend? ...
- 4) Who's your best friend? ...
- 5) Who's your mother? ... She ...
- 6) Who's your father? ... He ...

- 6) I don't drink milk. I don't like it.
- 7) I don't drink milk. I don't like it.
- 8) The teacher gives us a lot of homework.
- 9) The teacher gives us a lot of homework.
- 10) She watches TV and I watch TV.
- 11) She watches TV and I watch TV.

## VOCABULARY

### Adjectives

1 Match the words.

- |  |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| 1 This road is <b>SMALL</b> .          | <b>WIDE</b>        |
| 2 Your family is <b>small</b> .        | <b>LARGE</b>       |
| 3 Our house is <b>big</b> .            | <b>SMALL</b>       |
| 4 The really <b>old</b> houses.        | <b>INTERESTING</b> |
| 5 Our English house is <b>old</b> .    | <b>INTERESTING</b> |
| 6 This is a <b>big</b> tree.           | <b>INTERESTING</b> |
| 7 What's the <b>weather</b> like?      | <b>WET</b>         |
| 8 This <b>old</b> tree is <b>big</b> . | <b>WET</b>         |

2 Match the words and pictures.

small	big	old	new	fast	slow	nearby	far away	right/wrong	black/white

3 Listen and complete the conversations.

- A: What **size** **is** **your** **bed**?  
B: It's **big**. It's **big**.
- C: How **big** **are** **your** **beds**?  
D: They're **small**. They're **small**, **but** **not** **tiny**.  
E: They're **big**.
- F: This is a **big** **tree**.  
G: How **many** **leaves** **are** **on** **this** **tree**?  
H: There's **one**.

- G: How **big** **is** **that** **car**?  
H: It's **big**.  
G: What? That's **too** **big** **for** **me**.
- I: Is **your** **sister's** **Peter** **small** **or** **big**?  
J: She's **small**.  
I: **Is** **she** **small** **or** **big** **for** **you** **now**?

Practise the conversations with a partner.

## READING AND WRITING

A postcard from San Francisco

- Look at the postcard. Read and listen.

Dear Allen,

We're on holiday in San Francisco. The view from hotel is very nice – old and comfortable. The people are very friendly, but it costs more to communicate. Books they offer in hotel, the food is delicious, especially the pastries, and the coffee and atmosphere are wonderful.

San Francisco is beautiful. It's a big city, with a lot of mountains, and it's not expensive. The slopes are great, and the Golden Gate Bridge is amazing. The weather is cold – this morning it was and we're not very happy.

See you soon,  
From

All and Ahmed (our Lippy students)



Allen Birch  
the English School  
120 Magazine Rd  
Boston, MA  
02118

### 3 Answer the questions.

- What is the postcard about?
- Where are they?
- Who are they in San Francisco?
- Is their holiday good?
- What isn't so good?

### 4 What adjectives do Ali and Ahmed use?

	Adjectives
the hotel	old, not comfortable
the people	
the food	
the hills and mountains	
San Francisco	
the slopes	
the Golden Gate Bridge	
the atmosphere	

### Writing

- Write a postcard to a friend.

To:

We're on holiday in ... and it's very

The hotel is ...

The people are ...

The food is ...

The weather is ... and ... we go ...

See you soon!

Love

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Can I ...?

1. write a number 1-8 (below) and a letter a-e (above)
- for each picture.

## PLACES

- 1. **post office**
- 2. **coffee shop**
- 3. **supermarket**
- 4. **bookshop**
- 5. **train**

## ACTIVITIES

- a have a coffee
- b have a sandwich
- c post letters
- d catch a train
- e go on holiday



## Towns in towns

1 Listen to Beta. She is in different places in town. Where is she in the conversations? What does she want?

Where is she?	What does she want?
1 at the railway station	a return ticket to Oxford
2	
3	
4	
5	

2 Complete the conversations with a partner.

### 1 IN A RAILWAY STATION

- A Can I have a ticket ..... to Oxford, please?  
 B Sure.  
 C How much .....?  
 A Twenty two ..... City, please.  
 B Can I ..... to ..... easily?  
 A No problem. Put your bag in the machine  
 and enter your PIN number, please.



### 2 IN A CLOTHES SHOP

- A Hello. Can I ..... this jacket, please?  
 B The changing room is over there.

### 3 IN A POST OFFICE

- A ..... post these letters to the Czech Republic.  
 B Sure. Put them on the scales. That's £1.80.  
 C Thank you. ..... is a stamp for a postcard to the United States?  
 D .....  
 E Can I have ..... , please?

### 4 IN A CAFE

- B Yes, please!  
 A Can I have ..... , please? With milk.  
 B Large or small?  
 A ..... To take away.  
 B Anything else?  
 A No, ..... just a coffee.  
 B Thanks.

### 5 IN A CHEMIST'S

- B Yes, please!  
 A Hello. Can I have ..... , please?  
 B Fainter or stronger perfume?  
 A .....  
 B Do you want a packet of mouthwashes or toothpaste?  
 A Oh, toothpaste ..... thanks.

### Roleplay

- 6 Work with a partner. Make some conversations with different situations.
- a customer buys tickets to Manchester United
  - this jacket / this T-shirt
  - this postcard / this letter to Cedar
  - a chemist and patient (ask about the cream)
  - shampoo / toothpaste

7 Listen and check. Practice the conversations.

## 8

## Where I live

Rooms and furniture • There is/are • Prepositions • Directions

## SPEECH

- 1 Do you live in a house or a flat? Do you have a garden or a balcony? Tell the class.

*I live in a flat.**We don't have a garden, but we have a big balcony.*

- 2 Look at the picture. Listen and repeat the rooms of a house.

*Living room, dining room ...*

- 3 Find the things in the house. Write the numbers.

- a bed  
 a cooker  
 a sofa

- a TV  
 a shower  
 a table

- a table  
 a fridge  
 an armchair

- a lamp  
 a picture  
 a magazine

- a DVD player  
 a laptop  
 a desk

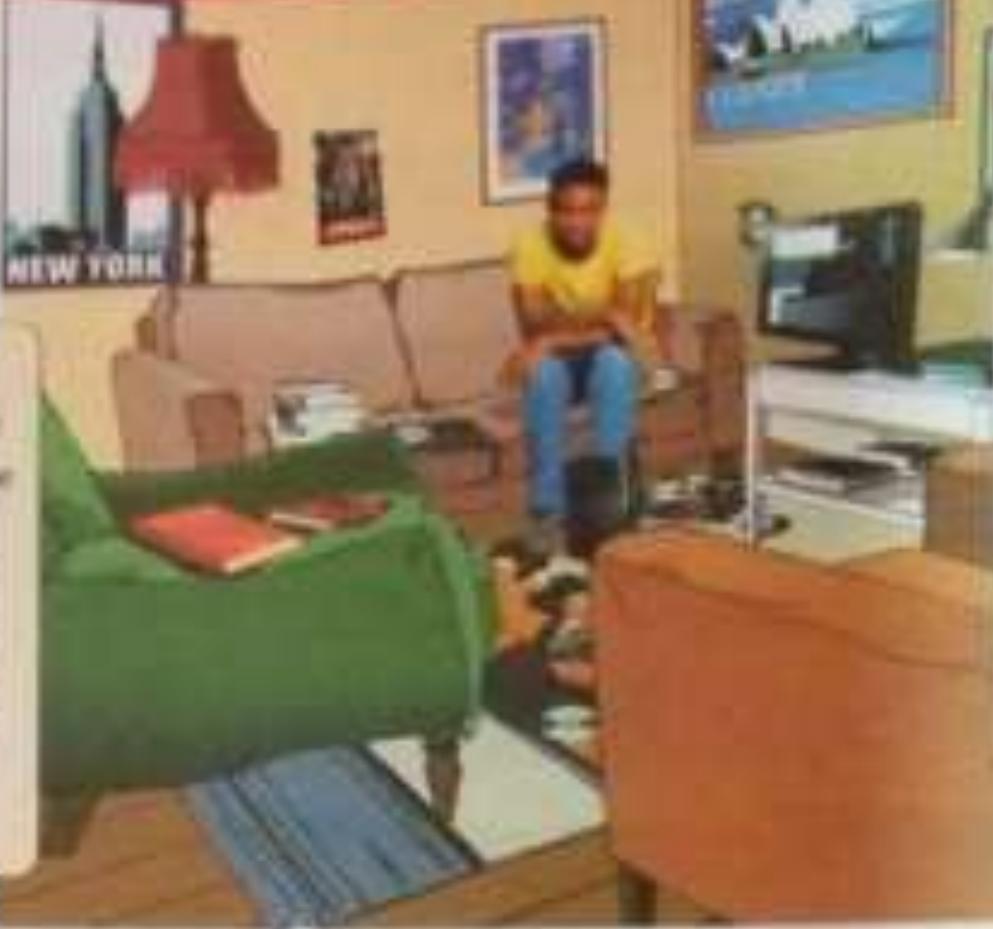
Listen and repeat.

## ROBERT'S LIVING ROOM

There is / aren't

- 1 **LISTEN** Read and listen to Robert talking about his living room. Complete his description.

My living room isn't very big, but it's great. There's an old sofa, and there are two armchairs. There's a table with a TV and a DVD player on it, also a PlayStation®. I have all the games. There are some books, and there are a lot of pictures and posters on the walls. There are two lamps. My room's not very tidy but it's really comfortable! \*



### 2 Talk about Robert's living room.

There are no sofa.

There are two armchairs.

- \* sofa
- \* armchairs
- \* a DVD player

- \* a table
- \* books
- \* lamps

- \* posters
- \* a PlayStation®
- \* magazines

### 3 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat the questions and answers.

- |                            |                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Is there a sofa?           | ✓ Yes, there is.    |
| Is there a bed?            | ✗ No, there isn't.  |
| Are there any postcards?   | ✓ Yes, there are.   |
| Are there any photographs? | ✗ No, there aren't. |

Practise them with a partner.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

- Complete the sentences.
- Positive:** There's a sofa.
- Negative:** There isn't a sofa.
- Positive:** There's a TV.
- Negative:** There isn't a TV.
- Positive:** Are there any postcards?
- Negative:** There isn't a postcard.
- Positive:** There are some photographs.
- Negative:** There aren't any photographs.

### 4 Ask and answer questions about Robert's living room.

- \* a TV
- \* photographs
- \* a book
- \* a telephone
- \* lamps
- \* a DVD player
- \* a PlayStation®
- \* magazines

Is there a TV?

No, there isn't.

Are there any photographs?

No, there aren't.

### 5 Look again at Robert's living room. Is it tidy?

#### 6 **LISTEN** Listen to Robert talking to his mother.

- What things in his flat does she ask about?
- What are her questions?
- When does she want to visit?



Look at **6** on p117. Practise the conversation with a partner.

### 7 Work with a partner. Describe your living room.

In my living room there's a ... There are a lot of ...

# ROBERT'S BEDROOM

## Prepositions

1 Look at the prepositions.

**in**

**on**

**under**

**next to**



2 Look at Robert's bedroom. Write a preposition from exercise 1.

- 1 His laptop is on the desk.
- 2 The CD player is next to the laptop.
- 3 There are three books under the floor near his bed.
- 4 His car keys are in the drawer.
- 5 There's a football on the floor near the desk.
- 6 His trainers are in his bag under his bed.

**TIP** Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

3 Ask and answer questions about Robert's things.

Where's Robert's CD player?

It's on the desk next to the laptop.

Where are his car keys?

They're in the drawer.

Ask about his ...

- |              |                |               |
|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| • CD player  | • magazines    | • alarm clock |
| • car keys   | • sports cards | • tapes       |
| • sports bag | • jumper       | • photo       |
| • pens       | • lamp         | • mug         |

4 Close your eyes! Ask and answer questions about things in your classroom.

Where is John's dictionary?

It's in the bag.

## PRACTICE

### Questions and answers

1 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

there	is	the	post	box
-------	----	-----	------	-----

Is there the post box?

there	is	the	bathroom
-------	----	-----	----------

Is there the bathroom?

there	is	the	plane	on	the	table
-------	----	-----	-------	----	-----	-------

Is there the plane on the table?

there	is	the	sofa	under	the	door
-------	----	-----	------	-------	-----	------

Is there the sofa under the door?

there	is	the	TV	under	the	television
-------	----	-----	----	-------	-----	------------

Is there the TV under the television?

there	is	the	key	near	the	bedroom
-------	----	-----	-----	------	-----	---------

Is there the key near the bedroom?

there	is	the	key	near	the	bed
-------	----	-----	-----	------	-----	-----

Is there the key near the bed?

**LISTEN** Listen and check.

7 Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about your home.

### Two different rooms

8 Work with a partner.

Student A: Look at the picture on this page.

Student B: Look at the picture on p. 141.

Your pictures are different. Talk about them to find differences.

In my picture, there is a ...

In my picture, there isn't a ...

Is there a ...?

No, there is. / Yes, there isn't.



9 **LISTEN** Listen to a description of one of the rooms. Which room is it?

### Check it

10 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1  Is a sofa in the living room?  
 Is there a sofa in the living room?
- 2  There's DVD player on the floor.  
 There's a DVD player on the floor.
- 3  Are there a poster on the wall?  
 Are there any posters on the wall?
- 4  My keys are in the drawer.  
 My keys are on the floor.
- 5  The lamp is next to the bed.  
 The lamp is near the bed.

# READING AND VOCABULARY

## Vancouver – the best city in the world

1 Work with a partner. Look at the map and find Vancouver. Is it near the US?

2 Look at the pictures. Find them things.

- mountains
- a ferry
- a park
- the sea
- a helicopter
- sailing
- a beach
- a train
- fishing

3 Read the text about Vancouver. Write the five paragraph headings in the correct place.

Where to stay

Where to eat

Where to go

What to do

How to travel

Where to buy

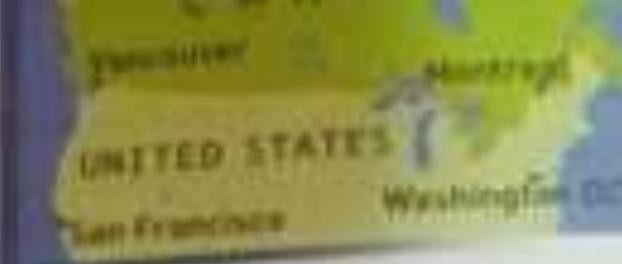
4 Listen and check.

5 Answer the questions.

- 1 Where is Vancouver?
- 2 When is a good time to visit?
- 3 Does it rain a lot? When?
- 4 What do people do...?
  - in the mountains
  - on the beach
  - in Stanley Park
- 5 What winter sports are there?
- 6 Why are there so many kinds of restaurants?
- 7 Are all the foods expensive? How much are they?
- 8 What is a good way to see the city?

6 Complete the chart with adjectives from the text.

Adjective	Meaning
not expensive	city
	mountain
	beaches
	clean and modern
	the weather
	seafood
	hotels
	Stanley Park
	Sky Train



# Vancouver, Canada



Vancouver is called the

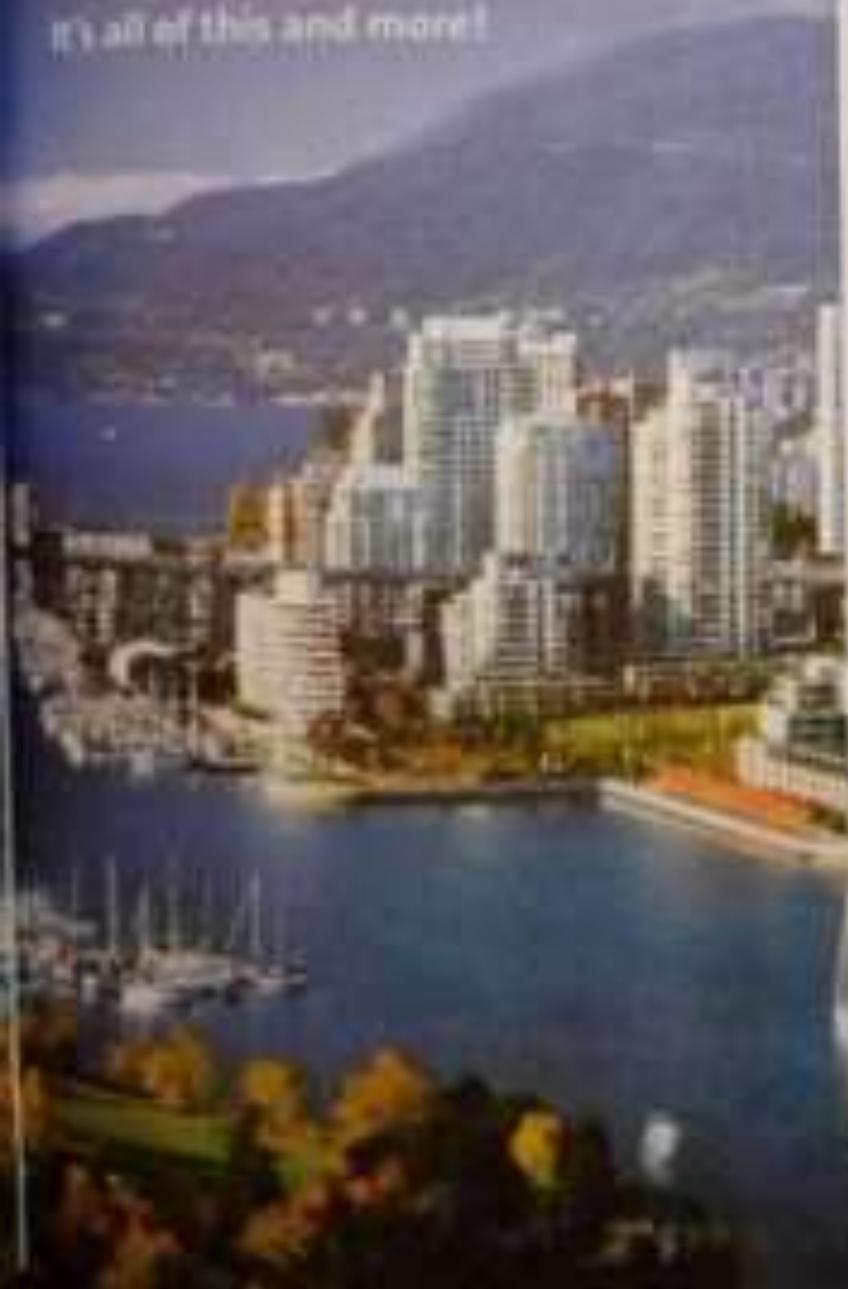
**'best city in the world'.**

Why? Is it the spectacular mountains?

The beautiful beaches?

The excellent shops and restaurants?

It's all of this and more!



## Where is it?

Vancouver is in south-west Canada, next to the Pacific Ocean, 30 miles from the US border.

It is always a good time to visit Vancouver. The weather is never too cold or too hot. It is warm and sunny in summer, but it rains a lot in autumn and winter.

In spring, go skiing in the mountains in the morning and relax on the beach in the afternoon. In summer, go swimming, sailing or fishing, or go walking in North America's biggest park, Stanley Park. There are excellent shops in Yaletown, and there is also theatre of every sort. Vancouver is the "City of Festivals".

Vancouver is a cosmopolitan city so there are French, Italian, Japanese, Indian, Thai, and Chinese restaurants. Vancouver's Chinatown is the second biggest in North America, after San Francisco. There is also a lot of delicious, fresh seafood.

In the busy city centre there are some excellent, expensive hotels. The beautiful Fairmont Hotel is \$200 a night, but next to the sea there are a lot of cheap, comfortable hotels from \$50 a night.

You don't need a car in Vancouver. There are slow, old trams and there is the fast, modern Sky Train. Take the ferry - it is a great way to see the city.

## LISTENING AND WRITING

### My home town

- 1 Listen to Steve. He lives in Vancouver. Tick (✓) the things he talks about.



<input type="checkbox"/> his job	<input type="checkbox"/> motor racing	<input type="checkbox"/> living
<input type="checkbox"/> swimming	<input type="checkbox"/> Italian food	<input type="checkbox"/> golf
<input type="checkbox"/> his apartment	<input type="checkbox"/> his wife	<input type="checkbox"/> cycling
<input type="checkbox"/> his brothers	<input type="checkbox"/> the weather	<input type="checkbox"/> Stanley Park

- 2 Listen again. Answer the questions.

- 1 Where does Steve work?
- 2 Where does he live?
- 3 Is his apartment big?
- 4 What is his favorite food?
- 5 Where does he go with his wife after work?
- 6 What sports does Steve like?
- 7 Where does he cycle with his wife?
- 8 Does he always like the weather?

- 1 Listen to Steve's conversation with Sue. Complete the chart.

What is the conversation about? Who is Sue? Why is she here?

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Look at on p.17. Practise the conversation with a partner.

- 4 In groups, talk about your home towns.

- Where do you live?
- What is there in your town?
- What do you do there with your friends?
- Where do you go shopping?
- How do you travel?
- Is it a good place to live?

### Writing

- 1 Write about a town you know.

Where is it? ... in a forest at ...

When to visit? The best time to visit is ...

What to do? Go ... There are a lot of ...

Where to eat? There are good restaurants in my favorite restaurant is ...

Where to stay? It is an expensive hotel at ... It is a cheap hotel next road to ...

How to travel? The best way to see the town is ...



Find Park Lane's post office, hospital, car park, supermarket, and bus and taxi stops. Ask your partner where these are on the map. Answer with 'Yes' or 'No'.



#### 1 Where do the signs mean?



**Ex 1** Listen to the directions. Start from YOU ARE HERE to the shop. Follow the directions. Where are you?

1 Go up North Road. Turn left at the park into Charles Street. It's on the right next to the church.

2 At the crossroads

1
2
3
4
5

**Ex 2** In pairs, practise the directions.

#### 4 Work with a partner. Have similar conversations.

Ask about:

- a cinema
- a post office
- a hospital
- a supermarket
- a car park
- a cafe

Excuse me, is there a ... near here?

Yes, it is.

**5** With your partner, ask for and give directions to places in your town.

How do I get to the bus station?

Go out of the station, turn right.

Left turn.

After five minutes.

## 9

## Times past

Saying past: + ever since [ago] + past tense - irregular verbs + Recently  
when and 'since'

## Answers

- 1 **LISTEN** Listen and practice the words below. Say them.  
1. 1995    2. now / today    3. 2000 / 2002    4. 1999 / 1998    5. 1999 / 1990    6. 2005 / 2006

2 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

1945 eighteen forty-five    1996 one thousand nine hundred and ninety-six    2006 two thousand and six / twenty-one

- 3 What year is it now? What year was it last year? What year is it next year?

## WHEN WAS SHE BORN?

was/were born

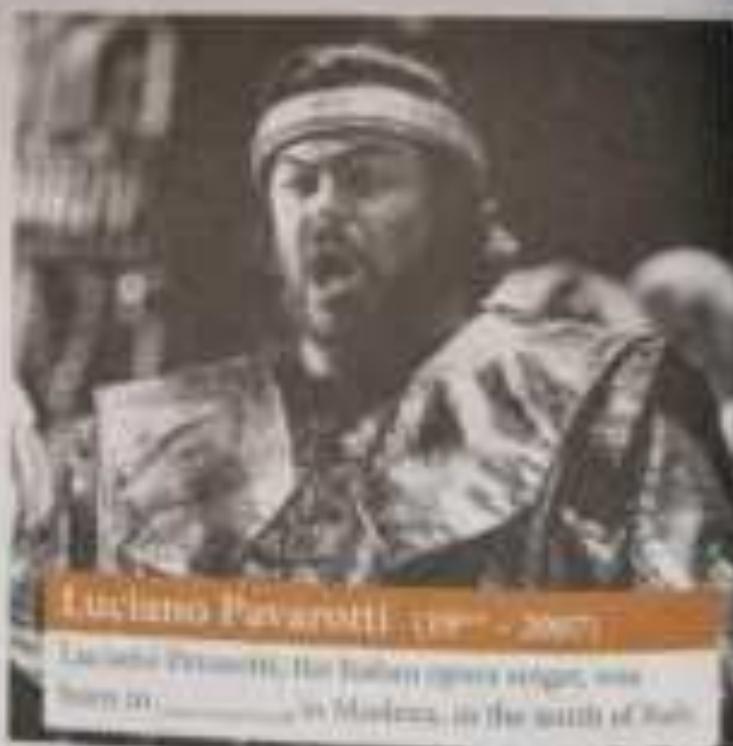
- 4 Look at the photos. Do you know the people? "When was she born?"

**LISTEN** Listen and write the years.



Jane Austen (1775-1817)

Jane Austen, the English writer, was born  
in ... in Hampshire, in the south of England.



Guglielmo Marconi (1874-1937)

Guglielmo Marconi, the Italian radio scientist, was  
born in ... in Massena, in the south of Italy.

- 5 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat.

For me a writer like me was born in ...  
In my country a singer like Madonna ...

3 Ask and answer questions with other students.

Who's your ...?

My ... is ...

4 Listen to the questions and answer them.

Other... were you born?  
Other... was he born?  
Other... was she born?  
Other... were they born?

I was born in ...  
He was born in ...  
She was born in ...  
They were born in ...

### GRAMMAR SPOT

Complete the table about your family.

Relative	Age	Date
Mum	30	
Dad	30	
Sister	10	
Brother	10	
Sister	10	
Brother	10	

► See Grammar Reference page 142

5 This is Magalie Dromard. Listen to her talking about her family. When were the people born?



**MAGALIE DROMARD**

### MY FAMILY

Mother \_\_\_\_\_

Father \_\_\_\_\_

Sister \_\_\_\_\_

Brother \_\_\_\_\_

Sister \_\_\_\_\_

Brother \_\_\_\_\_

Sister \_\_\_\_\_

Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about Magalie's family.

Who's ... brother?

Is a Magalie's brother?

Who was ... born?

In 1985.

Who's ... Grandmother?

1900-1905.

Who's ... son?

6 Who's your grandfather/grandmother/mother/father?

Tell the names of some people in your family.  
Ask and answer questions about them.

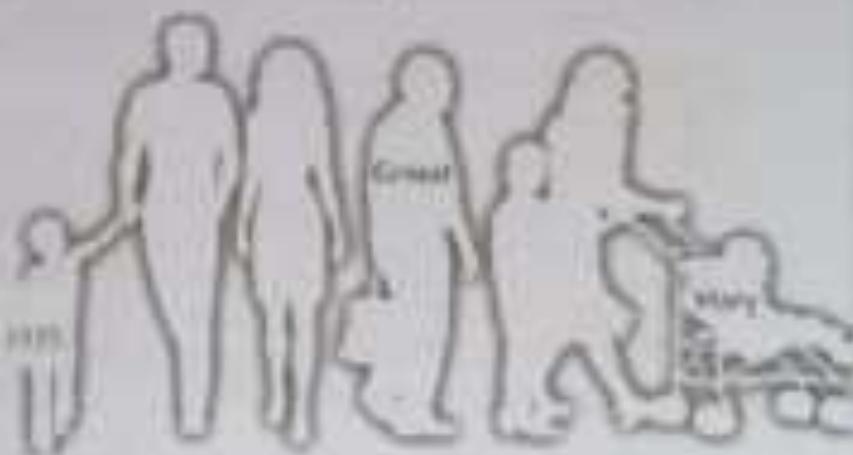
Grandma Mary

- A Who's ...?      B Who was ... born?
- This my mother.
  - This my brother.

- A Who's ...?      B Who was ... born?
- This my son. I think about 1995.

7 Tell the class about your particular family.

My ... was born in 1950.  
My father was born in 1940.



## PRACTICE

**Who were they?**

- 1 Who are the people in the photographs?  
Match the people 1–4 and the jobs in the box.

<input type="checkbox"/> singer	<input type="checkbox"/> writer	<input type="checkbox"/> painter
<input type="checkbox"/> actress	<input type="checkbox"/> poet	<input type="checkbox"/> dancer
<input type="checkbox"/> artist	<input type="checkbox"/> actress	<input type="checkbox"/> writer



1 **Mozart** was born in Salzburg, Austria.



2 **Diana Spencer** was born in Sandringham, England.



3 **Shakespeare** was born in 1564 in Stratford-upon-Avon, England.



4 **Umm Kulthum** was born in 1897 at Mansura, Egypt.



5 **Bruce Lee** was born in 1940 in San Francisco, in the USA.

2 Listen and write where they were born.

3 Listen to the questions and answers.  
Practise them.

**Who was Shakespeare?** He was a writer.

**Where was he born?** In England.

**When was he born?** In 1564.

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about the other people.

Who was Vincent van Gogh?

He was an



**Benita Blattner** was born in Göttingen, **Pakistan**.  
In



**Vincent van Gogh** was born in **London**,  
**Holland**.



**Kylian Mbappé** was born in **São Paulo**, **Brazil**.  
In

## Professions and personalities

### 4 **LISTEN** Listen and answer.

Shahzad was an architect.  
He's probably very tall and strong.

Maryam is a teacher.  
She's probably very kind.

### 5 **ANSWER** Answer the questions.

Are you taller than your mother?  
Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.

Are you taller than a giraffe?  
Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.

Are you taller than your parents?  
Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.

Are you taller than a giraffe?  
Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.

Are Maryam and Göttingen taller than you?  
Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

Was Maryam taller than you?  
Yes, she was. / No, she wasn't.

### GRAMMAR

1. **The past simple**

2. **Adverbs**

3. **Irregular past tense forms**

4. **Adjectives**

### 6 **LISTEN** Listen and check. Practice the sentences.

## Todays and yesterdays

### 7 **LISTEN** Listen to the questions.

Today is Saturday. Yesterday was Friday. Tomorrow will be Sunday.

Today is Friday. Yesterday was Thursday. Tomorrow will be Saturday.

Today the weather is ... Yesterday the weather was ...

Today my parents are ... Yesterday my parents were ...

## Check it

### 8 **COMPLETE** Complete the sentences with was, wasn't, isn't or weren't.

1. Who **was** your father today?

2. Where **wasn't** your parents last?

3. My parents **were** both born in 1960, my father **was** born in 1961, and my mother **was** born in 1963.

4. I **was** in India in 2008.

5. Is it a nice day? "Yes, it **is**."

6. Is it a cold morning? "Yes, it **is**."

7. Is it a nice morning? "Yes, it **isn't**."

## READING AND SPEAKING

Past Simple – Irregular verbs

- 7 Watch the present and the past forms of the verbs. Look at the irregular verbs list on p142.

**Present**

**Past**

see
buy
sell
eat
drink
bought
sold
ate
drank

**Irregular Verbs**

- 8 Listen and check. Practise the verbs.

▶▶ Grammar Reference 8.3 p10

- 9 Look at the pictures. They tell a true story. Match the sentences and pictures.

- The painting is now for sale in an art gallery in Canada.
- An American television shopping and bought painting for \$3 from a charity shop.
- A rich Indonesian was happy to pay \$9 million, but 'Dad' said 'I want \$10 million'.
- One expert found Pollock's fingerprints on the back of the painting.
- A film company made a television film about the painting.
- An art teacher said the painting was by the famous artist Jackson Pollock.



Jackson Pollock 1953, USA

# It's a Jackson



# Pollock!



\$9 million?



- 4 Read and complete the sentence with the appropriate form of each verb.

Pollock painted like **another** artist.

## WHO IS JACKSON POLLOCK?

Jackson Pollock, a 40-year-old artist from Los Angeles, **has** **been** **developing** his own style of painting since the mid-1940s. His art **was** **seen** **as** a modern style when it first **came** **out** **in** **1948**, **and** **now** **it's** **considered** **an** **important** **American** **painting**. So far **he** **has** **sold** **40**

large-scale **works** **that** **have** **been** **painting** **and** **still** **are** **being** **painting**. In 2000, **he** **had** **the** **highest** **sales** **amount** **of** **any** **living** **artist**—\$9.8 million. **That's** **more** **than** **he** **was** **a** **very** **successful** **business** **person**.

Pollock **spent** **most** **of** **his** **time** **painting** **in** **his** **garage** **at** **home**. **He** **had** **no** **formal** **training** **in** **the** **arts**. **But** **he** **had** **the** **ability** **to** **see** **the** **world** **in** **a** **different** **way**. **He** **used** **big** **brushes** **and** **thick** **paint** **to** **create** **huge** **works** **on** **the** **floor**. **He** **had** **fun** **with** **his** **work**.

A 2003 **book** **about** **him** **was** **written** **by** **his** **son** **and** **his** **daughter**. **The** **book** **is** **called** **"The** **Pollocks"**.

In 2007, **a** **Canadian** **TV** **company** **made** **a** **film** **about** **him** **and** **his** **painting**. **It** **is** **now** **for** **sale** **on** **Amazon** **for** **about** **\$100** **Dollars** (**£60** **million**).



The famous Jackson Pollock painting

Read the article aloud with a partner.

**TRUE** **False** **and** **check**.

- 4 Look at the pictures only and tell the story briefly.

## VOCABULARY

have/do/go

- 1 Look at the words the go with have/do/go.



- 2 Write the words in the box next to the correct parts.  
have/do/go

have	do	my homework
a dinner	the laundry	my homework
for a walk	some exercise	homework
a great time	meditation	to study



- 3 Complete the sentences with *have*, *had*, or *go*.

- Yesterday I had my mother's birthday dinner at home.
- I have done homework but I still haven't finished it. I have to study more.
- Yesterday was a lovely day so I went for a walk in the park.
- I usually walk but yesterday I went for a run by the sea.
- The last Friday night I went to a great concert. I had a really nice time.
- I went to buy some potatoes yesterday. I want to make spaghetti.
- The film wasn't very good so we went home.

**ANSWER** Listen and check.

### Talking about you

- 4 Complete the summary with what you did.

- Yesterday I had a dinner at home at 6 pm.
- This morning I went shopping at the supermarket at 7 am. I had coffee and breakfast.
- Last Saturday I went shopping and I bought some clothes.
- Last weekend I did my homework at home and checked on the internet.
- Last year I went on holiday to Spain.

- 5 Tell a partner what you did.

- 5 Match the past of have/do/go.

have	had	do	did
------	-----	----	-----

Present	Past
have	had
do	did
go	went

## EVERYDAY ENGLISH

When's your birthday?

- 1 Show me the months of the year. What's the correct order?

January

September

January

April

March

November

August

October

February

May

July

June

December

January

- 2 Listen and chant. Sing the months round the clock.

- 3 Which month is your birthday? Tell the class.

My birthday is in September.

It's in October.

How many birthdays are in each month?  
Which month has the most?

- 4 Listen and repeat the numbers.

first (1st)

second (2nd)

third (3rd)

fourth (4th)

fifth (5th)

sixth (6th)

seventh (7th)

eighth (8th)

ninth (9th)

tenth (10th)

eleventh (11th)

twelfth (12th)

thirteenth (13th) fourteenth (14th) fifteenth (15th)

- 4 In place writing

one two three four five six seven eight

nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen

sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty

- 5 Listen and write the months. Practice them.

the \_\_\_\_\_ of January

the \_\_\_\_\_ of March

the \_\_\_\_\_ of April

the \_\_\_\_\_ of June

the \_\_\_\_\_ of July

the \_\_\_\_\_ of October

the \_\_\_\_\_ of November

the \_\_\_\_\_ of December

the _____ of January
the _____ of March
the _____ of April
the _____ of June
the _____ of July
the _____ of October
the _____ of November
the _____ of December

- 6 When is your birthday? You can choose the month you were born. Tell and practice it please.

My birthday

is in the month of March

What's your birthday?

It's in the month of November

Tell the class.

I was born in 1982 in the month of July or I was born in the month of January.

We had a great time.

These samples — vegetal and mineral — are collected and prepared, and the results of their analysis are given below.

- 1. What day is it today? Which day was it yesterday?
  - 2. What is a confidence within a frame about someone?

where it situated  
(next to the U)  
and any numbers

YESTERDAY WAS SUNDAY

Past history = tender and irregular

- 1 **RAKE** Anna is angry. Tell her the things she did were bad. What else was it?

• 100 •

- #### 1.10.1 *Contra-mutagen*: Confab with the *mutagen*

卷之三十一

- ### 3. Tell me how you value the other

water and air pollution and heat. There are

- 3 Underline the things in the list that you do not like. Tell a partner.

East Central Institute - 2010-11



## Questions and negatives

- 1 It's time for writing. Angie and Rose are at work.  
 Listen and complete their conversation.



- A Hi, Rose. Jim \_\_\_\_\_ you have \_\_\_\_\_ a good weekend?
- B Yes, I did, thanks.
- A What \_\_\_\_\_ you do yesterday?
- B Well, I got up early and I \_\_\_\_\_ dinner with some friends.
- A Then \_\_\_\_\_ you eat breakfast?
- B Well, yes, it was such a lovely day.
- A Where \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ lunch?
- B In the park. We \_\_\_\_\_ lunch in the park there.
- A Oh, great! \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ out in the evening?
- B No, I didn't. I \_\_\_\_\_ a rental for my sister.
- C What? What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_?
- D Sorry! Sorry! It was delicious! What about you, Angie? Did you have a good weekend?

- 3 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat Angie's questions.

Did you have a good weekend?  
 What did you do yesterday?  
 Where did you play tennis?  
 Did you get up in the morning?  
 What did you have?

Work with a partner. Practice the conversation in Exercise 1.

- 4 **LISTEN** Listen to Rose asking Angie about her weekend. Complete her questions.

- What did you do on Saturday?
- What did you do on Sunday?
- ... go on Sunday?
- ... do anything Sunday evening?

Communication: What did Angie do?

- 5 **LISTEN** Listen and repeat. What didn't Angie do?

I didn't go out because I was too tired.  
 I didn't do much on Sunday.  
 I didn't go to bed late.

- 6 Say three things Angie and Rose didn't do.

Angie: I didn't walk today. Rose: I didn't shopping.  
 Angie didn't play tennis. Rose didn't get up late.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Questions in the Past Simple use did.  
 Complete the questions.

Did you go out?

Where \_\_\_\_\_ you go?  
 What \_\_\_\_\_ you do?

- 2 Negatives are didn't. Complete the negative.

They \_\_\_\_\_ go to work.  
 She \_\_\_\_\_ watch TV.

### ►► Grammar Reference B6.2 p177

- 7 Work with a partner. Say what you did and didn't do last night.

What did you do last night?

I didn't do much...

I stayed at home.

## PRACTICE

### Grammar

1 Complete the sentence in the Past Simple.

- 1 I were ... (play) tennis on Sunday.
- 2 Yesterday we were ... (have) lunch in the park.
- 3 She had ... (do) her homework on the bus.
- 4 I not clean ... (not clean) my flat last weekend.
- 5 Where were he buy ... (buy) a new computer?
- 6 Who were you see ... (see) last night?
- 7 I not go out. I go to bed early.

Did you have a good weekend?

- 2 Look at the questionnaire. What activities are in the picture?
- 3 Put a tick (✓) next to the things you did last weekend.
- 4 Ask your teacher the questions. Put a tick (✓) next to the things she/he did.

Did you go to the sports club?

Yes, I did / No, I didn't

- 5 Ask a partner the questions. Put a tick (✓) next to the things she/he did.

Tell the class about you and your partner.

Martie went to the sports club, but I didn't.  
I went shopping.



## Last weekend

Did you ... ?

go to the mall

You Teacher Pupil

go shopping

have a meal in a restaurant

see your friends

play football

watch TV/a film/a DVD

go to a picnic

do a lot of homework

do a lot of housework



## Speaking conversations

You will have time to discuss the situations.

**1** **10.1** Listen to the mall interview.

Is it...? What did you buy?

Was it crowded?

Who was there?

Answer these questions with a question:

1 I went shopping yesterday.

What? (Where?) ... Where did you go? \_\_\_\_\_

2 "We went to that new Japanese restaurant last night."

Where? (What time?) \_\_\_\_\_

3 You saw a lot of your friends in the coffee bar.

Who? (Who saw?) \_\_\_\_\_

4 You played tennis at the weekend.

On, what? (Where/when?) \_\_\_\_\_

5 The weather yesterday was great!

How, good? (What time/weather?) \_\_\_\_\_

**10.2** Listen and check.

6 Work with a partner. Read the example conversation.

- 1 I went shopping yesterday.
- 2 How? / Where did you go?
- 3 Oxford Street.
- 4 Oh! What did you buy?
- 5 Well, I bought a new coat, and I went to the new mall.
- 6 Did you find one?
- 7 Yes, I did. I found a beautiful black coat. It was only £30!

Choose one of the conversations in exercise 6 and make 4 longer.

**10.3** Listen and complete.



## Time expressions

7 Complete the time expressions using a word from the box.

at in on late

at	Monday
in	night
on	Friday
late	weekend
early	2012
over	now
before	Sunday morning

## Check it

8 Circle the correct sentence.

- 1  She bought an expensive car.  
 She bought an expensive car.
- 2  I played tennis on Sunday.  
 I play tennis on Sunday.
- 3  Did they went shopping yesterday?  
 Did they go shopping yesterday?
- 4  What did you do last weekend?  
 What did you last weekend?
- 5  Did you like the DVD? "Yes, I did."  
 Did you like the DVD? "No, I did."
- 6  I saw John last night.  
 I saw John my last night.

## VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

### Sport and leisure

1 What are the activities in the photos?

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> tennis | <input type="checkbox"/> computer games |
| <input type="checkbox"/> football          | <input type="checkbox"/> sailing        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> swimming          | <input type="checkbox"/> snowboarding   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> golf              | <input type="checkbox"/> jogging        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> motor racing      | <input type="checkbox"/> cycling        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> windsurfing       | <input type="checkbox"/> flying         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> rugby             | <input type="checkbox"/> horse riding   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> karate            |   |



2 Write the activities in the correct columns.

free time: 1-4, 6-8  
for sports: 5, 9-15

play	go + ing
football	swimming

3 Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the activities.

Do you play tennis?

Yes, I do.

Where did you last play?

Last week.

Do you go jogging?

No, I don't.

4 Tell the class about your partner.

Mark doesn't play tennis, but she goes jogging.  
She went jogging in the park yesterday.

# LISTENING AND SPEAKING

## Jack and Millie Parker's holiday

1 Ask the questions in the box.

→ **Answer:** February

→ **Answer:** summer, what weather was it?

→ **Answer:** autumn, winter  
→ **Answer:** summer

1 Where do you usually go on holiday?

→ **Answer:** I usually go on holiday in summer.

1 Listen to Jack and Millie Parker talking about their

holiday. Complete what they say.

**They usually ...**

go to sunnier / getting

go to India / India

go to a hotel / a villa

stay at home / with friends

go swimming / sailing

play golf / card

but I don't have a good time.

**But last year they ...**

were in different / where

went to Canada / Canada

stayed in a hotel / a house

were not so warm / often

went skiing / sailing

travelled / travelled every night

had / didn't have a good time.

4 Ask and answer questions with a partner about Jack and Millie's holidays.

→ Where / go?

→ Where / go?

→ Where / stay?

→ Where / stay?

→ What / do?

→ How / good?

What did they usually go on holiday?

In summer.

What did they go last year?

In winter.

Where ...?

5 Complete the sentences about their last holiday.

1 Last year Jack and Millie **didn't** go ... on holiday in summer.  
They **were** ... in winter.

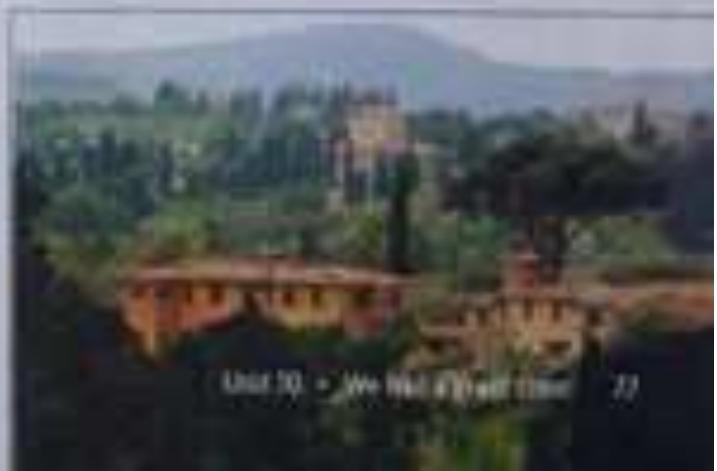
2 They **were** ... in India. They **were** ... in Canada.

3 They **were** ... in a hotel. They **were** ... in a villa.

4 They **were** ... at home. They **were** ... in restaurants.

5 They **were** ... skiing. They **were** ... swimming.

6 Listen and check.



## SPEAKING AND WRITING

### My last holiday

- What's your favourite kind of holiday?  
What do you like doing? ✓  
What don't you like doing? ✗

- eating in restaurants
- visiting museums
- relaxing in the hotel
- going shopping
- driving in the mountains
- sightseeing in famous cities
- visiting museums
- playing sports

Compare your choices with a partner.

- What did you do on your last holiday?

Ask and answer questions with your partner.

- Where ... go?
- When ... go? **Where did you go?**
- Where ... stay?
- What ... do every day?
- ... have good weather? **When did you go?**
- What ... do in the evening? **Last year ... Ten years ago.**
- What ... eat?
- ... meet nice people?

- Tell the class about your partner.

Sam went sightseeing in Rome  
last June / six months ago.

#### GRAMMAR SPOT

##### Ago

- Two years ago / two weeks ago / three days ago  
I went swimming last year.  
I went to China six weeks ago.  
Sally phoned five minutes ago.

## sightseeing



## restaurants



## driving



## visiting relatives



#### Writing

- Write about your last holiday. Read it to the class.



#### My last holiday

I ... went on holiday to ... I went with ... we stayed in ...  
Every day we ... Sometimes we ... One day ... we ...  
The food was ... and the weather was ...  
We had a ... time.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## Going sightseeing

# LONDON

1 Write the names of two cities and the date when you went on vacation. Name: London, Date: April 2006

Work with a partner. Talk about the cities you visited. What did you do there? What did you eat? What did you buy?

**Answer:**

We visited

We saw

We bought

2 Listen and complete the conversations in a Travel Office.

- 1 A: Hello! Can I \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ have a map of the city, please?
- 2 A: Excuse me! \_\_\_\_\_ where can we get on the \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: You can \_\_\_\_\_ on Regent Street in the city.
- 3 C: We want to go on a \_\_\_\_\_ tour of the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A: That's fine. The walk lasts \_\_\_\_\_ of 2½ hours.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ about six hours and a half.
- 4 D: Where does the bus go from?  
A: It \_\_\_\_\_ Trafalgar Square, but you can get off \_\_\_\_\_ where you want.
- 5 E: I want to visit the British Museum. When does it open?  
A: It opens at 10 in the morning and \_\_\_\_\_ at 5.30 in the evening.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ do I get in?  
A: At \_\_\_\_\_.

Work with a partner. Practice the conversations.

3 Work with a partner. Ask your partner what he/she likes to do in your town, where he/she goes. What is there to see in your town?

**Answer:** We have a beautiful castle.

There's a park and a river.

Visitors go to the market.  
The old town. The square...

## Roleplay

4 Roleplay a conversation in a Travel Office with your partner.

**Student A**

You are a tourist at the Travel Office.

Ask for information.

**Student B**

You work in the Travel Office in your home town.

Give information.

This is our town. It's a town of the river. By the river... visit the castle...

That's great. You can...





# 11 I can do that!

UNITARY • Adverbs • Adjective + noun • Everyday problems

Do you have a computer? Do you eat often ...?

→ work → the internet → computer games → shopping → email

Talk to your friends. Tell the class.



## WHAT CAN THEY DO?

can/can't

1 Match the words and photos.

pilot former schoolboy athlete  
motorcycle graduate architect



2 Complete the sentences with a or an and a word from exercise 1.

Whitney is a motorcyclist. He can speak French and German fluently.

2. Laura is a former schoolgirl. She can draw well.

3. Justin is a former student. He can fly 747 jumbo jets.

4. George is a former singer. He can drive a tractor.

5. Lee is a former student. He can run very fast.

6. Olivia is a former student. She can use a computer really well.

7. Margaret is Oliver's a former student. She can make fantastic cakes.

**CD** Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

3 Tell a partner what you can do from exercise 1.

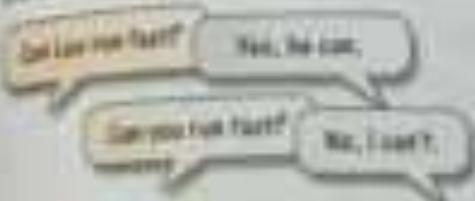
I can use a computer  
and I can draw.

### Questions and negatives

**Task 1** Listen and repeat the questions and answers.

- |                         |                                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Can Marco speak French? | Yes, he can.                      |
| Can you speak French?   | No, I can't.                      |
| Can Jack draw well?     | Yes, she can.                     |
| Can you draw well?      | No, I don't. I can't draw at all. |

1 Ask and answer short questions with a partner. First ask about the people, then ask about your partner.



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**HR** Paul and Talon to Oliver and Demarque. Complete the communication.

Business Law may now be completed. Overall

Ques. No. of hours I \_\_\_\_\_ + All my friends are  
I \_\_\_\_\_ a computer at home in my bedroom and  
we play games at \_\_\_\_\_ all the time.

Q That's great. What other things can you \_\_\_\_\_?  
Q Well, I can \_\_\_\_\_ fast, very fast, and I can  
fly a bit. I can \_\_\_\_\_ really good cars but I  
don't mind them at all! I can drive good planes, too.  
Also, I want to be a pilot and \_\_\_\_\_

[View all news and press releases](#)

Q Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ now speak French. Quantity (how much)  
my dad's French. Yes no \_\_\_\_\_ French  
at home.

D Can you speak any other languages?  
D No, I \_\_\_\_\_ I can't speak German or Spanish,  
nor French - and English of course! And I don't  
like \_\_\_\_\_ cakes. My grandma makes them  
now and I sometimes help her. Yesterday we made a  
big chocolate cake!

**Exercise 1** Listen again and check. Practise the conversations.

• [Home](#) | [About](#) | [Contact](#)

- What can Oliver do? What can't he do?
  - Does his teacher use a computer at school?
  - What does the woman say he should buy?

#### **CHAPTER AND PUBLICATIONS**



文件 ID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000



- Who can be sued? Torts will affect other parties!

## PRACTICE

### Prunciation

1 **LISTEN** Listen and underline can or can't.

- 1 I can / can't speak well.
- 2 She can / can't speak German well.
- 3 His can / can't speak English fluently.
- 4 My can / can't you come to my house?
- 5 You can / can't understand my teacher.
- 6 They can / can't read.
- 7 Can / Can't I have an ice-cream, please?
- 8 Can / Can't we sing?

**LISTEN** Listen again and repeat.

**She can speak Spanish very well!**

2 **LISTEN** Brett speaks a bit English, but she lives in Argentina. Listen and tick (✓) the things she can do.

Can or can't	I can	You	I	You
speak Spanish	✓	✓	✓	✓
speak German	✓	✓	✓	✓
speak English	✓	✓	✓	✓
ride a horse	✓	✓	✓	✓
play golf	✓	✓	✓	✓
swim	✓	✓	✓	✓

3 Complete Brett's sentences with words from the box.

a little bit	very well	very well
quite well	fluently	

- 1 I can speak Spanish \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 I can speak German \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 My friends can speak English \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I can ride \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 I can cook \_\_\_\_\_.

**LISTEN** Listen again and practice the sentences.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Adverbs can come after the verb.  
We can not but.    We can go well.
- 2 Adverbs can go in the middle of the sentence.  
We can speak Spanish fluently.

Please speak fluently.

►► Grammar Reference 11-12 p.128



### Talking about you

4 Complete the chart in exercise 3 about you. Then ask and answer the questions with the teacher and another student.

Can you speak Spanish?

A little bit.

I can't speak Spanish at all.

5 Complete yourself with the teacher and other students.

Teacher and I can ride a horse quite well.  
She can swim, too, but I can't swim at all.

# REQUESTS AND OFFERS

## Can I help you?

- Look at the pictures. Use the words to write questions with Can...?.
- Match these answers with the questions in exercise 1.
  - Sorry, I can't. It's my brother's wedding on Saturday.
  - It's about three thirty.
  - Yes, of course. Here you are.
  - Yes, please. I want to buy this postcard.
  - OK, yes please! That's so kind of you!
  - I'm sorry. Is this better? Can you understand me now?

**LISTEN** Listen and check.

- Practise the questions and answers with a partner. Contrast the conversations.

Can you tell me the time, please?

It's about three thirty.

Thank you.

You're welcome.

Check it:

- Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1  I can understand.  
 I can't understand.
- 2  He can drive a tractor.  
 He can't drive a tractor.
- 3  Can you swim fast?  
 Do you swim fast?
- 4  We can to play tennis quite well.  
 We can play tennis quite well.
- 5  You speak Italian very good.  
 You speak Italian very well.
- 6  He plays very well the piano.  
 He plays the piano very well.



## READING AND LISTENING

### The Internet

- 1 What are these websites for?  
What does 'www' mean?

[www.bbc.co.uk](http://www.bbc.co.uk)

[www.londontheatre.co.uk](http://www.londontheatre.co.uk)

[www.google.com](http://www.google.com)

[www.blogger.com](http://www.blogger.com)

[www.english.aljazeera.net](http://www.english.aljazeera.net)

[www.football365.com](http://www.football365.com)

- 2 Match the verbs and nouns.

Verbs	Nouns
watch	a newspaper
play	a CD
buy	an e-mail
read	Friends
chat to	chat
and	e-mail
look	TV

Which of these things can you do on the Internet?

- 1 What do you know about the Internet? Discuss these questions.

- When did the Internet start?
- Why did it start?
- What can people do on the Internet?

- 4 Read and listen to the text about the Internet. Answer the questions in exercise 3.

- 5 Add the sentences from (a) or (b) to (A) or (B). Connect the false (F) sentences.

- 1 The Internet started in the 1970s.
- 2 Telephone companies started it.
- 3 It started in America.
- 4 In the 1980s, scientists sent messages between computers.
- 5 There is no international computer language.

# You can do more and more on the Internet!

## ► Its history

The Internet started in the 1960s. The United States Department of Defense started it because they wanted a computer network to help the American military. In the 1970s, scientists worked on it and learnt how to send messages between computers. Then in the 1980s, telephone companies made it possible to communicate on the computer networks in many more countries. An international computer language was born, and the Net went worldwide.

## ► Millions of uses

You can use the Internet for millions of things. You can 'google' for information about anything and everything. You can buy and sell clothes and toys. You can book a flight, a holiday, or tickets for the cinema. You can play games. You can watch your favourite TV programmes. You can play chess with a partner in Mexico. You can 'chat' to your friends and share photographs on photo sites. You can write a blog about your life.

You can...  
the list is endless!



## What do you do on the Internet?

- 4 **LISTEN** Listen to the people. When and why do they use the Internet? Complete the information.



Charlotte, 14

When?

Why?



Lauren, 29

When?

Why?



Nade, 23

When?

Why?



Alan Brown, 47

When?

Why?



Max, 10

When?

Why?



Anna, 77

When?

Why?

**LISTEN AGAIN AND ANSWER**

### 3 **What do you do online?**

Work in groups. What different things do you have the Internet for? What are your favorite websites? Tell the class.

## VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

Adjective + noun

- 1 Work with a partner. Match the groups of adjectives with the nouns.

ADJECTIVES	NOUNS
old	food
young	car
tall	people
short	weather
expensive	city
delicious	sport
fresh	films
big	
small	
modern	
dangerous	
exciting	
Funny	
interesting	
boring	
warm and sunny	
cold and wet	



- 2 Complete the sentences with words from exercise 1. Compare answers with a partner.

- A person is \_\_\_\_\_.
- "How \_\_\_\_\_ is your bedsheet?" "It's very \_\_\_\_\_, 1.8 metres."
- Tom's motor racing is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Can I have a \_\_\_\_\_ movie ticket, please?
- New York is a very \_\_\_\_\_ city.
- Charlie Chaplin made movies very \_\_\_\_\_.
- We can't go for a walk. It's too \_\_\_\_\_.

**LISTEN** Listen and complete. Look at the transcript on p129 and practise the conversations.

- 3 Work in groups. Think of examples of these things.

- \* an **expensive car** and a **cheap car**
- \* a **dangerous sport** and a **safe sport**
- \* an **old city** and a **modern city**
- \* an **old film star** and a **young film star**
- \* a **Funny film** and a **Boring film**

Compare your lists.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## Everyday problems

Look at the pictures. Who has a problem with ...?

1 **lost**  
1 **money**  
1 **phone/bag**

directions

a ticket machine

a lost passport

an accident



1 Match the lines with the pictures.

- I can't find it anywhere!
- This machine doesn't work!
- I'm lost.
- I'm so sorry I'm late!
- I can't get on the Internet!
- Are you all right?

1 **LISTEN** Listen and complete the conversations.

A Excuse me! Can you help me? \_\_\_\_\_

B What's the \_\_\_\_\_?

A Great! Could I have ...?

B Turn left near the station. It's \_\_\_\_\_ m.

You \_\_\_\_\_.

2 A Oh no!

B What's the \_\_\_\_\_?

A They're watching \_\_\_\_\_ with my computer. I can't \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet so I can't send my emails.

B Turn everything off and try \_\_\_\_\_. That sometimes \_\_\_\_\_.

3 A Excuse me! Can I take my coat \_\_\_\_\_?

B Did you \_\_\_\_\_ the price? Sorry!

A Oh! You're right!

B Ah, well, thank you \_\_\_\_\_.

A Thank you very much.

4 A Come on! It's time to go to the cinema.

B But I \_\_\_\_\_ my passport! I can't find it anywhere!

A You \_\_\_\_\_ it to your bag.

B Oh! Oh! Oh! My \_\_\_\_\_ is in there!

5 A Are you \_\_\_\_\_?

B Yes, I think so.

A Does your arm hurt?

B It hurts \_\_\_\_\_, but I think it's OK.

6 A I'm so sorry! \_\_\_\_\_

B ERIC! The bus \_\_\_\_\_ is 15 minutes.

A I missed the \_\_\_\_\_.

B I said you'd better! \_\_\_\_\_ Come with me.

Look up!

7 **LISTEN** Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

8 Learn two conversations and say them in front of the class.

# 12

# Please and thank you

I'd like ... / some / any ... • In a restaurant • Signs all around

## STARTER

- 1 Match the activities and the places. What can you do where?

Activities	Places
1 buy newspapers and magazines	a post office
2 buy bread, meat, fruit, and meat	b bookstore
3 change your money	c bank
4 buy stamps and send a postcard	d chemist
5 buy a dictionary	e supermarket
6 get an injection	f coffee shop
7 buy trousers and jackets	g newspaper

- 2 Make sentences with You can ...

You can buy newspapers and magazines in a newspaper ...

**LISTEN AND CHECK**

## SAYING WHAT YOU WANT

I'd like ..., some and any

- 1 **LISTEN** Listen to Adam and complete the conversations. Listen again.

A Good morning. I'd like some chicken, please.

B How much would you like?

A A kilo, please.

B Would you like anything else?

A Yes, I'd like some cheese. ... , you ... say Feta cheese?

B I'm afraid we ... have any Feta cheese. What about mozzarella?

A No, thank you. Just the chicken, then ... much is that?

- 2 **LISTEN** Can I help you?

A Yes, please. I ... like some shampoo.

C We have lots. Should you ... it for dry or normal hair?

A Dry, I think.

C OK. Try this one. ... else?

B Er ... oh yeah. I don't have ... conditions.

D I'd like ... conditions for dry hair, please.

C Yes, of course. That'll be \$6.99, please.

- LISTEN AGAIN AND CHECK** Practise the conversations.



## GRAMMAR SPOT

### Would you?

- I'd like ... a movie ticket than I want ...
- I'd like some chicken please.
- 2. We often say ... Would you like ...? / Would you like anything else?

### Wouldn't you?

- 1. We use words to positive questions.
- I'd like some fruit.
- 2. We use words with questions and negatives.
- Do you have any biscuits?  
→ I don't have any biscuits.

**SEE Grammar Reference 11.1–11.2 p.108**



### 1 LISTEN Listen to two phone conversations with Adams.

	Customer 1	Customer 2
What would you like?		
What do you want?		
What are the words?	I'd like ...	

### 2 ADAMS HAS A HABIT Complete three conversations.

- A: What would you like to drink?  
V: A juice? I'd like an apple juice, please.  
A: Er ... I have ... orange juice, but I don't have ... apple juice.  
V: Don't worry. Orange juice is fine. Thanks.

- A: ... you ... wanting to eat?  
V: Yeah, OK. A sandwich. A cheese sandwich!  
A: Er ... ham? ... cheese? ...  
V: I don't like chicken.  
A: ... you ... some cake, then?  
V: Yes, please. I'd like ...

## Roleplay

- 1 You have a friend at your house. Make him/her feel bad at home! Offer words of these things.

- a sandwich → a coffee = something to eat
- a glass of fresh juice → some juice

Would you like a sandwich?

Yes, please.

What would you like?

An orange juice, please.



- watch the football → listen to the radio
- watch TV → eat the garden
- play some computer games

Would you like to watch the football?

Yes, I'd like to.



### 3 LEARN AND CHECK Practice the conversations.

# PRACTICE

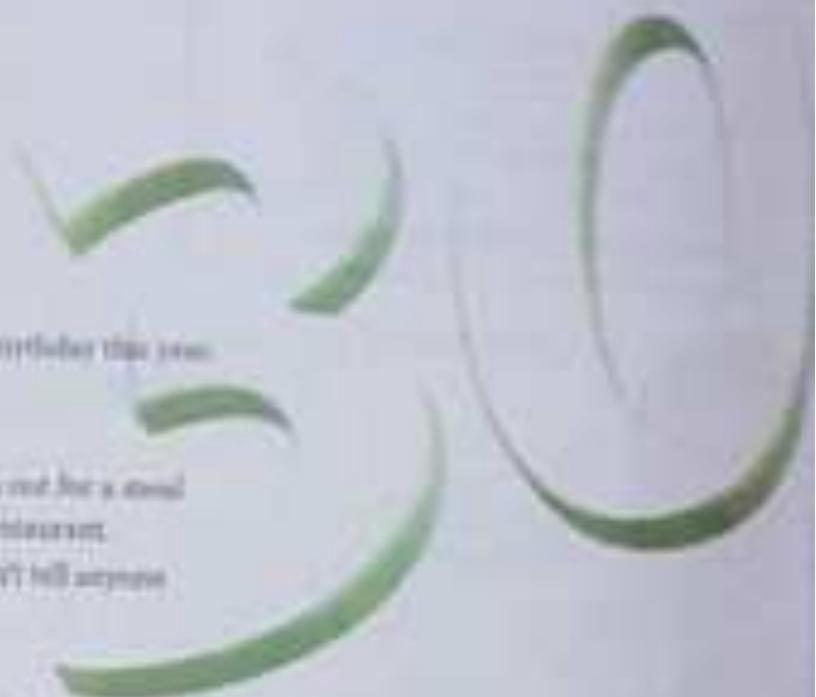
## It's my birthday!

- 1 **LISTEN** Listen to the conversation. What does the woman want to do? Why is the other woman not happy?

- 2 Read and complete the conversation with words from the box.

would you like    it is    I'd like to [do]    some

- A: Hey, isn't it your birthday today?  
 B: Yeah, next week on the 5th.  
 A: So, what \_\_\_\_\_ for your birthday?  
 B: I don't know. I don't need anything.  
 A: But \_\_\_\_\_ for you something?  
 B: That's kind. But I think \_\_\_\_\_ forget my birthday this year.  
 A: What? You don't want any presents? Why not?  
 B: Well, I'm 30 next week, and that feels old.  
 A: Thirty! You're old. Come on! \_\_\_\_\_ help you out for a special  
 30th \_\_\_\_\_ friends. You can choose the restaurant.  
 B: OK, then. Thank you. \_\_\_\_\_ that. But don't tell anyone  
 it's my birthday.  
 A: Oh, that's silly!



- LISTEN** Listen again and check. Practise the conversation.

## Birthday wishes

- 1 **LISTEN** Listen to three people. It's their birthday soon. Complete the chart.

What would they like for a present?	Like to do in the evening?
 Kelly	
 Mike	
 Anna	



- 4 When do you receive presents? Ask and answer questions about what you like.

What present would you like?

I'd like a PC, and some new clothes...

How about you? What would you like?

## do and would like

1 What's the difference between these sentences?

I'd like fruit juice. I'd like a fruit juice.

2 Read and listen to the two conversations.

Which conversation is about what you like day after day? Which is about what you want to do now?

A What do you like doing in your free time?

B I like going to the mall, and I like playing computer games.

A Do you like playing ...?

C What would you like to do this weekend?

D I'd like to go out. What about you?

E Great! Would you like to go to the mall?

F I'd love to!

Practise the conversations with a partner.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

1 **Use nouns or adjectives**

like **me**.

like **going to the mall**.

2 **Use verbs to have or have**

like **a cup of tea, please**.

**I'd like to go to the mall, please.**

►► Grammar Reference 10.1 p129

## Talking about you

1 Work with a partner. Make conversations.

What do you like doing in your free time?

I like ... and I like ... What about you?

What would you like to do this weekend?

Well, I'd like to ... What about you?

eat in a restaurant

see a film

go shopping

## Listening and pronunciation

1 **LISTEN** Listen to the conversations. Tick (✓) the sentences you hear.

1  Would you like a coffee?

Do you like coffee?

2  I like watching films.

To like to watch a film.

3  We like flats with big bedrooms.

We'd like a flat with two bedrooms.

4  What would you like to do?

What do you like doing?

5  I like new clothes.

I'd like some new clothes.

Look at **LISTEN** on p121 and practise the conversations.

### Check it

1 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

1  I like leaves early today.

I'd like to have early today.

2  Do you like your job?

Would you like your job?

3  Would you like tea or coffee?

You like tea or coffee?

4  I'd like some tea, please.

I'd like some tea, please.

5  They like something to eat.

They'd like something to eat.

6  I don't have any money.

I don't have some money.

play computer games

watch football

go fishing

sleep a lot



## READING AND SPEAKING

You are what you eat

### 1 Match the food and the pictures.

chicken	fish	rice	yogurt	salad
eggs	rice	bread	breakfast cereal	salad



### 2 Work in three groups.

Group A Read about **MASUMI TAKAHASHI**

Group B Read about **CAROLINE WESTY**

Group C Read about **FATHI AL QANTANI**

Answer the questions.

- Which food is exercise? Does he/she eat?
  - What does he/she have for breakfast, lunch, and dinner?
  - What time does he/she eat?
  - What does he/she like doing? Where?
  - What would he/she like to do?
  - Does he/she play exercise?
- 3 Find a reader from the other two groups. Compare and swap information.

What do you think?

- Do all these people have a good diet? Do they exercise?
- What do you eat at a day? (School)
- Would you like the food they eat in Japan? Why? (Not much fat)
- What suggestions can you make for a good diet?

Actions of that      Don't have too much sugar

**MASUMI TAKAHASHI, JAPAN**

Name: Masumi Takahashi  
Age: 50  
Lives: Tokyo, Japan  
Works: In a bank

In Japan we eat rice at every meal.  
For breakfast, we have rice, fish, and tea.

At 12.00 I have bento, which is a lunch box. My wife makes this for me every day. There are small dishes of rice, fish, vegetables, eggs, and sometimes meat.

In the evening, we have more fish, rice with beans. I'd like to eat with my children but I don't get home till 9.00.

At the weekend, we like doing things together. We go for walks, and have dinner. We eat lots of small dishes. We don't put a lot of food on our plate, so we don't eat too much.

# What's on your plate?

Three people from different parts of the world describe what they eat each day.

## CAROLINE WELTY, USA

Name: Caroline Welty  
Age: 29  
Jobs: Brooklyn, New York  
Works: In a restaurant



I eat little and early. I have toast and cereal for breakfast, and salad for lunch at about 11.30. For dinner I usually eat chicken, fish or veggie. If I have a snack between meals, it's always fruit.

I ride my bike to work across Brooklyn Bridge, and run 10 kilometres a day. I'd like to run the New York Marathon this year. I'm a waitress, so I'm on my feet all day.

Too many people in this country don't eat right. They say they don't have time to buy food and cook, so they snack all the time.

At home I like cooking for friends. For me the dinner table is the centre of the home.

## FATH AL QAHTANI, SAUDI ARABIA

Name: Fath Al Qahtani  
Age: 32  
Jobs: Riyadh, Saudi Arabia  
Works: In a hospital



For breakfast I have bread with cheese, eggs, yogurt and tea. Lunch is at 2 pm. It is usually a big meal, with lots of different dishes. Perhaps some chicken or fish with rice - "kabsa" - vegetables, hummus and tomato sauce. We drink fruit juice or water with the meal.

We have dinner at 8. Traditionally the evening meal was much smaller than lunch, but now it is the big meal of the day. Of course during Ramadan we eat just two meals, one before dawn, and one after sunset.

I'd like to eat out more often but I don't have time. I live near the hospital so I like walking to work. It's my only exercise!

## VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

### In a restaurant

- 1 Read the menu. What do you like on the menu? What don't you like? Tell a partner.

I like ... and ... I don't like ... or ...

- 2 **LISTEN** Listen to Liam and Maddy ordering a meal in the CAFÉ FRESCO.

What was the name of the song? (Liam) M (Maddy), or W (Cassie).

3 **Roleplay** Listen to the conversation between Liam and Maddy.

Well, I am. Are you ready, Maddy?

Sure, I am. What's the song of the day?

French onion soup.

Liam, I'd like the French onion soup to start, please.

And to follow?

Take the salmon salad with some chips on the side.

Thank you. And you, sir? What would you like?

Er ... I'd like the tomato and mozzarella salad, followed by the burger and chips.

Would you like any side orders?

No, thank you, for the burgers.

And to drink?

Sparkling water for me, please. What about you, Liam?

The same for me. Well, like a bottle of sparkling water, please.

Fine, I'll bring the drinks immediately.

- 3 Practise the conversation in groups of three.

### Roleplay

- 4 Work in groups of three. Roleplay being customers and waiters in a restaurant.



## CAFÉ FRESCO



### STARTERS

Soup of the day £4.20

Tomato and mozzarella salad £3.80

### MAINS

Burger and chips £7.20

Fish and chips £7.50

Saladon salad £7.00

Spaghetti Bolognese £9.20

Pizza Margherita £7.80

### SANDWICHES

Chicken and salad £6.50

Cheese and tomato £5.80

Egg mayonnaise £5.90

### SIDE ORDERS

Chips £2.50

Mixed salad £3.20

Mixed green vegetables £2.10

### DESSERTS

Chocolate cake £7.80

Apple pie and ice-cream £7.80

### DRINKS

Mineral water, still or sparkling £1.80

Cola £2.60 Fruit juice £2.20

Coffee £2.00 Tea £1.80



OPEN 11AM TUE-FRIDAY

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Signs all around

Look at the signs. Where can you see them?



1 Match signs 1–10.

- |                               |                                       |                                       |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. You can go in here.        | 6. Push this door to open it.         | 11. You can buy something cheap here. |
| 2. You can go out here.       | 7. Pull this door to open it.         | 12. Stand and wait here.              |
| 3. You can't sit here.        | 8. Men can go to the toilet here.     | 13. Sit down.                         |
| 4. You can't smoke here.      | 9. You can go up or down floors here. | 14. You can't go to here.             |
| 5. This machine doesn't work. | 10. Women can go to the toilet here.  |                                       |

2 Listen to the lines of conversation. Which signs do they go with?

1 \_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_

3 Work with a partner. Write a conversation that goes with a sign. Act it to the class. Can they identify the correct sign?

# 13

# Here and now

Colours and clothes • Present Continuous • Opposite words • What's the weather?

## STARTER

- 1 What are the colours? Write the colours from the box.

blue	red	green
black	white	yellow
orange	grey	



1 \_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_



7 \_\_\_\_\_



8 \_\_\_\_\_

What is your favourite colour?  
Tell the class.

- 2 What are the clothes? Write words from the box.

a jacket	a trousers	shoes and socks	a scarf	a jumper	trousers
blouse	a suit	a shirt and tie	a skirt	a dress	a T-shirt and shorts



1 A JUMPER



2



3



4



5



6



7



8



9



10



11



12

ENGLISH Listen and repeat:

- 1 What clothes can you see in the classroom? What colour are they?

Laura's blazer is pink.

Roberto's shirt is blue.

# WHAT ARE THEY WEARING?

Present Continuous

Look at the pictures. Complete the descriptions with the adjectives and clothes.

- Nigel's wearing a grey \_\_\_\_\_ and a white \_\_\_\_\_. He's reading his emails.
- Lew's wearing a \_\_\_\_\_ T-shirt and \_\_\_\_\_ trousers. He's running.
- Rich's wearing \_\_\_\_\_ jeans and a black \_\_\_\_\_. He's carrying bags of drama books. She's carrying a black bag.
- Trix's wearing a \_\_\_\_\_ jacket and \_\_\_\_\_ trousers. They're eating ice-cream.
- Polly and Penney are wearing yellow \_\_\_\_\_ and blue \_\_\_\_\_. They're eating ice-cream.



Line and check. Practice the scenarios.

## GRAMMAR SPOT

1 The Present Continuous describes what is happening now.

He's reading his emails.

He's eating his dinner.

I'm coming to the classroom.

2 It's true for Present Continuous with the verb be and 'to do' + verb + -ing (complete the sentences).

I'm studying \_\_\_\_\_ (study) English.

You're writing \_\_\_\_\_ (write) your story.

They're playing \_\_\_\_\_ (play) in the garden.

My grammar reference 10.3 p129

3 Work with a partner. Describe someone in the room. Who is it?

**He's wearing a white shirt, blue jeans. He's eating out to eat.**

TAKE

4

Listen and repeat the questions.

What's he wearing? What's she doing? What are they doing?

Ask and answer the questions about the pictures with a partner.

What's Nigel wearing?

A grey suit and ...

What's he doing?

He's ...

Unit 11 • Present continuous 61

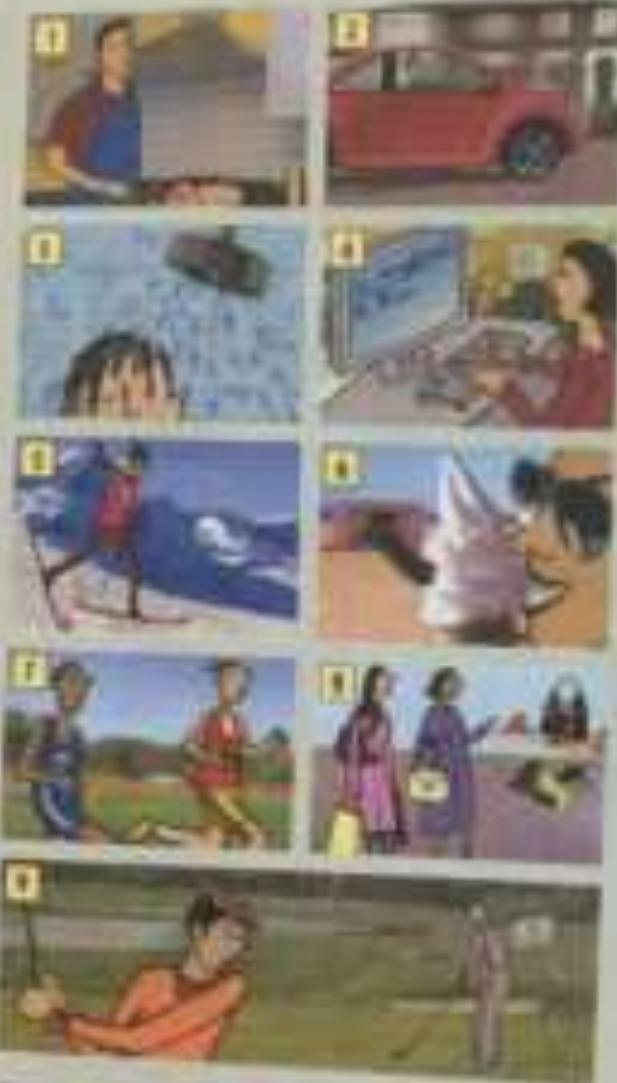
## PRACTICE

### Asking questions

- 1 Work with a partner. What are the people doing? Ask and answer questions.

What's he doing?

He's cooking.



- 1.12** Listen and check. What extra information do you hear?

- 2 Listen to your partner. Can your partner guess what you are doing?

You're reading!

Yes, I am. I'm reading a book.

You're playing tennis!

No, I'm not. I'm playing pool.

## HE'S ON HOLIDAY AT THE MOMENT Present Simple and Present Continuous

- 1 Read about Nigel. Complete the text with the verbs in the box.

IP	has	works	Has
been	arrived	left	left

### Nigel at work

Nigel is a businessman. He (1) works from 8.00 to 1.30 every day. He always (2) \_\_\_\_\_ at least two hours for lunch. He usually (3) \_\_\_\_\_ back to his desk at 1.30. He (4) \_\_\_\_\_ home at about 7.00 every evening and he (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to his children before they (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to bed. He often (7) \_\_\_\_\_ very tired at the end of the day.



- 1.13** Listen and check.

1 Nigel and his family are on holiday in Spain. Nigel is talking with his boss, Bill, on his mobile phone.

**1.1.1** Listen to and read the conversation.



## Nigel on holiday

NigelHello.

Bill Nigel, it's Bill, sorry to call you about work.

N Oh, hi Bill! That's OK.

B First things first, are you having a good time?

N Yes, we are. We're having a great time!

B Are you staying in a hotel?

N No, we're not. We're staying in a house—with a swimming pool near the beach.

B Wonderful. And your family? Are they enjoying it?

N Oh, yes. The kids are swimming in the pool right now. Can you hear them?

B I can. And are you and your wife relaxing?

N We are. We're sitting by the pool. Karen's drinking lemonade, and I'm reading a lot. And I'm not wearing a shirt and no, just shorts and a T-shirt.

B You're lucky. It's raining again here. Sure. I'm calling about work...

N OK, Bill, what's the problem?

B Well...

## GRAMMAR SPOT

Read the situations.

He **wasn't** at the party.

He's **wearing** a T-shirt.

The children **were** playing football.

There **is** free Wi-Fi **at** the hotel **now**.

**►►►** Grammar Reference 10.2 p119

- 3 How many true sentences can you make about Nigel's holiday? Compare with your partner.

Nigel		swimming the bushes
Karen		talking to Bill
Bill	isn't	calling Nigel
The children	are	playing in a house
It	aren't	wearing a shirt
They		taking a sunbath
		swimming in the pool
		relaxing

- 4 Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about Nigel's holiday.

1 Are they ... a good time?

2 Where ... staying?

3 What ... the children doing?

4 When ...Karen doing?

5 What ... Nigel doing?

6 Is he ... a shirt?

7 Why ... Bill calling?

Are they having a good time?

Now, see p119

**1.1.2** Listen and check.

- 5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

1 Nigel **was** ..... (be) in a house in London. But now he **is** **in** ... (stay) in a house for the week.

2 He **usually** ..... (read) a book but today he ..... (swim) shorts.

3 His parents ..... (relax) at work, but now he ..... (relax) by the pool.

4 Karen ..... (work) in a shop, but today she ..... (shop) for clothes.

5 The children ..... (swim) in a swimming pool, but earlier they ..... (swim) in the pool.

6 You ..... (visit) ... (visit) ... (visit) ... (visit)

## PRACTICE

### Questions and answers

#### 1 Make the questions

- 1 you're wearing a new jacket?  
Are you wearing a new jacket?
- 2 we learnt Chinese?
- 3 I'm reading a book?
- 4 you're writing the teacher?
- 5 the teacher was here yesterday?
- 6 all the students speak English?
- 7 you know a lot of English?
- 8 it's very noisy?

Stand up. Ask and answer the questions.

Are you wearing a new jacket?

No, I'm not.  
I'm really not.

### A photo of you

- 1 Bring a photograph of you to class. Say:
  - where you are.
  - what you're doing.
  - who you're with.
  - what you're wearing.

### Check it

- 1 Tick () the correct answers.
  - 1  I'm wearing a blue shirt today.  
 I'm wearing a blue shirt today.
  - 2  Where are you going?  
 Where you going?
  - 3  Peter isn't working this week.  
 Peter isn't working this week.
  - 4  There's Nabil over there. He talks to the teacher.  
 There's Nabil over there. They're talking to the teacher.
  - 5  Heidi is German. She comes from Berlin.  
 Heidi is German. She's coming from Berlin.
  - 6  Why aren't you having a coffee?  
 Why you're not having a coffee?

## READING AND LISTENING

This week is different.

- 1 How do very rich people spend their time and money? What don't they do? Compare ideas with the class.

They often have very big, expensive cars.

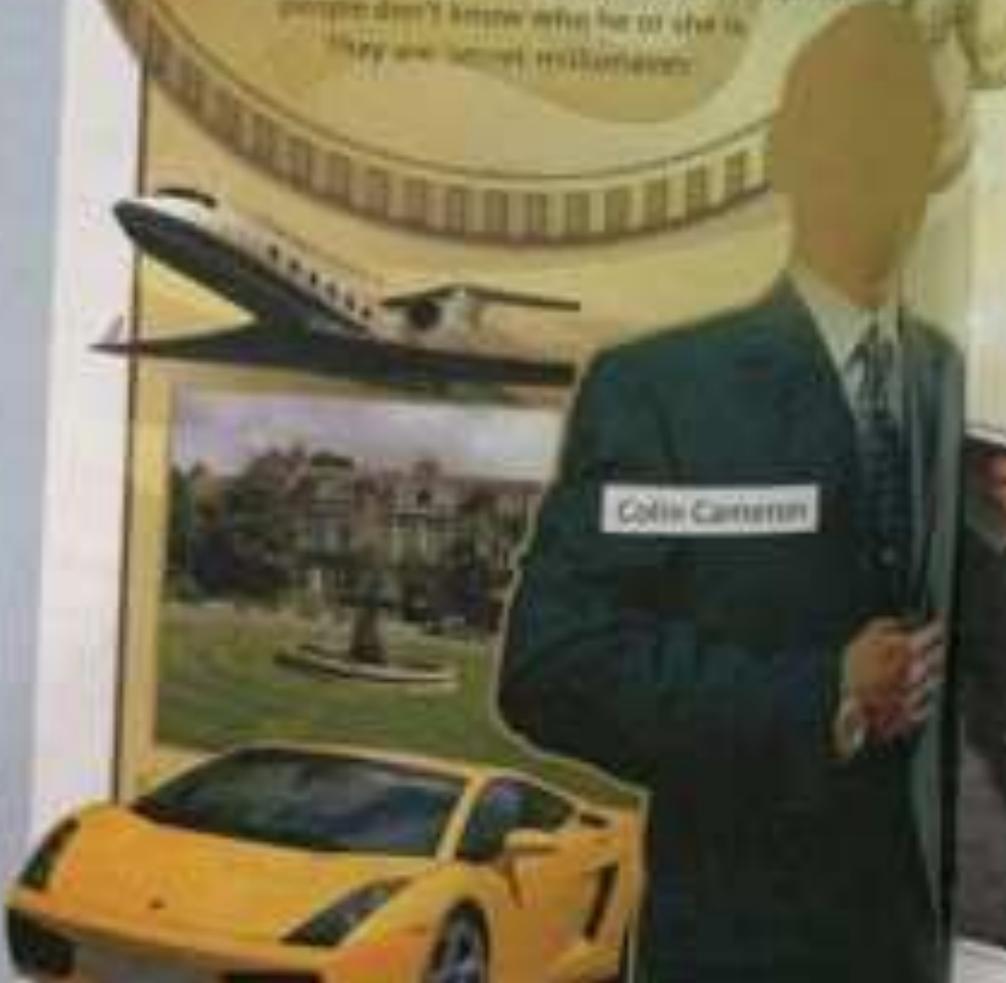
They don't travel by public transport.

- 2 Read the introduction to the TV programme *The Secret Millionaire*. What do the millionaires do in the programme? Why are they called *secret millionaires*?

# THE SECRET MILLIONAIRE

**The Secret Millionaire** is a programme on UK TV's Channel 4. Every week a different millionaire leaves his or her comfortable, expensive home and flies and parks his private jet with people who aren't rich and need help. The people don't know who he or she is because they are secret millionaires.

Colin Camerer



## Find about Colin Garmerton. Complete the questions.

1. When \_\_\_\_\_ he started his business?  
 2. Where \_\_\_\_\_ he born?  
 3. When \_\_\_\_\_ are children?  
 4. Does he \_\_\_\_\_ be a lucky man?  
 5. Why \_\_\_\_\_ he help?  
 6. Who does he \_\_\_\_\_ to help?

Look with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

### A. True. This week is different. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. Colin went to Manchester by bus.  
 2. He's staying in a flat in the centre of the city.  
 3. He isn't sleeping in a bedroom.  
 4. The house is for homeless girls.  
 5. He's helping the boys to read and write.  
 6. They don't think that he is a good teacher.  
 7. Colin isn't enjoying the work at all.  
 8. He wants to give Roger and Margaret a lot of money.

## Listening

- 4 **LISTEN** Listen to find connections with Colin. Complete the chart.

	What's he taking back?	What's he giving away?
1		
2		
3		
4		

## What do you think?

Discuss the questions.

- How is Colin a type of millionaire? How is he not?
- Why would Colin like his job to meet the boys?
- Do you think the TV programme is a good idea?

**Colin Garmerton** is this week's millionaire. He started his business 10 years ago when he was 19. He's now worth £162 million and lives with his wife and two teenage sons in a beautiful big country house. He also has a house in Paris, and apartments in London and New York. He drives a yellow Lamborghini and even has a private plane. He says:

"I am a very lucky man. Now I want to help people who are not as lucky as I am, especially young people."

## This week is different

Colin left his family last weekend and went by train to Manchester. He is now living in Moss Side, a poor part of the city. He is staying with a married couple, Roger and Margaret. They think he is looking for work in Manchester.



Roger and Margaret

Roger and Margaret live in a small flat on the 8th floor of an apartment block. They only have one bedroom so Colin is sleeping in the sofa in the living room. They have a house for homeless teenage boys.

This week Colin is working with the boys in the hostel. He's old, going teaching in a very poor house of the boy can't read and writes very well and he is helping them learn so that they can find jobs.

Roger, Margaret and the boys like Colin. They think that he is a good teacher. They know he also he is a millionaire. Colin says:

"I'm improving my family a lot but Roger and Margaret are wonderful people. I'm enjoying my time with them very much. I'm improving a lot about life. At the end of the week I want to give them £100,000 to build a new hostel. I'd like to bring my sons here to meet them all."

Boys from the hostel



## VOCABULARY AND LISTENING

### Opposite verbs

1 Look at the two pictures. Underline the verbs. They are verbs with opposite meaning.

The teacher is sitting on a sofa.  We're **sitting** here.

2 Match the verbs with their opposites.

1 **have** return

2 **work** rest

3 **buy** sell

4 **walk** drive

5 **lose** find

6 **open** close

7 **turn on** turn off

8 **start** stop

9 **get up** go to bed

10 **remember** forget

11 **put on** take off

12 **wear** not wear

play	off	help	forget	wear
stop	on	forget	take off	not wear
get to bed	rise	not	put on	wear

3 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the opposite verb in the correct form.



1 Please don't ask me any more questions. I can't answer them.



2 I'm selling my old car and I'm buying a new one.



3 We always get up at seven in the morning and stay at home in the evenings.



4 It was cold, so Tom took off his T-shirt and wore a winter jumper.



5 I usually walk to school, but yesterday I was late so I ran all the way.



6 John's playing tennis with Peter today. He almost loses. He wins.



7 Don't turn off the TV. I'm watching it! Please turn it on again!

4 **TALK** Listen. Write down the opposite verbs in each conversation.

1 Get me. I need you.

2 Put it on. I can't see it.

3 Turn it off. I can't sleep.

4 Take it off. I feel hot.

5 Put your shoes on. You need them.

6 Get your bag. You need it.

7 Put your coat on. It's cold outside.

Look at the transcript on p122. Practise the conversations.

# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## What's the matter?

Match the matter with the people! Complete the sentences with words in the box.

bad angry thirsty sick bored moved hungry a cold headache



**1.100** Listen and repeat.

1 Complete the conversations with words from exercise 1.



- A: What's the matter?  
B: I'm \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A: Why don't you have a soup  
or something?  
B: That's a good idea.  
A: So do you? I'll make тебе now.



- C: What's the matter?  
D: I have a bad \_\_\_\_\_.  
C: Oh dear! Why don't you  
take some aspirin?  
D: I don't have any.  
C: No problem, I have some.

### Dialogue

**1.101** Listen and repeat.  
Underline the words from  
exercise 1 you didn't know.

- go to bed early
- get an infection
- have a sandwich
- have a cold now
- make a friend
- watch a DVD
- sit down and relax
- get to the ear
- have a cold throat

**1.102** Listen and check. Practise the conversations with a partner.

# 14

# It's time to go!

Reading • Grammar review  
Vocabulary review • Social situations (2)

## Transport

- 1 Write the form of transport.



1 \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_



7 \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_

- 2 How do you travel? Where not?

I usually come to school by bus.  
But today I came by car.

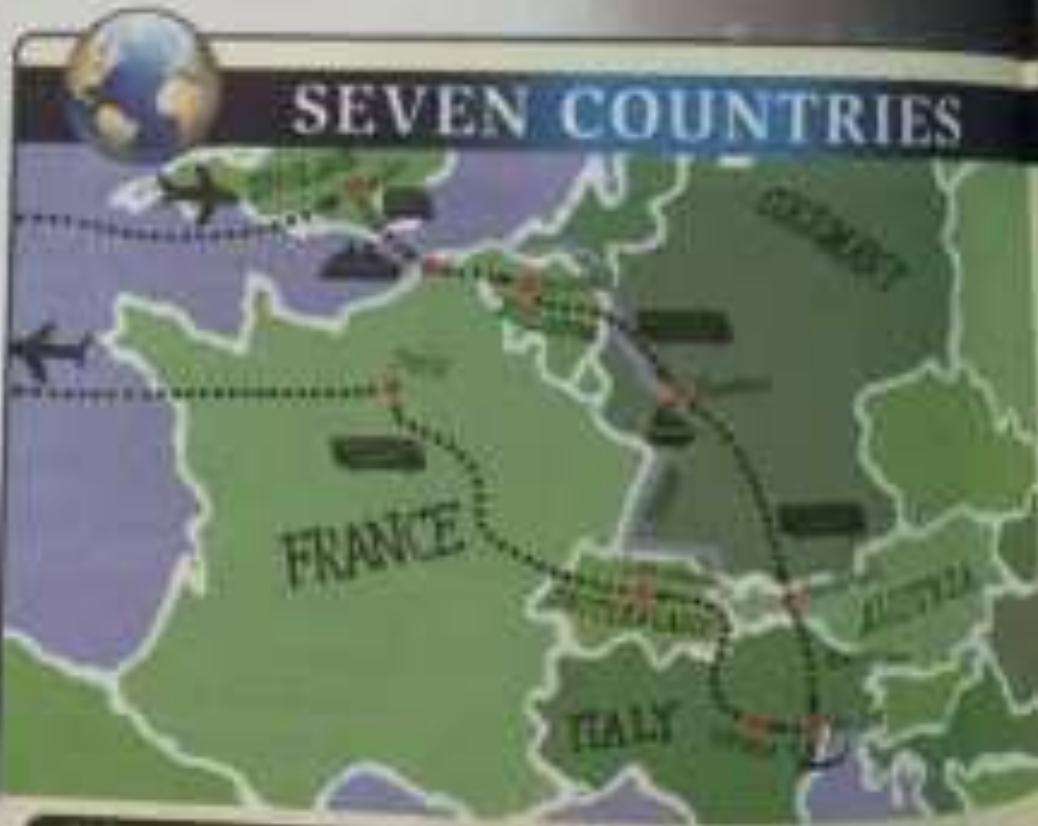
Sometimes I travel by ...

## SEVEN COUNTRIES IN SEVEN DAYS!

### Future plans

1 Bill and Elvira Bigelow are from the US. Next week they are going on holiday to Europe. Look at the map and answer the questions.

- 1 Which seven countries are they going to visit?
  - 2 Where does the holiday begin? Where does it end?
  - 3 How are they travelling?
- 2 Read the holiday information and check your answers.



### HOLIDAY INFORMATION

- 1 **SUNDAY COLUMBUS AIRPORT, OHIO, USA – LONDON, ENGLAND**  
Fly overnight to London.

- 2 **MONDAY LONDON, ENGLAND**

Check into hotel. Eat tour of London, visit Buckingham Palace, the House of Parliament, the Tower of London. See the city from the London Eye.



## IN SEVEN DAYS

### 0 TUESDAY LONDON — WIEZUM — FRANKFURT, GERMANY

Very morning start. Ferry across the English Channel and coach through Belgium and into Germany. Existing train across the Rhine River. Overnight in Frankfurt.

### 1 WEDNESDAY FRANKFURT — INNSBRUCK, AUSTRIA

Coach down through Germany to the Alps and Austria. Overnight in Innsbruck.

### 2 THURSDAY INNSBRUCK — BRENNECKE PASS — AUSTRIA, ITALY

Motorcycle. Drive past the famous 'Europa Bridge' and down through the Brennec Pass to Venice. Boat ride along the Canals to Punta San Marco. Overnight in Venice.

### 3 FRIDAY VENICE — LAKE LUCERNE, SWITZERLAND

Bus to Innsbruck to see Hermann and Adolf's factory. Drive through the St. Gotthard Tunnel to Switzerland and beautiful Lake Lucerne. Overnight at Lake Lucerne.

### 4 SATURDAY LAKE LUCERNE — PARIS, FRANCE

By automobile into France and through country roads to Paris. Rest room in the evening in a Left Bank hotel. Overnight in Paris.

### 5 SUNDAY PARIS — COLUMBUS AIRPORT, OHIO, USA

Morning flight leaving in Paris, the 8:00 train. Stop over in Montral, Canada to see the Mount. Return flight back to Columbus, Ohio.

### GRAMMAR SPOT

There are two ways of talking about situations:

#### Past tense

They're flying to Europe tomorrow.  
We're having a holiday for six weeks.  
I'm going to.

#### Present continuous

We're going to have a big meal of London.  
We're going to stop in Vienna.

**►►► Grammar Reference 10.3 p129**

1 Read this holiday information from website. Complete the questions.

- On Sunday they're flying to \_\_\_\_\_.
- On Monday they're going to have \_\_\_\_\_ hour of London.
- On Tuesday they're travelling about \_\_\_\_\_ and will \_\_\_\_\_.
- On Wednesday they'll be going to drive down to the Alps and \_\_\_\_\_.
- On Thursday they're going to \_\_\_\_\_ the Europa Bridge.
- On Friday they're going to \_\_\_\_\_ in Vienna. They're \_\_\_\_\_ to see Hitler's Museum.
- On Saturday evening they're \_\_\_\_\_ home to a break in Paris.
- On Sunday morning they're \_\_\_\_\_ to the Louvre to see the Mona Lisa. In the evening they're \_\_\_\_\_ back to the US.

**►►► Listen and check. Practise the responses.**

### QUESTIONS

4 **►►►** Listen and repeat the questions.

What are they doing on Sunday?

What are they going to do on Monday?

Complete the questions about Bill and Gloria.

- What's happening Tuesday?
- What's going to be Wednesday?
- What's going to close the Europa Bridge?
- What's going to the National?
- What's happening during Saturday?
- What's going to the Louvre?
- What's flying back to the US?

**►►►** Listen and check. Ask and answer the questions with your partner.

## PRACTICE

Eddie's photos



- 1 Eddie is talking to a friend about his holiday plans. Complete the conversation with the question words.

when	where (to)	what	who
how	how much	how long	

**Friend** What ... are you doing?

**Eddie** I'm planning my holiday.

**F** Oh, ... are you going?

**E** I'm going to South Africa. It's my first time.

**F** Oh, what's the holiday? ... are you having?

**E** I'm having some beach time.

**F** ... are you going with?

**E** I'm not going with anyone, but the air and my backpack.

**F** ... are you going to stay?

**E** Well, I'm staying with friends in Cape Town. Then I'm going up north. I'm going to stay in a tent.

**F** Fantastic! And ... are you going to travel?

**E** By plane to Cape Town, of course, and then by jeep around the northern.

**F** By jeep! How exciting! And ... are you going to pay?

**E** Just two weeks. I'd like to stay longer but I can't. It's too expensive.

**F** ... is it going to cost?

**E** Almost £2,000.

**F** Miserable, that's quite a lot. Well, have a great time. I can't wait to see your photos.

**E** Oh, yes, I'm going to take a lot of photos.

**TASK** Listen and check. Practise the conversation with a partner.



- 2 Ask and answer questions about Eddie's holiday plan with your partner.

- When (going)? **Where's he going?**
- Who (going)? **He's going to South Africa.**
- What's the holiday? **Why is he going there?**
- How (going to travel)? **How**
- Where (going to stay)?
- How long (going to stay)?

### talking about you

- 3 With your partner, ask and answer questions about you. Ask about:

- After the lesson
- This evening
- Tomorrow
- Next weekend
- On your next holiday (where)

**What are you doing/going to do after the lesson?**

### Check-in

- 4 Each sentence has one word missing. Write it in.

1. What ... you doing this evening?
2. I'm going see some friends tonight.
3. When they going to France?
4. She visiting the fashion ...
5. What time are you to leave?
6. I'm going to the mall Saturday afternoon.

# VOCABULARY REVISION

words that go together

match words A with words in B.

B
surf
photograph
by train
go out with friends
a bike
carefully
a surf
your homework
surf on the internet

Work with a partner. Talk about your plans.

I'm going to travel by train next Saturday.

1 Draw a line between words that have a connection.

station	journalist	airport
shampoo		hospital
newspaper	train	swimming
waiter	kitchen	menu
fridge	nurse	planes
beach	chemist's	

Explains the connections. Then travel between stations.

1 There words belong to a group just one is different. Selecting the one that is different. Why is it different?

1 bus	bus	bus	bus
2 wife	wife	want	grandfather
3 lovely	lovely	amazing	awful
4 trousers	trousers	uncle	boring
5 sofa	sofa	area	laptop
6 doctor	doctor	cooker	partner

## Pronunciation

4 Write the words in the correct box.

Two syllables

One	Two	Three	Four
photo	surf	surfboard	surfer

TASK 1 Listen and check.

Three syllables

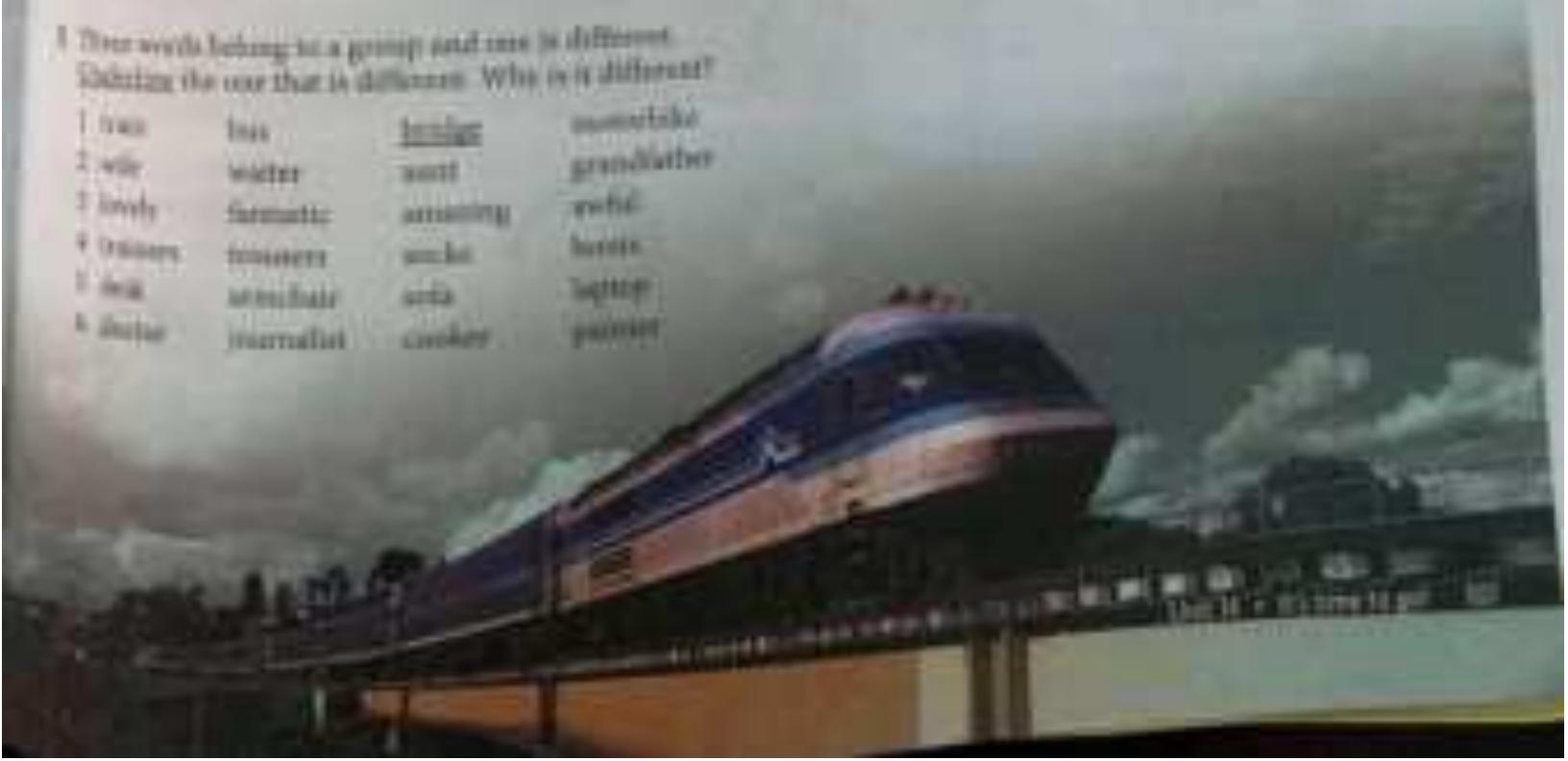
one-syllable	two-syllable	three-syllable	four-syllable	five-syllable
photograph	surfboard	surfer	surfers	surfers

TASK 2 Listen and check.

3 TASK 3 Listen and underline the two words that rhyme.

1 sun	sun	sun
2 pen	pen	pen
3 hen	hen	hen
4 week	week	week
5 nose	nose	nose
6 wall	wall	wall

TASK 4 Listen again and check.



## READING AND SPEAKING

Life's big events

- 1 Put these life events back in order.

- went to school
- was born
- got married
- grew up
- studied at university
- met a husband/wife

- 2 Look at the pictures of the people.

**INFO** Listen to Milena Dvorská, Georg Reinhardt, and Archie McCrae talk about their lives. Who talks about ...?

- his/her parents
- his/her husband/wife
- his/her studies
- where he/she lives

What do they say?

- 3 Work in three groups.

**Group A** Read about Milena Dvorská.

**Group B** Read about Georg Reinhardt.

**Group C** Read about Archie McCrae.

Read your text quickly. Find one piece of information about his/her past, present, and future. Compare your ideas in your group.

- 4 Read your text again and answer the questions.

- 1 Where ... born?
- 2 Where ... live? Who ... with?
- 3 Where ... grow up?
- 4 What ... parents did? What ... with dad?
- 5 Where ... go to school?
- 6 What ... studying at school/university?
- 7 Who ... going to see?
- 8 What ... going to do later?
- 9 How does ... feel about going?

Find a student from the other two groups. Compare and swap information.

# Past, Present, Three people talk about their family



# and Future

## education, work, and ambitions.

**Sarah Dusek** is Czech. She was born in Prague, where she still lives with her mother, father and two sisters. She's 18, and she goes to an international school, studying English, psychology, and economics.

*My father is a journalist, and works for a newspaper called Blesk. My mother works as a chef in a restaurant in the Old Town.*

*I always want to travel in England. She's going to study business when she's 19, so it's important that she speaks very good English. Her mother says she's going to London for two months to study at a language school. She's going to stay with an English family, and now's going to learn English for two hours a day. She's excited about going to London, but a little bit worried, too. "I hope the English are nice, and I hope I like English food," she says.*

**George Rauschendorf** is an architect. He's married, and he lives with his wife, Karin, and three children in Berlin. Karinna is a housewife, and the two eldest children go to a local school.

*I was born in Frankfurt, where I grew up until I went to school. I studied architecture at the University of Mainz. I met Karinna at university. She was a student of modern languages. We moved to Berlin in 1990.*

*My wife has been working here ever since we came to Germany, so most of the university of California in Berkeley for three years. We have a son, and we're going to live at the university campus, where there is a school for the children. His wife is going to teach German.*

*We're all very excited about moving. The kids are learning English. They want to live the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco," says George. "We will and I'm looking forward to living in America all year round."*

**Anton McDowell** is Scottish. He was born in Glasgow, where he grew up with his parents and his brother and sister. His father is a doctor and his mother works for the research company, Roche.

*I went to Dumbarton High School. I studied biology, chemistry, and physics. In 1991 I left home, and we got married when we were 22. We studied medicine together at the same university, and now we live in Edinburgh.*

*My plan is to work in developing countries. Next month they're going to Zambia, Southern Africa, for a year to work in a hospital in the west of the country. They're going to treat doctors and nurses as volunteers over the hospital.*

*How do they feel about their trip? "We're very excited, but a bit nervous," says Anton. "Zambia is a beautiful country, but very poor. The people are wonderful. I hope we can help them."*

### Talking about you

- 1 When we meet someone for the first time, we sometimes say a little bit about ourselves.

I want to...  
I'm going to...

Find the expressions in the box in the texts about Milena, George, and Anton. Underline them.

not have	give up	be with
going to	have	work as
holiday/travel	work	excited about

- 4 Use the expressions to answer the writing questions about you.

- 5 Work with a partner. Imagine you are meeting for the first time.

Tell something about yourself.

Ask questions to hear more about him/her.

What do you...?

What are you...?

What are you going to...?

# GRAMMAR REVISION

## Tenses

- 1 Complete the sentences about Archie McCrae from p 109 with the verbs in the correct tense.

- 1 Archie and Fionn **live** ..... (live) in Edinburgh.
- 2 Archie ..... (have) a brother and a sister.
- 3 His mother ..... (work) for a research company, Bayar.
- 4 Archie ..... (grow up) in Glasgow.
- 5 He ..... (study) medicine at university.
- 6 He and Fionn ..... (go) to work in Zambia now.

## Questions

- 2 Complete the questions about Archie.

- 1 Where **do** Archie and Fionn **live**?  
They live in Edinburgh.
- 2 How many .....?  
Two one brother and one sister.
- 3 What .....? **but**  
A research company called 'Bayar'.
- 4 Where did .....?  
To Glasgow.
- 5 What .....?  
Medicine.
- 6 Where are .....?  
Zambia.

## Check it

- 3 Underline and correct the mistakes.

- 1 **He come** from China.
- 2 I **not want** to go out.
- 3 She **has 18 years old**.
- 4 Where **you live**?
- 5 I **want** in Algeria last year.
- 6 He **have** a car.
- 7 I **not can understand** you.
- 8 **What did you last night?**
- 9 I **going** see a film **tonight**.
- 10 What **you do** this weekend?

## Sentence completion

- 4 Write the correct answer.

- 1 Does **she** ..... homework today?  
a **not** **do** **she**
- 2 In our town ..... a big park.  
a there's **b** is
- 3 Who is ..... man talking to him?  
a this **b** that
- 4 I don't have ..... money today.  
a **any** **b** some
- 5 There ..... is my brother Ben.  
Peter, ..... is there.  
a this **b** that
- 6 My brother Ben is ..... engineer.  
a **a** **b** an
- 7 My ..... name is Alice.  
a mother **b** mother
- 8 You speak .....  
a English very well **b** not well at all
- 9 I have a .....  
a car German **b** German car
- 10 I'm hungry ..... a sandwich  
a **like** **b** I like



# EVERYDAY ENGLISH

## Social Expressions (2)

**1 LISTEN AND LOOK** Listen and look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words in the boxes.



better later last

- A Good \_\_\_\_\_ in the exam!  
I hope it goes well.
- B Thanks. I'll do my \_\_\_\_\_.
- C See you \_\_\_\_\_ time!



earlier on now

- D Good \_\_\_\_\_! It's  
done!
- E I'm \_\_\_\_\_ now!



another now special

- F It's been a good \_\_\_\_\_.
- G Thanks! \_\_\_\_\_ to you!  
What are you doing?  
Anything \_\_\_\_\_?
- H We're going to a wedding.



soon phone

- I Goodbye! Drive carefully!
- J Thanks! I'll \_\_\_\_\_ you when  
I arrive.
- K See you again \_\_\_\_\_.



best present today

- L There's a \_\_\_\_\_ for you.  
M Eat this! What?  
N It's just \_\_\_\_\_ death time.
- O That's a \_\_\_\_\_ of you!



pleased everything like

- P It's \_\_\_\_\_ I had dinner  
you \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q It was a \_\_\_\_\_ we enjoyed  
burning you.

**2 LISTEN AGAIN AND CHECK**

- 1 Work in pairs. Listen for the question 'What's up?' Act the conversations in the lists.

# Tapescripts

## UNIT 1

**1.1.1** see p.6

**1.1.2** see p.7

**1.1.3** see p.8

- 1 A Hello, my name is Anna. What's your name?  
B Hi, I'm Maria.
- 2 A Hello, nice to meet you.  
B Hi, Carla.
- C Hello, Maria. Nice to meet you.
- 3 A Hi, Sita. How are you?  
B Fine, thanks. Diana. And you?  
C Not well, thanks.

### 1.1.4 Present simple English

- 1 A Good morning!  
B Good morning! What's today?  
2 A Good afternoon!  
B Hello, it's a day off my phone.
- 3 A Good night!  
B Good night! See you soon!
- 4 A Good night!  
B Good night! Sleep well!

- 5 A Good morning! How are you today?  
B Fine, thanks.
- 6 A Good afternoon!  
B Good afternoon! It's a day off my phone.
- 7 A Goodnight! Have a good sleep!  
B Thank you, and you, see you later.
- 8 A Good night! Sleep well.  
B Thank you, and you.

### 1.1.5 Vocabulary

- |            |                |               |                 |          |             |
|------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|
| 1 a book   | 2 a computer   | 3 a telephone | 4 a photo       | 5 a car  | 6 a coat    |
| 7 a jacket | 8 a smartphone | 9 a camera    | 10 a photograph | 11 a bag | 12 a laptop |

**1.1.6** see p.9

**1.1.7** see p.11

### 1.1.8 Phrases

- 1 see friends  
2 about work  
3 night classes  
4 make coffee  
5 new neighbours  
6 free evenings  
7 old friends  
8 free weekends

**1.1.9** see p.11

## UNIT 2

**1.2.1** see p.12

**1.2.2** Where's he from?

- 1 His name's Simon. He's from the United States.  
2 His name's Lilla. He's from Hungary.  
3 Her name's Karina. She's from Spain.  
4 Her name's Tatjana. She's from Russia.  
5 Her name's Emily. She's from Brazil.  
6 His name's Dennis. He's from England.  
7 His name's Wong. He's from China.  
8 His name's Priyanka. She's from Australia.

**1.2.3** see p.13

**1.2.4** Cities and countries

- |                        |                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Where's Barcelona?     | It's in Spain.             |
| Where's Beijing?       | It's in China.             |
| Where's Moscow?        | It's in Russia.            |
| Where's Seoul?         | It's in Korea.             |
| Where's San Francisco? | It's in the United States. |
| Where's São Paulo?     | It's in Brazil.            |
| Where's Sydney?        | It's in Australia.         |
| Where's Brasília?      | It's in Brazil.            |
| Where's Budapest?      | It's in Hungary.           |
| Where's London?        | It's in England.           |

**1.2.5** Questions and answers

- A: Hello, I'm Emily. She's from...  
B: Hello, I'm Emily. What's your name?  
A: I'm Daniel Brown.  
B: Hello, Daniel. What's your name?  
A: I'm Daniel Brown. What's your name?  
B: I'm Daniel Brown. I'm from the UK.  
A: Another? I'm sorry, I'm really tired.  
B: Oh, nice to meet you, Daniel.

**1.2.6**

- 1 A: Hello! I'm Daniel. I'm from the UK.  
B: Hello, Daniel. I'm Emily. I'm from Australia.  
2 A: Hello, Emily. I'm Daniel. I'm from Australia.  
B: Hello, Daniel. I'm Daniel. I'm from the UK.  
C: Hello! I'm Daniel. I'm from the UK.  
D: I'm Daniel. I'm from the UK.

- 3 A: Hi! I'm Lucia. I'm from Sydney, Australia.  
B: Hi, Lucia! I'm Daniel. I'm from Australia.  
C: Oh, wow! Are you from Australia?  
D: No! I'm from Bulgaria.

**1.2.7** Questions and answers

- 1 Where are you from?  
I'm from Japan.  
2 Where's her name?  
Her name's Tatjana.  
3 Who's his mother?  
His mother's Linda.  
4 Where's he from?  
He's from America.  
5 Where's she in English?  
She's a computer.

6 Who are we?  
Paul, Michael,

7 Where's Michael?  
He's in Canada.

**1.2.8** see p.14

**1.2.9** Where are they from?

- C: I'm Claudia. H = Holly  
1 C: Oh, nice! Look at the window!  
H: I like it a lot!  
2 A: Hello! Look at our house! It's awesome.  
C: Ah, Holly! Your house is really good, too!  
3 C: Where does Holly live?  
H: It's in the Empire State Building in New York.  
4 C: Good luck at Central Park!  
H: It's wonderful!

**1.2.10** see p.17

**1.2.11** Numbers 11 - 20

nineeen-teen twenty-one twenty-three twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty-zero

**1.2.12**

- A: This is Linda. She's my...  
B: Her name's Linda. She's from...  
C: That's fantastic. Her father's...  
D: Where did he start? She's 30.  
E: That's it! Linda! You're 29, nearly 30.

## UNIT 3

### 1.3.1 Jobs

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1 a teacher        | 6 a shop assistant |
| 2 a doctor         | 7 a nurse          |
| 3 a bus driver     | 8 a police officer |
| 4 a police officer | 9 a cleaner        |
| 5 a cleaner        |                    |

**1.3.2** see p.18

**1.3.3** Stories Part 1

- 1 What's his surname?  
Paul.  
2 What's his first name?  
Kenny.  
3 Where's he from?  
England.  
4 Where's his workplace?  
McDonald's Restaurant.  
5 What's his phone number?  
07700 123456.  
6 How old is he?  
Twenty-four.  
7 What's his job?  
He's a manager.  
8 Is he married?  
Yes, he is.

## UNIT 3

**1.13** Interview (B&P - Darren & Paul, Darren from Ireland)

- Are you from the UK? Yes, we are.
- And are you from Disney? No, I'm not. The Paul Nathan Show is about his big brother.
- Are you Darren? Oh, Darren, Darren is a student from Scotland, right?
- Well, can I ask a question first? You are from Scotland?
- City centre and very busy.
- And it's from here - Scotland.
- Are the other Disney brothers from your town? There are all from different countries.
- Like 'Germany'! And are they all students?
- You have two? Yeah, all.
- Yeah, most of students at the Harvard University are interested in business, university here. It's quite different. Business students or 'Business' at those days were very interested.
- They're very different, but we work together.
- OK, good! Now we meet you. Good luck to you all!
- Thank you very much.

## 1.14 Questions and answers

- Are Paul and Darren brothers? Yes, they are.
- Are they from Scotland? No, they aren't.
- Are the other boys from Scotland? No, they aren't.
- Is it a difficult road? No, it is.
- Are the boys worried? No, they aren't worried.

## 1.15

Tariq Edwards  
T = interviewer, T + Tariq

- Good morning.
- Hi.
- What's your name, please?
- My name is Tariq Edwards.
- Thank you, and where are you from, Tariq?
- From Liverpool, to Liverpool.
- Thank you. And your telephone number, please?
- 0151 2844567.
- How old are you, Tariq?
- I'm forty-two.
- And what's your job?
- I'm a businessman.
- And... are you married?
- No, I'm not.
- Thank you very much.

## Grace Clark

- T = interviewer; G = Grace
- Good afternoon.
  - Good afternoon.
  - What's your name, please?

## 1.16 Grace Clark

- Good afternoon.
- Good afternoon and you too!
- Please have some.
- OK, the smile from the friend here.
- Yes, I am.
- What's your phone number?
- 0121 222 12345.
- Thank you. How old are you?
- Four thirty-three.
- Where you from, Grace Clark?
- It's a long question.
- And how are you?
- Not bad, I am.
- That's great. Thank you very much.

## 1.17

- The best one is probably. They're mostly on holiday! They're not in charity work.
- They're in Scotland.
- They're mostly Scotland! They're in Scotland.
- He's a retired firefighter.
- He went from Australia.
- He went back because they have English.
- They're on the phone to a friend.
- They say on the phone to a friend! They're on the phone to a friend!
- They're very kind.
- They're very kind! They're very happy and excited.

## 1.18 Interview on a vacation

- T = interviewer, R = Roger (Australian), S = Sue (Swedish), K = Karen (English), D&P = Darren & Paul (brothers from Ireland)
- In Spain, R = Roger (Australian). He's 30 years old.
  - R: Hi, nice to meet you. S: Hello!
  - Good bye and see you!
  - R: We're all here! It's fantastic here!
  - S: And you here?
  - R: Yes, we are! We're very happy and excited.
  - R: Roger is like you! But with no children.
  - R: Yeah, that's right.
  - And what is the second best?
  - R: His son Christopher.
  - R: Yes, it's for a children's charity.
  - R: Guess! And you're all in the same university, is that right?
  - R: Yeah, the National University in Cologne.
  - R: More and more Roman people here.
  - R: Australia.
  - R: Oh, hell.
  - And how old are you, Roger?
  - R: I'm 32.
  - R: So Roger and Karen, how old are you?
  - R: Nineteen both of us.
  - R: Yeah, that's right.
  - R: OK, now Darren and Paul, from Scotland.
  - R: Yeah, we are.
  - R: And you're from Scotland?
  - R: Ma, no. We aren't from Scotland. We're from Ireland.
  - R: Scotland, UK, ma. Sorry! How old are you both?
  - R: I'm 30.
  - R: And the 16.
  - R: Oh, Grace Clark is Paul and Darren. So, how is she going?

She's very busy just now but with her son in the week.

Wednesday, 10:00

## 1.19 Annual expression

- A: Hi there.
- B: That's nice.
- C: A lovely place.
- D: That's cool.
- E: Doesn't seem much.
- F: Excuse our trouble, like me!
- G: It's nice there.
- H: Sounds a lot.
- I: Thank you very much. That's very kind.
- J: That's all.
- K: I really like here, like it!
- L: I'm sorry, I don't understand.
- M: I know and where do you come from?
- N: I'm sorry, I didn't hear you.

## UNIT 4

### 1.20 See p13

### 1.21

- It's December.
- Yes, it is.
- What's your hobby?
- It's golf.
- What's Christmas like?
- It's a day.
- What has happened?
- In the winter of London.
- What's your job?
- It's a short message.
- Are there children back at school?
- No, English is abroad. What's a difference?

### 1.22 See p13

### 1.23

- Austin is from with?
- He's in Australia, he's from.
- Karen is American and from America.
- Grace is from with?
- Austin is Grace's partner.
- She's in Scotland's father.
- Grace is Grace's mother.
- Grace is Grace's mother.
- Austin and Karen are Grace and Paul's parents.
- Grace and Grace are Grace and Paul's children.

## 1.24 The Taylor family

- C = Grace, G = Grace, D = Darren, P = Paul
- Came on, Grace! Come on, Darren!
  - Grace! Where are my sunglasses?
  - Grace, where are the sunglasses? Here's your bag!
  - Grace, Paul, Darren, Darren, Darren, Darren!
  - Good morning, Darren, Darren, Darren, Darren!

### **103** Michaela Sanchez Brown (Chicago)

1 My name's Michaela Sanchez, and I'm from the United States. This is my brother. His name is Michael. This is my mother. Her name is Mariana, and she's 49. She's a student in college. This is my father. His name is Juan. This is my father's name. Paulito, and he's a bus driver.

### **104**

- 1 What's your name?  
My name's Anna.
- 2 What are your names?  
Our names are Emma and Vicki.
- 3 Lucy, Paul and Sophie are students.  
Paul is fifteen. Lucy is twelve.
- 4 My name is Barbara.  
What's her husband's name?
- 5 My teacher's office is in New York.  
What's the post?
- 6 Where is our English class?
- 7 Lucy and Paul are in Rome.  
What's the name of their hotel?

### **105** see p27

### **106** Paddy's Bar

- 1 I have a small hotel in the city of Galway.
- 2 My wife has a job in town.
- 3 My home town name.
- 4 We have an apartment in the forest.
- 5 My son has a big house in London.

### **107** Questions and answers

- 1 Who's your neighbour?  
She's very well, thank you.
- 2 What's your sister like?  
She's a nurse.
- 3 How old are your children?  
They're ten and thirteen.
- 4 Who's in Puerto?  
It's a student from Madrid.
- 5 Where's your office?  
It's in the centre of town.
- 6 What's your name?  
Barry.

### **108** What is it?

- 1 I work at Home Stores. What's that?  
It's a supermarket.
- 2 My flat is near the south of England.
- 3 London's great! And my flat name? Victoria's green. And?
- 4 Our shop's a supermarket.  
That's what it's called in London.
- 5 I like my mother's flat name, Lucy House.
- 6 Our children's school is near our house.
- 7 My house is in the centre of Manchester.
- 8 Come on, I know! Come on!  
"Sue"! A girl! It's... it's... that's unusual!

### **109** **110** see p30

### **111** How do you spell...?

- 1 My family's name?  
Anastasia Taylor.
- 2 How do you spell your first name?  
A-E-H-I-J.
- 3 How do you spell your surname?  
T-A-Y-L-O-R.

### **112** What's your name?

Quentin Westbrook  
How do you spell your first name?  
Q-U-E-N-T-I-N-W-E-S-T-B-R-E-K-K-P-H.

### **113** What's your name?

Danielle Matthews  
How do you spell your first name?  
D-A-N-I-E-L-L-E-M-A-T-T-E-W-S-O-U-S-T-E-R-S.

### **114** see p33

### **115** see p33

### **116** Email addresses

- 1 A) Your email address is?  
P. paulito@outlook.com  
A) No.  
P. No, Paul. P-O-U-L-I-T-O.  
A) No, G-E, Paul.  
P. Sanchez, E-C-H-A-N-C-E-Z-A-N-C-H-E-S-C-H-A-N-C-E-S.  
A) Paul... Stanley... P  
P. stanley@mail.com  
A. stanley@mail.com  
P. Stanley.
- 2 B) Can you tell me your email address?  
B) You have an @symbol in your email address... All the words...  
B) dot@domain  
B) @domain  
B) dot@domain  
B) dot@domain  
B) dot@domain  
B) dot@domain
- 3 C) What's your email address?  
P. paulito@outlook.com  
C) just...  
P. paulito, M-O-U-L-T-I-P-L-E-S  
C) paulito@  
P. @outlook  
C) paulito@  
P. P  
C. D. dot @

## UNIT 5

### **117**

**Sounds**  
sound double consonant stops  
**Food**  
Italian food: Giambologna, pasta  
finger, sponge, rice, casserole  
**Drinks**  
ice, coffee, milk, orange juice, milk

### **118** see p33

### **119** see p33

### **120** Harry

What am I like? Well, I like sports a lot, but not all sports. I like football – American football, of course – and I like swimming! But I don't like tennis and... well, I don't like swimming very much, either. And basketball? Well, do I like that sport? I like football, and soccer. I like football, and a lot. But just Chinese food, I don't like Chinese food, and I don't like tea. So, I like the English. I'm American, so I like coffee sometimes, and lots, of course. That's all.

### **121** see p33

### **122** Harvey and Eric

In basenjilover; H = Harvey, E = Eric  
I: Harvey and Eric, how happy are you about the same things?

- H: Well, we really really like grass!  
E: Oh, yes! We difference! We have grass a lot in America and in restaurants.  
I: So, do you like the same things?  
E: Still, we both like carrots.  
H: Mmm, delicious!  
E: For me really meat! like meat! like meat! Harvey?  
H: You, we don't like meat! No, no!  
I: And do you both like sports?  
H: Yes, we do. We like playing.  
E: Should the live eating a lot. It's really eating.  
H: And I love football! It's great.  
E: Me, I like... We eat!

### **123** see p44

### **124**

### **125** Interviewer; C = Colbie

- I: 1) Colbie, Colbie, will you answer me. Where do you come from?  
C: I come from Scotland, from Dundee.  
I: 2) Do you live in Dundee?  
C: No, I don't. I live and work in London.  
I: 3) Do you live with friends?  
C: Yes, I do. I live with my friends.  
I: 4) Where do you work?  
C: I work in an office company.  
I: 5) Do you like British coffee?  
C: Yes, I do. I work coffee but I like coffee too. I don't like it.  
I: 6) Do you like your job?  
C: No, I don't. I want to be an engineer.  
I: 7) Do you speak Italian?  
C: No, I don't. I speak Spanish and French but I don't speak Italian.

### **126**

### **127** Conversation with Colbie

- C: Colbie, Colbie, good! Good for work.  
A: Yes, Colbie, but you can...  
Colbie: Yeah, there has to be...  
A: Oh, you... Oh, Colbie, but...  
Colbie: Listen, I'm doing... I'm going to...  
A: Oh, you... You... You... You...  
C: Oh, you... You... You...  
A: Oh, you... You... You...  
Colbie: That's all, come on, come on!

- Mum** Oh hello Collins. Donald, hi how long have you been here?  
**Collins** Two days now.  
**Mum** Do you like your host?  
**Collins** Yes, I do but it's a bit small for these people.  
**Mum** Ah, yes. It is small. But do you like your work?  
**Collins** No, I don't. Not really. But I like the food.  
**Mum** Oh yes, Italian food is good.  
**Collins** Yeah, but I like your food too here.  
**Mum** My Italian food!  
**Collins** Yeah, about you Collins. Now do you want to speak to your brother?  
**Collins** Yes, of course. Hi Donald. We were brothers.

### Language and methodology

England	English
Germany	German
Italy	Italian
Spain	Spanish
Portugal	Portuguese
China	Chinese
France	French
the United States	American
South Africa	South African

**Q10** What language do they speak?

- 1 In Portugal they speak Portuguese.
  - 2 In Canada they speak English and French.
  - 3 In France they speak French.
  - 4 In Germany they speak German.
  - 5 In Italy they speak Italian.
  - 6 In Japan they speak Japanese.
  - 7 In Mexico they speak Spanish.
  - 8 In Libya they speak Arabic.
  - 9 In Turkey they speak Turkish.
  - 10 In Russia there are many languages.

**What's it like? What's it about?**

- 1 It's a Canadian.
  - 2 It's Missouri hot.
  - 3 They're Spanish weapons.
  - 4 It's a Japanese cartoon.
  - 5 It's Mexican food.
  - 6 It's an English dictionary.
  - 7 It's an Indian bird.
  - 8 It's Brazilian coffee.
  - 9 It's French wine.

#### **ANSWER** As a disease pathogen

- F -> Florida, T -> Terri  
F Hello! The Florida, Florida Room, what's  
your name?  
T Hi Florida, 2nd Teresa, Teresa Adams.  
F So you work here in London, Terri?  
T Well, I work in London but I don't live in  
London, I live in Bergamo.  
F And what's your job?  
T I'm a doctor. What's your job, David? Do  
you work in London?  
G No, I do. I work in a hotel, a big hotel  
over there.

- T France, you speak English, but you speak English very well. Where do you come from?

B I come from Italy, from Napoli. Oh Napoli! It's such a nice place.

T Ah, Italy! I like Italy.

F The people know England!

T Yes, I don't, I don't know English, but I know French. I like French very much. It is very beautiful.

F English is beautiful now. You also speak Italian, doesn't?

T No, I don't, I speak French but I don't speak Italian.

F It's nice to meet you, Romeo.

B Fine you.

第3周 第15课 第1课 100-109

- ANSWER** This search is off.

  1. The phone number is 422-9999.
  2. The football is \$14.
  3. The phone is \$200.00.
  4. The collar is \$3.99.
  5. The download is \$7.99.
  6. The pair of jeans is \$20.
  7. The sweater is \$99.
  8. The bag is \$19.99.

UNIT 6

144 The Am

- 4. My son didn't.
  - 5. My son didn't.
  - 6. My son didn't.
  - 7. My son didn't.
  - 8. My son didn't.
  - 9. My son didn't.
  - 10. My son didn't.
  - 11. My son didn't.
  - 12. My son didn't.

00000000000000000000000000000000

ANSWER

John: Well, on a Saturday I get up at seven forty-five. I have breakfast at eight and I go to school at eight thirty. I have lunch at school with my friends, back at Pueblo High. At twelve I go home. I have school at three thirty so the physician and I walk home with me. Around four hours on that Harry, Fred too, and myself we're home. I go to bed at seven or eight, or about two minutes after the weekend, or however

Ergonomics

- 卷之三

He gets up at his alarm clock, has a shower. He has breakfast at six forty-five, and has gone to work by half past eight. He has a double shift as a security guard at the office of power utilities. He always arrives into the former much at eight o'clock in the morning. He commutes half an hour each way to home. He gets home at seven fifteen. The sun goes down at five thirty. His month of life corresponds with almost thirty. He doesn't go to bed at eleven thirty-five. He continues working at least

110

get my last name written  
and signed.

100

The ultimate mobile home  
Has permanent basic a base.  
Has corner piece set in this meeting  
Has corner piece set in this meeting.

卷之三

200 Questions and Answers

- 3. What time does he get up?  
He gets up at six.
  - 4. When does he go to bed?  
He goes to bed at eleven thirty-five.
  - 5. When does he go to work by train?  
He goes at seven.
  - 6. Does he always travel by a different  
train to school?  
No, he doesn't.
  - 7. Does he get up in the morning?  
Yes, he does.

10

- What does he have to do?  
He has to finish at 7:15.
  - Does he go to work by bus?  
No, he goes by car to his office.
  - Where does he have lunch?  
He has lunch in his office.
  - Does he usually work hard?  
Yes, he does, every day.
  - Does he eat a sandwich?  
No, he doesn't. He eats at home.
  - What does he do in the evening?  
He works again.

1000-10000

**Tom Shadley**  
The results aren't all that you'd expect.

works and houses.  
Lynn describes a country home and there's an episode where Lynn is in a small house by the sea in Cape Cod. "Massachusetts. The ocean goes on but there's nothing in the rooming. She had a big breakfast, coffee, eggs and bread - and then she goes to the beach. When she gets home she works in her studio and comes outside to the garden. She says 'I just want to sit down and eat a big dinner' but she doesn't even know what dinner consists of because after dinner she usually goes to the piano or plays chess. Sometimes she plays cards with other folks in New York. She goes to bed every late at night or goes back to the swimming.

## 1.1.1 On the phone

1. I live in London, I'm not well.  
2. Hi Elliot, how are you?  
3. Not too bad, pretty much.  
4. Oh, you're always busy. You and your  
...  
5. I know, but I have my work.  
6. I have a week off, but I didn't know  
what I really knew about that. You gave  
me a lot?  
7. We had a long night the evening before.  
8. That's not true. Hey Elliot, how's Alice?  
9. Alice? Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice!  
Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice!  
10. Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice! Alice!  
11. Alice, Alice and Alice are good. I want to  
ask her questions about Alice.  
12. Could you tell about Alice's mother?  
Alice's mother?  
13. She's great! I often hear Alice talking about  
her mother.  
14. Great! See you next Sunday. Have a good  
week!

## 1.1.2 Vocabulary and pronunciation

1. She lives in a flat.  
She doesn't live in a flat! She lives in a  
house!  
2. He gets up at ten o'clock.  
He doesn't get up at ten o'clock! He gets up  
at six o'clock!  
3. She's a businesswoman.  
She isn't a businesswoman! There are so few  
businessmen.  
4. He gets up early in the morning.  
He doesn't get up early in the morning!  
He wakes up in the middle of the night!

## 1.1.3 Words that go together

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| get up early       | go shopping        |
| get to bed late    | drink coffee       |
| live in the centre | not to communicate |
| watch TV           | take a disease     |
| work during        | play chess         |
| work in an office  | stay at home       |

## 1.1.4 Lifestyle questionnaire

1. Do you get up early?  
2. Do you have a big breakfast?  
3. Do you walk to school or work?  
4. Do you go to school or work by bus?  
5. Do you watch TV in the evening?  
6. Do you go shopping at the weekend?  
7. Do you go to restaurants?  
8. Do you drink coffee?  
9. Do you go to bed late?

## 1.1.5 Days of the week

- Sunday  
Monday  
Wednesday  
Thursday  
Friday  
Saturday  
Sunday

## UNIT 2

### 2.1.1 on p.19

#### 2.1.1

1. Where do you live?  
I live in Paris, in Paris.  
2. Who are you married to?  
Julian, Charlie, they're French.  
3. What does your husband do?  
He's a pianist.  
4. When are you in holiday again?  
Next October.  
5. Who are the children in the photo?  
Our daughter Sophie and Sophie and son Harry Louis.  
6. How old are they?  
They're 12, 10 and two beautiful old.  
7. Why do your children have French  
names?  
Because their father is French.  
8. How many countries do you like visiting?  
About 10.  
9. Why do you write in French?  
Because I have no words.  
10. What do you like to write about?  
I go out with my family.

#### 2.1.2

She is a teacher. This is her daughter, too.  
She lives in Paris. Her children like to play  
for a computer. She is married to a Frenchman.  
They have a baby now. Saturday is their  
language day.

#### 2.1.3 This and that

1. A. This is an interesting family photo.  
B. Oh, my! You all look very happy!  
2. C. What's that?  
D. The guy in the hat? That's the boss.  
3. E. What's that?  
F. It's my new laptop.  
G. What? It's green?  
4. H. How much is that?  
I. £1,200.  
J. Oh, here it is, please.  
5. K. How much is that?  
L. £1,200.  
M. I love it! It's beautiful!  
6. N. Is this your phone?  
O. Yes, it is. Thanks.  
P. M. I like fast cars.  
Q. The blue one?  
R. No, the red one.  
7. S. I like this cheese.  
T. What's it from?  
U. France. It's delicious.  
8. V. This is hot soup.  
W. At present? For you? What?  
X. Please give me my wife!

## 2.1.4 I like that!

1. Do you like ice-cream?  
Yes, I love it.  
2. Do you like cats?  
No, I hate them.  
3. Do you like rice?  
Oh, yeah! I like rice.  
4. Does this jacket make you look?  
You like jackets in English.  
5. Do you like your teacher?  
We like our only teacher.

## 2.1.5 Questions and answers

1. Does she work in school?  
No, she.  
2. What do you have for breakfast?  
Tea and coffee.  
3. What does Francisco Hernandez?  
I don't know his name. I like a lot.  
4. Where does your father work?  
In an office by the river in Paris.  
5. Why do you want to learn English?  
Because it's an international language.  
6. How much money do you have in your  
piggy bank? About £10.  
7. What does the house cost at your school?  
They start at nine thousand.  
8. How much freight does your teacher  
make?  
None.

## 2.1.6 Adjectives

- A. A. My best teacher is very nice.  
B. I know 101/250000000.  
C. C. Hey! I like your new dress.  
D. Thank you! That's really nice, aren't  
they?  
E. E. They're fantastic!  
F. F. This is a very small box.  
G. G. How many bananas do you have?  
H. I have none!  
I. G. How much is this coat?  
J. £1,200.  
K. G. Wow! That's how expensive the tea  
is!  
L. L. Your jacket is brown, isn't it?  
M. Yes, that's right.  
N. O. What's the matter with you, then?

### 2.1.7 on p.20

1. Can I have a really nice big black pen?  
2. I like this sweater. Can I try it on?  
3. I want my first three letters in the French  
alphabet, please.  
4. Can I have a coffee, please?  
5. Some coffee, please.

## 2.1.8

- A. I'm from France.  
B. I can't have a really nice black pen.  
C. Sure.  
D. How much is that?  
E. Twenty-five pounds like phone.  
F. Can I pay by credit card?  
G. No problem. For your card in the  
machine. And then just ring me, please.



## Conversation 3

- Sarah** Oh, and back again?  
C It's not so bad.  
**Sarah** You like the city, really think  
C That's right. No gold medals, though.

## Conversation 4

- Sarah** It's a lovely place now. Do you want to go out?  
C Yeah, where do we meet? Up?  
**Sarah** What about Stanley Park?  
C Good. I know that Park! The mountains look beautiful from there.  
**Sarah** Come on then! Let's get the bikes.

## Exercises

- 1 Coming North Road Take left at the first junction Chinese house. Turn right and go all the distance.  
2 George Street Road. Turn right at the school junction. Follow Broadwood and turn left onto to the Promenade.  
3 Go up North Road. Turn right at the castle and follow Broadwood. Go straight down, and turn left at the right junction to the car park.  
4 Go straight on up North Road for five minutes, and it's in Albert Square. It's a big building on the right.  
5 Go straight on up North Road. At the post office turn left into Park Lane. Turn on the right past the Chinese restaurant.

## UNIT 9

### 1.10 Poetry

- 1 *soliloquy* *soliloquy*-ik  
2 *assistant* *assistan*  
3 *confidential* and *free*  
4 *opposition* *opposi-shun*  
5 *righteous fury*  
6 *non-fictional* and *true*

**1.11** see p66

### 1.12

**Read** **Audrey**  
Audrey Jackson, the English actress, was born in 1972, in Hampshire, in the south of England.

### Michael Parkinson

**Michael Parkinson**, the English sports reporter, was born in 1936, in Shildon, in the north of England.

**1.13** see p66

**1.14** see p66

### 1.15 Magritte Uncovered

**My mother**—Magritte. It's a French name, but I'm not French. I'm English. I was born in 1904. I have four brothers and a sister. My father was a doctor. He studied France, and he was born in 1903. My sister is also older than me. Her name's Camille and she's a teacher, and she died last year in 1998. And my little brother is Mark, and he was born in 1996. Mark will be a painter. My father is French. His name's René, but from Belgium, and he was born in ... 1903. My mother is English, her name's Alice, and from Manchester, and she was born in ... 1901. My grandmother, who

is my mother's mother, is called Pauline. Her mother's family—she was born in Bristol in ... 1895 and died here in Oxford about 1955.

### 1.16 Who were they?\*

- 1 Shakespeare was born in 1564 in Stratford upon Avon, England.  
2 Monet was born in Le Havre, Normandy, in 1840.  
3 Charles Dickens was born in Birmingham, England, in 1812.  
4 Queen Elizabeth was born in 1952 in London, in England.  
5 Bruce Lee was born in 1940 in San Francisco, in the USA.  
6 Queen Blanche was born in Kourou, French Guiana, in 1993.  
7 Winston Churchill was born in 1874 in Grafton, England.  
8 Agatha Christie was born in 1890 in Torquay, England.

**1.17** see p66

**1.18** see p67

### 1.19

- 1 A Norman Conquest was an attack.  
B No, he wasn't. He was a young Frenchman.  
2 A King Arthur was a princess.  
B No, she wasn't. She was a writer.  
3 A Shakespeare and Queen Elizabeth were writers.  
B No, they weren't. They were singers!  
4 A Queen Blanche was a writer.  
B No, she wasn't. She was a princess!

### 1.20

go	out
come	in
have	had
be	am
make	made
see	saw
buy	bought
try	tried
find	found

### 1.21 What is Jackson Pollock?

Tom Hanks, a US actor and film director Los Angeles, went shopping in San Bernardino a town in California USA. He saw a famous shop window that was a Jackson Pollock painting. He bought it for \$5.

He did not understand the painting and asked me by the shopkeeper what Jackson Pollock was. "Who is Jackson Pollock?" said Tom. He had no idea but he was a very famous modern painter. Many art experts came to see Pollock's work. The painting cost \$1 million and that is around a million-dollar price. Steve Paul Reid, based Pollock's signature on the back. Steve said, "Jackson" and Pollock painting.

A rich man was happy to buy \$10 million for it, but Tom said, "But I need \$10 million."

In 2007, a Canadian TV company made a film about Tom and the painting. It's not for me to say if it is a good film or not.

### 1.22

- 1 Yesterday I met my mother at our church and we had lunch in a restaurant.  
2 I have been swimming but last Friday I did a lot because my brother was ill.  
3 Yesterday was a lovely day so I went for a walk in the park.  
4 Usually I walk but sometimes I want to run by foot.  
5 On Saturday night I went to a great restaurant. I had a really nice meal.  
6 I did a bit of exercise yesterday. I ran in the grass.  
7 The sun was still very good so we went home early.

### 1.23 Months of the year

January February March April May June July August September October November December

**1.24** **1.25** see p71

### 1.26

the first of January  
the first of March  
the second of April  
the third of May  
the fourth of June  
the fifth of July  
the twelfth of December  
the thirty-first of December

## UNIT 10

### 1.27 Angie's weekend

Yesterday was Sunday, so I got up late about 11.30. I had a big breakfast, orange juice, eggs, and coffee. Then I went shopping out in the supermarket, and I bought some fresh milk, and the Sunday paper. Then I stayed at home for the rest of the day. In the evening I listened to the radio in the afternoon. I did some work on my computer for a bit. Then in the evening I watched a film on TV. I went to bed early, about 11.00. I was tired. I had a jet flight on Saturday.

### 1.28 Regular verbs

do	did
watch	watched
read	read
listen	listened
work	worked
sleep	slept

**103** Angie, it's home

- A I'm home. Did you have a good weekend?  
 B Yes, I did. Thanks.  
 C What did you do yesterday?  
 D Well, I got up early and I played tennis with some friends.  
 A You got up early on Saturday?  
 B Well, yes, it was such a lovely day.  
 A Where did you play tennis?  
 C In the park. We had lunch in the coffee shop.  
 D Great! Did you go out in the evening?  
 E No, I didn't. I cooked a meal for my mom.  
 A Wow! What did you have?  
 B Steak and chips. It was delicious. What about you Angie? Did you have a good weekend?

**104** p71**105** Angie's weekend

- A I'm Angie. It's home.  
 B What about you Angie? Did you have a good weekend?  
 C Oh yes, I did, very good.  
 D What did you do on Saturday?  
 A Well, we finished painting I went shopping. Then on Saturday evening I went to a dinner party. It was great!  
 B Who did you eat at the dinner party?  
 C Some of my old friends.  
 D Did you go out on Saturday?  
 E Oh no, I didn't. I didn't go out because I was too tired. I stayed at home most of the time.  
 B Did you do anything on Sunday morning?  
 C Yes, I didn't do much. I just watched a film on TV. I didn't go to bed late. About 11.00.

**106** see p72**107** Making comparisons

- I I was shopping yesterday. I bought clothes and new furniture.  
 J I went to that new supermarket last night.  
 K Sorry. What did you buy?  
 L We ate a lot of nice food in the coffee shop. What did you eat?  
 M I played tennis at the weekend.  
 N Really? Where did you play?  
 O The weather Saturday was great.  
 P I'm sorry! What time did you leave?

**108** Making comparisons

- Q I was shopping yesterday.  
 R Sorry! What did you get?  
 S I bought clothes.  
 T Did I buy what you bought?  
 U Well, I bought a sofa, and I want to buy the same sofa.  
 V Did you buy one?  
 W Yes, I did. I bought a beautiful black one. It was only £100.  
 X I know and I went to that same supermarket last night.  
 Y I bought black did you buy?  
 Z Well, I bought a sofa and that was £100.  
 A Did you buy one?  
 B Yes, I did. And it wasn't £100.

- C We are a lot of our friends in the coffee shop.  
 D Oh! When did you eat?

- E Angie and I had some nice French food there.  
 F I didn't think I knew them.  
 G They're nice people.  
 H I played tennis at the weekend.  
 I Oh, really? Where did you play?  
 J In the park. It was lovely to be outside.  
 K What a great thing to do on a Sunday morning!  
 L The place was fantastic was great.  
 M The food there was nice.  
 N I went to the cinema. The food was terrible.  
 O Did you eat a lot?  
 P Oh no!

- S I like eating pizza for a bit out of the city.  
 T Thank you. The meat here doesn't taste so bad when you eat here and a bit.

- U Where does the tea go down?  
 V A great local Italian restaurant, but you can get on and off quite easily.  
 W I want to eat the British cuisine.  
 X How does it taste?  
 Y It tastes as delicious as the morning and dinner at 5.30 in the evening.  
 Z How much is it to get in?  
 A My dear!

 **UNIT 11****111**

I Stories in progress. We can speak French and German, too.

- J Lucia is an architect. She can draw well.  
 K Judith is a painter. He can't be very good, though.  
 L George is a teacher. He can draw a mouse.  
 M Lucy is an actress. She can act very well.  
 N Oliver is a violinist. He can play it very well.

O Margaret is Oliver's grandmother. She can make delicious cakes.

**112** **113** see p73**114** **115** see p73**116** **117** see p73

- P I'm a policeman. I'm a detective.  
 Q I can't eat red or chocolate. I don't.  
 R Lucy is colour blind. All the French colours I eat. I'm not afraid of heights but not butterflies and we are not afraid of heights off the trees.  
 S That's great. What other things can you eat?  
 T Well, I can eat fish, meat, fruit, and I eat bread a lot. I can also eat good cakes but I can't eat things of course. I can drink good coffee, tea, beer, but I'm not a big fan of pizza and I'm fit.  
 U I'm a doctor. Now I work very late at night.

- V Yes, I can. I can speak French & German because my dad's French. We communicate a lot. French at the office.

- W I can speak any other language.  
 X Yes, I can. I can speak German at university, some French – and English of course. I could if I wanted! I can talk when I'm given the chance. I can speak when I'm given the chance but I sometimes feel a bit embarrassed.

**118** **119** see p74

- Y I eat like you do.  
 Z Blueberry syrup. Contains a lot of sugar.  
 A We can drive tropical fruits.  
 B Well, I don't eat meat or any kind of animal.  
 C I'm not a meat-eater.  
 D They can't eat.  
 E Can I taste like you cook, please?  
 F Can you taste?

THE BOSTON HERALD

I live in the city of Pleasanton, Contra Costa County, and I am a member of the Pleasanton Lions Club.

A few years back, the government created a program with Reynolds, a lot of other brands, and Agipol (Brazil) mostly with TPA technology to refine petroleum. From that point until now, it's been mostly research through government grants. I've never paid much for TPA anything in my life, so that's probably the reason why I'm not too familiar with it. I don't think you'll ever see it used in racing. It's a very old technology.

#### **ANSWER** *Answers will often*

3. A: Can I help you?  
B: This place is near my home. We're going to...  
2. A: Can you tell me the time, please?  
B: It's about seven thirty.  
1. A: Can you come to my dinner party?  
B: Sorry, I can't. It's not Saturday's birthday  
on Saturday.  
4. A: Can I have a glass of water, please?  
B: Yes, of course. Here you are.  
5. A: Can you speak more slowly, please?  
B: Of course. Is this better? Can you understand me better?  
6. A: Can I give you a kiss?  
B: No, no please! There's no need to kiss.

1-PLD — 98

**ANSWER** What do you do on the weekend?

- 1. Chloéanne, age 14**  
I am the internet who. Every day I have to help me with my homework, I google for information or I use Wikipedia. I help me with translating French, geography, science, English, or everything. Therefore I get all the information about one subject.

**2. Lauren, age 20**  
I really like playing and I can find lots of good providers via the Internet. Whenever I get the words of a song, one-line lyrics, for download, I say pls found exactly in this a message where I have been.

**3. Milka, age 25**  
I go on the Internet a lot, especially from my laptop, a day. It's a great way to have all your friends come and see all their photographs. Whenever I posted off the photos from my birthday, you can see them online now.

**4. Helen Birkett, age 47**  
Well, one person... it's my family name is Kivimäki and I want to write about my family as I can tell stories so find out about my family & history. That's got special addressed for this. Also, I can chat to people with the same names from all over the world. (Canadian, Australian, Argentine). It's really interesting. I usually use it on Facebook because I have more followers.

**9** ~~9444, page 19.~~  
I have just now got the information from  
Collier Brothers, that they have got the  
new International Standard pictures. I expect the following  
will be completed all the same, but they will take  
the completion of the new, but they will take  
about 2 days more. I am ready now to offer additional  
time if necessary and money if need.

Introduction and Summary

1. A: I forever & & forever will. It's so fast.  
B: Yeah, I know how it feels so explosive.

2. A: Whoa whoa whoa!  
B: That was just a 5 seconds flip, with 1.7 minutes.

3. A: I think water skiing is a really dangerous sport.  
B: I know it's dangerous but it's exciting too. That's why I love it!

4. A: Can I have a fresh orange juice please?  
B: You should see that I have fresh.  
A: Oh, just a glass of water then.

5. A: How bad is a really contaminated city?  
B: Horrible. [Laughs] Answers like that.

6. A: Charlie Chaplin made some very famous films didn't you think?  
B: No I don't like his films. I think they're really boring.

7. A: We can't get far & walk, it's too cold and wet.  
B: No, no we can. Look! It's sunny again!  
I could eat.

第10章 一维数组、循环和语句

- 8 A Come on! Can you help me? I'm lost.  
B Why? Do you want to get  
A Great Central Station?  
B Turn left now! You're heading  
in the right direction.

9 A Oh, no!  
B What's the matter?  
A There's something wrong with my  
computer. I can't get on the Internet, so  
I can't send my emails.  
B Turn everything off and try again. That  
sometimes helps.

10 A Excuse me! That ticket machine doesn't  
work.  
B Did you push the green button?  
A Oh, no! I didn't.  
B No, well. Here's your ticket.  
A Thank you very much.

11 A Could I have 20 more bags?  
B But I can't find any more! I must find  
a supermarket.  
A You need it to meet bags.  
B Oh, I know, yes there's a at Player

12 A Are you all right?  
B Yes, I think so.  
C How long were you ill?  
D It started a bit, but I think it's fine.

• A 2006 study by

- B. 195176. The time was 10 minutes.
  - C. I crossed the line.
  - D. 195176 from 8 December, same location.



UNIT 13

### ANSWER: *The Board wants more information.*

- 3 You will have opportunities and resources to develop your skills.
  - 4 You can truly benefit from, focus and invest in a long-term strategy.
  - 5 You can change your money direction.
  - 6 You can free yourself and your family from debt.
  - 7 You can have a difference in your community.
  - 8 You can give an example to a culture that values wealth.
  - 9 You can have discipline and consistency as your tools.

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- |    |      |   |
|----|------|---|
| 5  | Adam | Could anything be more<br>delightful, please?   |
| 8  |      | How much would you like<br>your likes?  |
| 8  |      | Would you like anything else?   |
| 8  | Adam | This. It's like your Adam. Do you<br>have any Edemans?  |
| 11 |      | I'm afraid we don't have<br>any Edemans. What else<br>would you like?   |
| 11 | Adam | No. Thank you. Just the Adam.<br>Thank. Thank much is that?   |
| 11 | C.   | Can I help you?   |
| 11 | Adam | Yes, please. I'd like some shapes.<br>We have some. Would you like it to<br>say no animal hair?                             |
| 11 | C.   | Very, I think.  |
| 11 | C.   | OK. Try this one. Very good!  |
| 11 | Adam | It's great. I don't have the<br>conditions. So the ones<br>conditions. No, I don't want<br>any, of course. The last of them |

### TECHNIQUE

- |   |        |   |
|---|--------|---|
| 1 | D      | To find out the characteristics<br>of the species.                          |
|   | Julian | The name of (B.) would suggest<br>that this subspecies originated<br>there. |
| 2 | D      | The following chart   |
|   | Julian | David A. Smith  |
| 3 | D      | 120. Should you like a copy?  |
|   | Julian | No, thanks. I have one at my<br>place.                                      |
| 4 | D      | Thank you all.  |
| 5 | Julian | 12 like to request your<br>OIG & Report 1980-1981                           |
|   | T      |   |
|   | Julian | To finish her place   |
|   | F      | Small, medium or large  |
|   | Julian | Medium, please.   |
|   | F      | Should you like something else?   |
|   | Julian | It's a job of the most difficult<br>kind.                                   |
|   | J      | Next, Accounting that   |
|   | Julian | David A. Smith  |

## 10.1 Lewis and Adam

- A: Adam, I'm Lewis.  
B: What would you like to drink?  
A: I want tea like an apple juice, please.  
B: Uh... I have some orange juice, but I don't  
have any apple juice.  
C: That's lovely! Orange juice is fine, thanks.  
D: Would you like something to eat?  
E: Yeah! I am. A sandwich? A cheese sandwich?  
F: Uh... I don't like any cheese. Sorry. There  
wasn't chicken. Should you like a chicken  
sandwich?  
G: I don't like chicken.  
H: Would you like some cake, then?  
I: No, thanks. I'd like some...

## 10.2 It's my birthday!

- A: This will be your birthday again?  
B: Yeah, still need you like this.  
C: What would you like for your birthday?  
D: I don't know. I didn't write anything.  
E: You like to buy you something?  
F: That's kind but I think I'd like to forget my  
birthday this year.  
G: What? You don't even care about me?  
H: Well, I'm 30 next month and that's kind of  
old and I don't like to take you  
out for a treat with some friends. We can  
choose the restaurants.  
I: Oh, okay. Thank you. I'd like you. But don't  
tell anyone it's my birthday.  
J: I do.

## 10.3 Birthday wishes

- K: What would I like for my birthday?  
L: That's easy! You like to have breakfast in  
bed, write the congratulations, have no  
drinking. You like to get in the photo.  
M: Yeah, I'd like a new computer because no  
computer is better than older programs  
don't work well. And then in the evening  
you like to go to a grand restaurant. I don't  
mind if we Italian, French, Chinese or  
English, but good food.  
N: You like a new mobile phone. My mobile  
is so old now. You like one that takes good  
photos. Your phone has a really good  
camera and it costs that expensive. And  
in the evening you like to go out with all  
the friends and have a great time!

## 10.4 see p91

## 10.5 Listening and pronunciation

- O: What would you like? Would you like a coffee?  
P: Yes, please. It's very theory.  
Q: What sort of thing do you like doing at  
the weekend?  
R: Hm, I like watching films.  
S: What sort of film do you want to watch  
tonight?  
T: Hm?  
U: You like a film with two difficulties  
and sometimes the ending.  
V: I have this excellent book. What would  
you like to do?  
W: I'd like to go over some and see what  
you recommend.  
X: Okay?

- Y: A: What do you spend all your money on?  
Z: Well, I like new clothes. I buy new  
clothes every month.

## 10.6 Be a restaurateur

- A: Welcome, I - I'm Adam, B - I'm Lewis.  
C: How are you today? We're here!  
D: Well, I am. Are you ready, Lewis?  
E: Yes, I am. What's the name of the bar?  
F: French country style.  
G: Lovely. I'd like the French country song on  
my phone.  
H: And no alcohol?  
I: I'd like the customer mind with some chips  
on the side.  
J: Thank you, and you sir? What would  
you like?  
K: Uh - I'd like the tomato and mozzarella  
salad followed by the burger and chips.  
L: Would you like any side dishes?  
M: No, thank you. Just the burger.  
N: And to drink?  
O: Something warm like this phone. What about  
you, Lewis?  
P: The same for me. I'd like a bottle of  
sparkling water, please.  
Q: Fine. I'll bring the drinks immediately.

## 10.7 Happy 40th anniversary

- R: Happy, back! That lovely red jumper is nice.  
S: I'm, too. I put my sweater in before I came this  
year.  
T: Can you tell me where the colours are, please?  
U: This is red colour. It has red colour on it.  
V: The blue writing. There are blue colour  
parts.  
W: Thank you for the time, but it's the red  
one, too?  
X: Oh, this sweater has lots. It doesn't open right  
and Monday even.  
Y: Fine, sorry, but you can't walk home. Didn't  
you see the sign on the gate?

## UNIT 11

## 11.1 Clothes

- |                         |              |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1: a jumper             | 7: trousers  |
| 2: a skirt and top      | 8: a jacket  |
| 9: a T-shirt and shorts | 10: a shirt  |
| 6: a shirt              | 11: blouse   |
| 5: a dress              | 12: a coat   |
| 3: shoes and socks      | 13: trousers |

## 11.2 What are they wearing?

- Z: Night's wearing a grey suit and a white shirt.  
He's wearing his sunglasses.  
A: Look who's wearing a yellow T-shirt and white  
trousers. He's running.  
B: Hm? - Wearing blue jeans and a black  
T-shirt. He's carrying lots of drinks.  
C: They're wearing a green jacket and brown  
trousers. She's carrying a black bag.  
D: Poly and Wayne are wearing yellow trousers  
and blue shirts. They're eating carrots.

## 11.3 see p97

## 11.4 Talking positions

- E: What's he doing?  
F: He's cooking dinner for himself.  
G: What's he doing?  
H: He's driving his car.  
I: What's he doing?  
J: He's having a dinner after work.  
K: What's she doing?  
L: She's writing an application letter.  
M: What's she doing?  
N: She's driving in France.  
O: What's she doing?  
P: She's eating a strawberry dessert.  
Q: What are they doing?  
R: They're running fast.  
S: What are they doing?  
T: They're shopping in a mall.  
U: What are they doing?  
V: They're playing golf in the park.

## 11.5 Staged as much

Wade is a businessman. He works from 9  
until 5. At night he likes to sit and relax.  
He usually has dinner at the local pub with his  
friends every night. He arrives home at  
about seven o'clock every evening and he reads  
in his collection books they go to meet. He often  
takes care of his pool at the end of the day.

## 11.6 see p98

## 11.7 Questions about Wade

- W: Are they having a good time?  
X: They are.  
Y: Where are they staying?  
Z: They're staying in a hotel with a swimming  
pool and the beach.  
A: What are the children doing?  
B: They're swimming in the pool.  
C: What's Eddie doing?  
D: They're swimming between.  
E: What's Hazel doing?  
F: She's talking on the phone.  
G: Is the swimming a lot?  
H: Not very much.  
I: Who is Bill talking?  
J: He's talking to his partner.

## 11.8 Free associations

- C: Colin, B: I: Eddie, H: J: Margaret,  
C: H: I: Eddie with, E: F: G: Eddie with,  
H: I: Eddie is the husband.

## Conversation A:

- C: Hello, I'm Eddie.  
D: Hi, Eddie. I'm sorry to meet you. This is our  
wife Margaret.  
E: We're glad of you to come and help us.  
F: I'm pleased to be here.

## Conversation B:

- C: That's such a lovely house, Eddie.  
D: Thank you. We've been working hard and had hard time.  
E: That's great.  
F: We haven't been working hard but we're  
still successful.  
G: Good. You're doing well.

### Conversation 3

- C: Hello, darling.  
 CW: Good (this) are you? Why are you here?  
 C: I'm visiting you because I'm having a good time; it's very interesting here. Roger and Margaret are wonderful people.

### Conversation 4

- C: Hi, David.  
 CD: Good (OK) we're doing our homework.  
 A: Hey, that's great! I'm making hard too.  
 CD: Are you having a good time?  
 C: Sure, I'm with some really interesting people.  
 CD: (Are we more than?)  
 C: Yes, you are. I'd like you to meet them.  
 CD: Sure you want, David.  
 C: Yeah, yeah, yeah! You can come.

### Opposite words

- 1 Please don't ask me any more questions.  
 I can't answer those.  
 2 I'm selling my old car, and I'm buying a new one.  
 3 We always get up at seven in the morning and go to bed at eleven at night.  
 4 It was cold, so they took off his T-shirt and put on a warm jumper.  
 5 I usually walk to school but yesterday I was late so I ran all the way.  
 6 I like playing books with some noise. He prefers quiet. He never reads.  
 7 Don't turn off the TV. I'm watching it!  
 Please leave it on again!

### Opposites

- 1 A: Would you like an espresso?  
 B: No, thanks, I have black coffee.  
 A: So that's fine to.  
 2 C: What time does the bus start?  
 D: At 4:45.  
 E: And do you know what a hundred  
 D: About £100, I think.  
 3 F: Should you like to play tennis this week?  
 F: Sorry, I can't. I'm working till again.  
 4 G: Our train leaves London at 11:00.  
 H: And what time does it arrive in Paris?  
 G: At 07:00.  
 H: Wow! That's late.  
 5 I: Do you remember the last song  
 dictionary?  
 J: Oh, sorry, I forgot it.  
 K: Not again!  
 6 L: Can I open the window? I'm hot.  
 M: Of course, but remember to close it  
 when you leave the room.

### What's the weather?

- A: It's cold.  
 B: It's hot.  
 C: It's hungry.  
 D: It's tired.  
 E: It's heavy.  
 F: They're fat.  
 G: It's cloudy.  
 H: It's sunny.  
 I: It's angry.  
 J: It's worried.  
 K: It has a headache.  
 L: She has a cold.

### What don't you...?

- A: I don't like the weather.  
 B: I'm tired and sleepy.  
 C: Why don't we have a cup of tea?  
 D: There's a good idea.  
 E: Sit down. I'll make it for you.

### What's the matter?

- D: I have a bad headache.  
 E: Oh dear! Why aren't you just more  
 energetic?  
 F: I don't have any.  
 G: All (OK). I have a cold.

## UNIT 14

### Bill and Gloria's holiday

- H: On Sunday they're flying to London.  
 I: On Monday they're going to have a break from London.  
 J: On Tuesday they're spending (through) Edinburgh and into Scotland.  
 K: On Wednesday they're going to drive down to the (the) and Austria.  
 L: On Thursday they're going to drive over the Brenner Bridge.  
 M: On Friday they're going to stay in Vienna. They're going to see Mozart's house.  
 N: On Saturday morning they're driving down to a hotel in Paris.  
 O: On Sunday morning they're going to the Louvre to see the Mona Lisa. In the evening they're flying back to the UK.

### see you

### See you

- P: When are they leaving on Thursday?  
 Q: What are they going to do on Wednesday?  
 R: What are they going to drive over the Brenner Bridge?  
 S: What are they going to do on Sunday?  
 T: What are they having dinner on Saturday?  
 U: What are they going to the Louvre?  
 V: What are they flying back to the UK?

### Friday phone

- W: Hi Frank, I'm (still) ...  
 X: What are you doing?  
 Y: I'm planning my holiday.  
 Z: (Hi, where are you going)?  
 A: I'm going to South Africa. It's my first time.  
 B: Oh you're so lucky! Where are you staying?  
 C: I'm staying near Cape Town.  
 D: Who are you going with?  
 E: I'm not going with anyone, but me and my friends.  
 F: Where are you going to stay?  
 G: Well... I'm staying with friends in Cape Town. They're going to stay in Durban. I'm going to stay in a hotel.  
 H: Fantastic! And when are you going to travel?  
 I: We plan to Cape Town, of course, and then to Cape Town. We're staying there.  
 J: So (you) (are) (going) (and) how long are you going to stay?  
 K: Just two weeks. I'd like to stay longer but I need to be energetic.  
 L: How much is it going to cost?  
 M: About £1,200.  
 N: Wow... that's quite a lot. Until then a good time. I will send you our photos.  
 O: Oh, yes. I'm going to take a lot of photos.

### Pronunciation

#### Two syllables

plus	bus
women	active
interested	cheaper
education	more

### Pronunciation

#### Three syllables

photograph	busier
vegetable	cheaper
interesting	interested
disrupt	more

### Whom

I work	him	other
I give	them	the
I eat	my	the
I make	my	their
I read	your	their
I eat	your	your

### Past, Present, and Future

**Wilma Doyle** My father is a journalist, and working for a newspaper called Black Bay, he worked variously as a chef in a restaurant or the CIA States.

**Young Bakhtiar** I was born in Bamyan, where I grew up and went to school. I studied mathematics at the University of Bamyan. I love learning a lot of languages, the second or fourth or fifth.

**Annie McGuire** I went to Dunblane High School. I studied biology, chemistry, and physics. At school I met Diane, and we got married when we were 18. We studied medicine together at the same university and we are now both of Edinburgh.

### Final expressions

- 1 A: Come back to the house! I have a present for you!  
 B: Thanks, I'll do my best.  
 C: See you later, Bye!
- 3 D: I'm not.  
 E: Great news! It doesn't matter.  
 F: Didn't expect!
- 5 G: Have a good weekend!  
 H: Mindful know who else are you going to do something special?  
 I: We're going to a wedding.  
 J: Good luck!
- 8 K: Goodbye! Don't worry!  
 L: Thank you! What you when I went?  
 M: See you again soon!  
 N: I have a present for you.  
 O: See you! Bye!  
 P: I'm not to say thank you.  
 Q: That's no good at all!
- 10 R: Bye! And thanks for everything!  
 S: It was a pleasure. See you later!

# Grammar Reference

## UNIT 1

### ► 1.1 am/are/is

I	is am	You
You	is are	We/They
We/They	are	These/Those
It	is	That/This

### ► 1.2 Questions with question words

What's your name?  
Where's a toilet?  
How are you?

### ► 1.3 Possessive adjectives

My name's John.  
What's your name?

### ► 1.4 Plural nouns

Some nouns add -s.
book → books
computer → computers
library → libraries
Some nouns add -es.
girlfriend → girlfriends
bus → buses

## UNIT 2

### ► 2.1 am/are/is

The man	
Teacher (man)	from England a student
He's (he)	She's (she)
It is (it)	A computer
They're (they)	in Britain interesting

### ► 2.2 Possessive adjectives

His name's John.  
What's her name?  
My name's Ahmed.  
What's your name?

► Is = possessive adjective  
Is it mine? Yes, it is. No, it isn't.

My name. His name. Her name. His book.  
Is it yours?

### ► 2.3 Questions with question words

Where	are you? in the at the	Is it?
What	's your (the your) 's her (the her)	Is it?

### ► 2.4 am/are/is

The (an)	
Teacher (man)	from England a student
He's (he)	She's (she)
It is (it)	A computer

## UNIT 3

### 3.1 Possessives

#### Properties

I	Is this your pen?	A jacket. These shoes are mine. This book is not mine.
He She It	Is it his/hers? Is it yours?	

Use the questions and short answers:

Are you married?	You, I am. We/I am not.
Is she a teacher?	She, she is. She/he isn't.
Is he English?	He, he is. He/it isn't.
Is it your jacket?	You/We are. You/We aren't.

### 3.2 Verb tenses

#### Past tense

I	Swam	
He She It	Ran	Swam the lake.
You We They	Swam	

#### Present tense

I	Swim	
He She It	Swims	Swims.
You We They	Swim	

Questions with question words:

What	Is your jacket in my suitcase? Is his phone missing?
Where	Are your keys? Is the house? Are they here?
How old	Are you? Are they?

#### Adverbs

John Mason  
10, ABBAY Road, Broad  
011597 456720

From Japan

On 20  
From 8 and 10

Use the questions:

Do	Be Are It	Subject?
Are	Be Are It	Question?

#### Short answers

Yes, he is.  
No, she isn't.  
No, it is.  
  
Yes, I am.  
No, we aren't.  
No, they aren't.

## UNIT 4

### 4.1 Possessive adjectives

His	His His His His	mine yours ours theirs
-----	--------------------------	---------------------------------

### 4.2 Possessive 's

#### 1 Irregular possessives

She is Alice. She is his son.  
This is Alice. This is her son.

Her house → David's house  
Her name → David's wife's name

#### 2 To make the plural form of 's:

My → My  
His → His  
Its → Its  
Whose → Whose

### 4.3 Plural nouns

#### 1 Most nouns add -s or -es to the plural:

Pen → Pens  
Book → Books  
Chair → Chairs

#### 2 Some nouns end in -s, -es, -es or -es/-ies -s:

Key → Keys  
Glasses → Glasses  
Dictionary → Dictionaries

#### 3 Some nouns are irregular:

Man → Men  
Woman → Women  
Child → Children

### 4.4 Have/has

#### Have/Has irregular verb:

I	Have	a good job.
He She It	Has	



## UNIT 7

### ► 7.1 Question words

Look at the questions with the answers.

What?	A banana	What?	A pen
Where?	In the kitchen	Where?	In the bag
What colour?	Yellow	How many?	Two
What?	Food	How much?	£1
Where?	In London	Why?	Because

### ► 7.2 Possessives

Look at the subject and object pronouns and the possessive adjectives.

National pronouns	I	You	He	We	It	They	She
Object pronouns	me	you	him	us	it	them	her
Possessive adjectives	my	your	his	our	its	their	her

### ► 7.3 this/that

We use this to refer to things near to us.

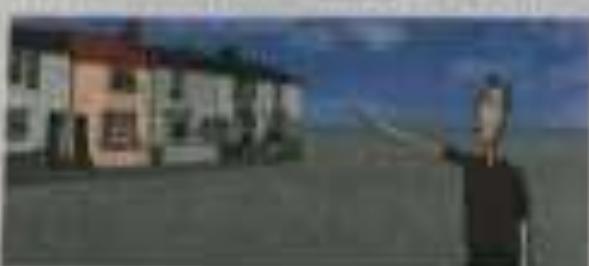


This is my brother.



This is my sandwich.

We use that to refer to things that are further away.



That's my house.



I don't like that car.

## UNIT 8

### ► 8.1 There is / There are

Positive:

There is a sofa in the living room.

There is a chair here.

Show me your CD player. I don't know.

Negative:

There isn't a TV.

There aren't any photos.

Questions:

Is there a TV in the kitchen?

Are there any vegetables on the table?

How many CDs are there?

### ► 8.2 some and any

We use some for positive statements.

There are some books.

We use any for questions and negatives.

Does he have any CDs?

There aren't any photos.

Show me some CDs. I don't know. Show me some fruit.

## UNIT 9

### ► 9.1 Past tense

Use past tense for the past time of actions.

	Past	
I	walked	
You	walked	past tense
We/They	walked	

past

I	walked	past
You	walked	at home

negative

I	walked	at home last weekend
You	walked	at school yesterday

Questions

Where were you yesterday?  
Who ate at school? (He, she was / We, she was)

► Past continuous with 'was', 'not' and 'but'.

Where were you busy? NOT Where were you busy  
He was busy in Russia. He is busy in Russia

### ► 9.2 Past Simple – irregular verbs

Many common verbs are irregular. See the list of irregular verbs on p161.

Past	—	Past
arrive	arrived	
go	went	
have	had	
make	made	
say	said	
think	thought	
use	used	
write	wrote	

## UNIT 10

### ► 10.1 Past Simple positive

Regular verbs add -ed to the base form.

Play	Played
Run	Run
Sing	Sing
Swim	Swim
Stop	Stop

### ► 10.2 Past Simple negative

Use 'not' or 'didn't' before the verb.

► The verb 'to be' needs 'be' or 'was/were'.

I	was	Visited in the winter weekend by my best friends.
---	-----	---

### ► 10.3 Past Simple questions and negatives

► Present simple: → **Did** you **do**?  
What time does he usually get up?  
What time did he get up yesterday?

Questions with question words:

Where	did	I	was
-------	-----	---	-----

negative

I	was	didn't	go shopping over the time
---	-----	--------	------------------------------

Final questions and short answers:

Did they play football?	Yes, they did.
Did you have a good time?	No, I didn't.

## ► 11.1 can

Question

I can swim. You can't.	can	can't swim. You can.
------------------------------------	-----	-------------------------------

Negative

I can swim. You can't.	can't	Swim without your gloves.
------------------------------------	-------	------------------------------------

Questions with negative answers

Can you swim?	Yes, I can.	Can't swim.
Can you swim?	No, I can't.	I can't swim.
How many times can you swim?	Five.	Five times? No, I can't.

Final questions and short answers

Can you swim?	Yes, I can.
Can you swim?	No, I can't.

## ► 11.2 Modal verbs

- Can is a modal verb. We don't say decisions about can, can't, can't etc.
- |                           |     |                              |
|---------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| Can you swim?             | NOT | Swim without<br>your gloves. |
| You can't swim.           | NOT | You can't swim.              |
| You can't swim because... | NOT | You can't swim<br>because... |
| You can't swim.           | NOT | You can't swim.              |

## ► 11.3 Adverbs

- Adverbs give more information about verbs:
 

go fast	slowly	good, beautifully
---------	--------	-------------------
- Answer the word where:
 

You speak English well.	NOT	New words and English are easier for me.
We didn't have time.	NOT	We didn't have time.
- Regular adverbs end in -ly:
 

Adjective → Adverb		
boring	boringly	
beautiful	beautifully	
slow	slowly	
careful	carefully	
naughty	naughtily	
- Some adverbs are irregular:
 

Adjective → Adverb		
good	well	
fast	fast	
late	late	
early	early	
hard	hard	

## ► 11.1 would like

- 1 We can use would like to talk about things we like.

I would like to eat ice-cream.	ice-cream
--	-----------

- 2 We can use would like to offer things.

I would like to eat ice-cream.	ice-cream
--	-----------

- 3 Could at the questions:

Would you like a cup of tea? Yes, please.  
Would you like a cup of coffee? No, thank you.  
We can use could like, not want, to be polite.  
1) We're going to go to the park.  
2) We're going to go to the park.

- 4 We can use would like + verb to ask for things.

Would you like the jacket to be longer?  
What would you like to eat?

## ► 11.2 some and any

- We can compare quantities with some.

I like bananas. You like	some	chicken chicken chicken
--------------------------------	------	-------------------------------

- 5 We can use any in questions:

I like ice-cream. Do you have any ice-cream?	any	ice-cream ice-cream ice-cream
---	-----	-------------------------------------

- 6 We can use any in negations:

There isn't any bread. There aren't any books.	any	bread books
---	-----	----------------

- 7 We can use some when we refer to things or ask for things.

Would you like some bread?	some	bread
-------------------------------	------	-------

## ► 11.3 like and would like

- 1 We can like and use likes to talk about things we always like.

I like coffee. (I like coffee every morning.)

We like swimming in summer.

What do you like doing at the weekend?

- 2 We can use would like to talk about things we might like in future.

I'd like a cup of tea. (I want a cup of tea now or soon.)

It's hot. We'd like to go swimming.

What would you like to do tonight?

## ► 13.1 Present Continuous

Speaker	Answer	
1	am	
2	is	
3	are	
4	am	
5	is	
6	are	

working

Speaker	Answer	
1	is	
2	are	
3	is	
4	are	
5	is	
6	are	

working

Questions with quantifying words

Speaker	Answer	
1	one	
2	two men	
3	three	
4	four hours	
5	in the morning	
6	at 8:00	

working?

Yes/No questions and short answers

Are you working now?	Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Is she reading a newspaper?	Yes, she is. No, she isn't.

## ► 13.2 Present Simple and Present Continuous

- 1 We use the Present Simple to talk about actions that are typical of time or a long time.

They **read** French texts.There **are** forests.My father **works** in a bank.I **get up** at 7:00 every day.She **doesn't understand** French.

- 2 We use the Present Continuous to talk about actions that last a short time. The actions are happening now.

I usually wear jeans, but today I'm **wearing** a suit.

I'm speaking French to that man. (We point French &amp; say well)

It's raining.

They're **swimming**.

## ► 14.1 Future plans

Questions

Tom Sarah Hir Matt Mike Willya	going to France going back next week going to Canada
---	--

Tom Sarah Hir Matt Mike Willya	going to the Washington Hotel have a break for the day then go for a walk
---	--

Statements

Mike Sarah Mike Mike	going to France tomorrow France going back
-------------------------------	--

Mike Sarah	on the plane	OK
---------------	--------------	----

## Word list

There is a list of names of  
the ones entitled to the rents  
of their houses. This depends

### ANSWER

卷之三

三

卷之三

卷之三

卷之三

about 5000 others  
and 100000  
immigrants with  
nothing but "nothing".  
about 100000  
others with "nothing".

4-2020-07-09

Australia = Австралия  
Brazil = Бразилия  
Canada = Канада  
China = Китай  
Egypt = Египет  
England = Англия  
France = Франция  
Germany = Германия  
India = Индия  
Japan = Япония  
Russia = Россия  
Spain = Испания  
United Kingdom = Великобритания

#### • **Thermometer** 1...等温

卷之三

UNIT 3

Greenbacker & Greenbacker  
Hilfiker & Hilfiker  
Horn & Horn  
Hundley & Hundley  
Huppner & Huppner  
Kerry & Kerry  
Makley & Makley  
Mann & Mann  
Mendel & Mendel  
Nied & Nied  
Perry & Perry & Perry  
Reed & Reed  
Schoen & Schoen

UNIT 4

is best to let you  
know about it before you  
go to work.

book manager is "book  
bank" or library.

book stand is "book stand"  
long and high.

book press board  
bookcase used to store books  
commute with "commute"  
distance =  $\sqrt{d^2 + h^2}$

college is "university".

Come out "come over"  
competitive in "competition".

converting is "conversion".

country = "country".

creativity goes to "creativity".

dataset may be "dataset".

date =  $\pi r^2$ .

difficult is "difficult".

double =  $\pi r^2$ .

empty and "empty".

face = "face".

family is "family".

final is "final".

fire = "fire".

franchise is "franchise".

good and "good".

goal = "goal".

good and "good".

house = "house".

home is "home".

husband is "husband".

idea = "idea".

language is "language".

last and "last".

law with "law".

math and "math".

maths and "maths".

memory is "memory".

opposite is "opposite".

UNIT 3

Arabia or Arabia  
Asia and Asia  
Europe or Europe  
Africa or Africa  
France (or France)  
Russia - Russia  
Australia and Australia  
China or China  
Brazil - Brazil  
USA or USA  
England and England  
Italy or Italy  
Brazil or Brazil  
Japan and Japan  
South America or South America  
Africa or Africa  
Europe or Europe  
Asia or Asia  
Australia or Australia  
Africa or Africa  
Russia or Russia  
Brazil or Brazil  
Europe or Europe  
Asia or Asia  
Africa or Africa  
Australia or Australia  
Europe or Europe  
Asia or Asia  
Africa or Africa

七

and their wife (A.F. Mac-  
millan and wife) were  
members of the group.  
An example of the usual  
method followed by the committee  
was that of a man  
known as "Billie"  
that is now  
described with his name  
described as "W.M. Billie"  
W.M. Billie was a man  
that only had  
one or two  
names in those  
books or lists  
that is usual.

卷之三



UNIT 9

get a job  
gather a crowd  
back to back  
bottleneck n. /bɒtleneɪk/  
bony n. /bəʊni/  
Canadian adj. /kænədiən/  
charity shop n. /tʃærɪti/ /ʃɒp/  
collected adj. /kəlæktd/  
dark adj. /dɑːk/  
decide v. /dɪsəd/  
dinner adj. /dɪnər/  
display n. /dɪplɔɪ/  
distance adj. /dɪstəns/  
dive n. /daɪv/  
dry cleaner n. /draɪ/ /klaɪnər/  
Egyptian n. /ɪgjɪptɪən/  
fix v. /fɪks/  
glitter n. /glɪtər/  
go v. /gəʊ/  
good time /gʊd/ /taɪm/  
grandfather n. /grændfɑːfər/  
grandmother n. /grændmʌðər/  
gripe n. /grɪp/  
happy birthday /hæpi/ /θeɪrdeɪ/  
horrible adj. /hɔːribl/  
homework n. /həʊmwɜːk/  
hustle adj. /hʌstl/

Months of the year  
January = January  
February = February  
March = March  
April = April  
May = May  
June = June  
July = July  
August = August  
September = September  
October = October  
November = November  
December = December

student numbers  
first and four  
second and twelve  
third and eight  
fourth and nine  
fifth and one  
sixth and twelve  
seventh and twenty  
eighth and nine  
ninth and twenty  
tenth and nine  
eleventh and eleven  
twelfth and twelve  
thirteenth and fifteen  
fourteenth and thirteen  
fifteenth and fifteen  
sixteenth and sixteen  
seventeenth and seventeen

卷之三

卷之三

UNIT 12

wood + wood  
various w/ firs  
tops + firs  
wood + firs  
over + firs  
old growth + old growth  
white tail  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth  
various + firs  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth  
old growth

JNUT 13

actions w/ /actions/  
empty self /empty/  
experience n. /experiencem/  
experience v. /experience/  
at the moment can be known  
books n. /books/  
bored self /bored/  
bring v. /bring/  
built v. /built/  
business n. /business/  
city v. /city/  
city n. /city/  
choose v. /choose/  
country house n. /countryhouse/  
do well /do well/  
dream n. /dream/  
end self /end/  
especially self /especially/  
expressive n. /expressive/  
exist self /exist/  
family n. /family/  
goes v. /goes/  
happening n. /happening/  
have-a-look v. /havealook/  
housewife n. /housewife/  
helping v. /helping/  
homeland n. /homeland/  
hostel n. /hostel/  
hungry self /hungry/  
jew v. /jew/  
love v. /love/  
open v. /open/  
planned self /planned/  
prior self /prior/  
private plane n. /privatiplane/  
public transport n.  
/publictransport/

UNIT 14

South Africa = (south Africa)  
Switzerland = (switzerland)  
Switzerland = (switzerland)

# Pairwork pages

## ► UNIT 1 pair

### PRACTICE

#### Cities and countries

3. Work with a partner.

- Student A: Look at the photos on p14.  
Student B: Look at the photos on this page.  
Ask questions and write the answers.

What's her name?  
Where's she from?

What's his name?  
Where's he from?



**PRACTICE****Two different rooms**

3 Work with a partner.

Student A Look at the picture on page ...

Student B Look at the picture on this page.



Your pictures are different. Talk about them to find differences.

In my picture, there's a ...

In my picture, there are 1 or ...

Is there a ...?

Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.



# Irregular verbs

Base form	Past Simple	Base form	Past Simple
be	were/were	lose	lost
begin	began	make	made
bring	brought	mean	meant
build	built	need	needed
buy	bought	pay	paid
call	called	put	put
catch	caught	read /read	read /read
come	came	ride	rode
cost	cost	run	ran
do	did	say	said
draw	drove	see	saw
drink	drank	sell	sold
drive	drove	send	sent
eat	ate	shy	shy
feel	felt	sing	sang
find	found	speak	spoke
fly	flew	spell	spelt
forget	forgot	spend	spent
get	got	stand	stood
give	gave	swim	swam
go	went	take	took
have	had	teach	taught
hear	heard	think	thought
know	knew	understand	understood
learn	learnt/trained	wear	wore
leave	left	win	won

# Phonetic symbols

## Consonants

1	/p/	as in	pet /pet/
2	/b/	as in	bag /bag/
3	/t/	as in	too /tu:/
4	/d/	as in	do /du:/
5	/k/	as in	cat /kat/
6	/g/	as in	get /get/
7	/f/	as in	four /fu:/
8	/v/	as in	very /'veri/
9	/w/	as in	want /wɔnt/
10	/r/	as in	warm /wɔ:m/
11	/θ/	as in	the /θe:/
12	/ð/	as in	my /mai/
13	/ɹ/	as in	new /nu:ɹ/
14	/h/	as in	happy /'hepi/
15	/ŋ/	as in	sad /sæd/
16	/j/	as in	yes /jɛs/
17	/w/	as in	want /wənt/
18	/θə/	as in	thanks /θæks/
19	/ðə/	as in	the /ðe:/
20	/ʃ/	as in	she /ʃi:/
21	/ʒ/	as in	television /'telɪvɪʒn/
22	/dʒ/	as in	child /tʃɪld/
23	/dʒɒ/	as in	German /'dʒɜ:mən/
24	/dʒɔ/	as in	English /'dʒɔ:ŋɡlɪʃ/

## Vowels

25	/i:/	as in	see /si:/
26	/ɪ/	as in	big /bɪg/
27	/e:/	as in	heavy /'hevɪ/
28	/ɛ/	as in	key /keɪ/
29	/ə/	as in	big /bɪg/
30	/ʊ/	as in	fallen /'fɔ:ln/
31	/u:/	as in	foot /fu:/
32	/o:/	as in	morning /'mɔ:nɪŋ/
33	/ɔ:/	as in	football /'fʊtbɔ:l/
34	/əʊ/	as in	noon /nʊn/
35	/a:/	as in	want /wɔ:nt/
36	/aʊ/	as in	laugh /laʊf/
37	/əʊ/	as in	letter /'letə/

## Diphthongs (two vowels together)

38	/eɪ/	as in	make /meɪk/
39	/aɪ/	as in	see /sɪ:/
40	/aʊ/	as in	say /seɪ/
41	/aʊ/	as in	bone /boʊn/
42	/əʊ/	as in	boy /bɔ:y/
43	/əʊ/	as in	soar /sɔ:ə/
44	/ɔɪ/	as in	where /hɔ:ə/
45	/ɔɪ/	as in	noise /noɪs/